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# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

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LIBRARY BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. XXV NO. 34 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

# Referendum On Office Issue

## JAWAHAR'S TRIUMPHAL MARCH TO BOMBAY

### Rousing Reception Everywhere

### Congress President's Warning To T. U. C. Leaders

### Crushing Rejoinder To Jinnah's Tirade Against Congress Muslims

**The triumphal march of the Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, which commenced early on Tuesday morning, when he addressed a mammoth meeting at far off Malegaon, concluded at midnight on Tuesday, when thousands of men women and children of Bombay listened to him at Dadar, that being his fifteenth speech of the day.**

**Addressing fifteen meetings within sixteen hours covering a hundred-mile election front is a record, but it is nothing new to the young President of the Congress, who has always been on the move from the day the Faizpur Session of the Congress concluded.**

Travelling forty miles an hour, addressing meetings each lasting for more than half an hour, a cup of tea in between—this has been the time-table of the "Rashtriapathi" since early morning till late at night on Tuesday.

Thousands of men, women and children gathered at every one of the meeting, at least an hour before the scheduled time and waited patiently for the arrival of the Congress President. After his speech, the President was allowed to proceed to the next meeting, without any rush or crush from the audience. It was a remarkable sight to see thousands and thousands, most of them Kisans from far off villages, squatting and eagerly awaiting the President.

Despite a weary day and a bad sore throat Pandit Jawaharlal did not spare himself a minute from the mission of carrying the message of the Congress to every nook and corner. He addressed a mammoth meeting of the citizens of Bombay at Dadar. Nearly ten thousand people had gathered. The President arrived half an hour late, but the audience was in full enthusiasm for the darshan of the Congress President.

### *CIVIC ADDRESS AT THANA*

Pandit Jawaharlal who was accompanied by Sjt. Achut Patwardhan on behalf of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, reached Thana by Car, half an hour later than the scheduled time. More than ten thousand people, who had begun to gather from seven in the evening, and many of whom had come from surrounding villages, heard the speech of the Congress President with rapt attention.

He was presented with a Municipal Address and garland on behalf of more than 25 organisations. The reception accorded to him was magnificent.

Then came Ghatkopar, which beat all its previous records in the reception it accorded to Pandit Jawaharual Nehru. The whole town was agog since early morning. Six arches had been erected There was electric light decorations all through the route, and the Municipal Building was a blaze of lights. After the Municipal Address the Congress President was profusely garlanded. He addressed the large gathering for exactly three minutes and proceeded to Kurla, where nearly ten thousand people were squatting on the ground listening to the speech of Mr. B.G. Kher. After two minutes address here, he rushed to the Dadar meeting, where almost all the Congress candidates from the City and the Suburbs were present. There were nearly four thousand women at this meeting, where he addressed for nearly an hour.

REPLY TO CRITICS.

Replying to the Critics of the Congress, Panditji said "Why not you come in and join the Congress and convert it to your view. Till then carry out the Majority view. That is what I have been doing. I have got differences with the Congress. I am trying to convert it to my view. I am not running away from the Congress, because my views are not wholly acceptable."

Special loud speaker arrangements were made at all the meetings by the Chicago Radio Company.

### Rousing Reception And Civic Addresses

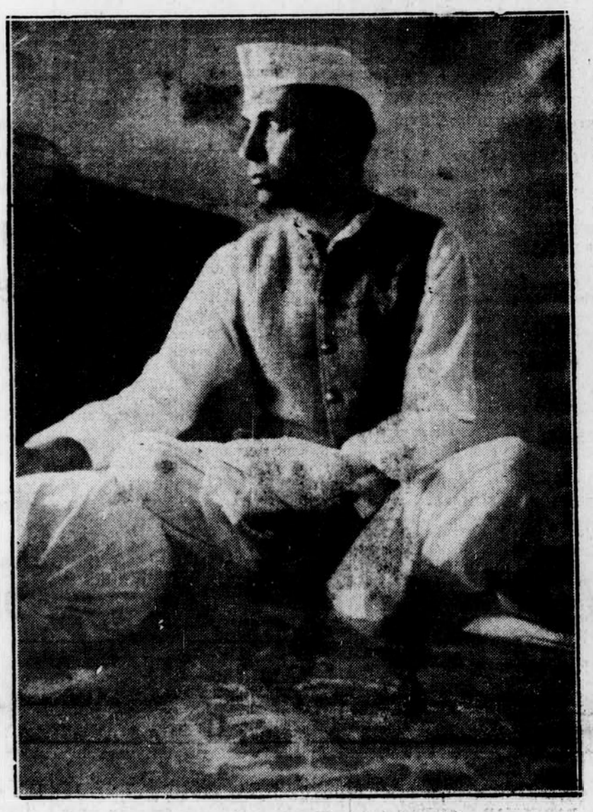
The open Maidan behind the Municipal Offices at Thana had been specially enclosed for the Congress election meeting which was addressed by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. Besides the local leaders, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Messrs. K. F. Nariman, Nagindas Master and S. K. Patil had arrived to receive the Congress President. There was a specially erected Rostrum, from where the President addressed a gathering of ten thousand people.

Mr. W. A. Rege, the President of the Thana Municipality read the address of welcome on behalf of the Municipality, after the President had been profusely garlanded.

HONOUR THE CONGRESS.

In replying to the Municipal

(Continued on page 7 Col. 6).



## Congressman Breaks Polling Record

### Prospects Of Congress Victory In U. P.

(From A Correspondent.)

MUTTRA, February 9.

Acharya Jugal Kishore, Congress candidate secured seventy per cent of votes defeating Rai Bahadur Jumnaprasad Chaudhari. Shivamangal Singh, Congress candidate is leading by 10,000 votes, defeating Rai Bahadur Girwar Singh and Messrs Komalprasad and Jaswant Singh. The last two forfeit securities.

The Rai Bahadur might also forfeit his.

Prof. Kishanchand (Congress) leading by 6,000 thousand votes defeating Rai Sahib Govind Dass and Mr. Digpal Singh. The latter forfeits security.

The people reached polling booths on foot from distant villages, singing national songs and shouting national slogans with national flags of their own accord.

### *NO NEED FOR COALITION*

#### *Absolute Majority For Congress In U. P. Assembly?*

LUCKNOW, Feb. 9.

The general election in the United Provinces has not been without its surprises. Further reports received from the districts of the Provinces reveal an absolute majority for the Congress candidates in the Lower House consisting of 228 seats, thus dispensing with the necessity of entering into coalition with the Muslim League.

Although the counting of votes commences to-morrow, several prominent sitting Taluqdar members met with reverses at the polls.

Rai Rajeshwar Bali, a leading Taluqdar of Oudh and ex-Minister of the United Provinces Government, is likely to be unseated by Mr. Krishnanand Khare, a Congress candidate, in the Barabanki district.

The Congress also expects to capture all seats in Muttra, Gorakhpore, Unao, Raibareli and Partabgarh districts, the latter two being the stronghold of Taluqdars of Oudh and National Agriculturist Party candidates.

SOCIALIST SUCCESS

Acharya Narendra Deo, Socialist Leader, is reported to have given a crushing defeat to Raja Mohanmanucha, a National Agriculturist Party candidate, in the Sitapur constituency.

Acharya Jugal Kishore, is reported to have led by several thousand votes, his rival being Rai Bahadur Jamunaprasad, a candidate in Muttra district.

Among the prominent successful Muslim Congressmen is Dr. Asharar of the Foreign Department of the All-India Congress Committee from the Muttra constituency.

In the Mirzapur-cum-Chunar Tehsil constituency the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram is likely to be defeated by Mr. Vishram Singh, a Congress nominee.—United Press.

### *ABSOLUTE MAJORITY FOR CONGRESS IN C. P.?*

#### *Move For Provincial Convention*

**NAGPUR CITY, February 9.**

**It is understood that a Provincial Convention of the Congress Members elected to the local Assembly and Members of the Provincial Congress Committee will be held in Nagpur at the beginning of March, to determine the attitude the Province should take towards the question of Office Acceptance.**

**ABSOLUTE MAJORITY**

**It is expected that, in a House**

(Continued on page 11 Col. 6.)

### FOR REJECTION OF INDIA ACT

**President Calls For Views Of Provinces On "Office" Question**

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 9.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has circularised all provincial Congress committtees asking them to send their recommendations to the A.I.C.C. on the question of office acceptance before the meeting of the A.I.C.C. in the third week of March.

He points out that in accordance with the Congress resolution Provincial Congress Committees are supposed to consult the District Committees before making their recommendation in order to have a large body of opinion of the rank and file of the Congress.

He adds:—"These recommendations obviously should bear in mind and fit in with the general Congress policy governing the new Act as embodied in the Congress resolutions and the Congress Election Manifesto.

TO PUSH UP REJECTION.

Brief replies in the positive or negative will not be very helpful. A reasoned recommendation should be sent outlining the line of action to be taken by Congress members of the legislatures to further our policy of rejection of the Act as a whole and to impede the further development of the Federal scheme. This policy has to be an All-India one. It should deal with specific instances of the Congress having an absolute majority in the provincial assembly, a doubtful majority on roughly a fifty-fifty basis and a minority.

If all these considerations are borne in mind and discussed, the recommendations will help both the A.I.C.C. and the public generally in coming to right conclusions.

It should always be remembered that the question is one of larger policy and not merely one of local significance."—A. P.

### *ELECTION RESULTS AND METHODS*

#### *Congress President Calls For Information From Provinces*

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 9.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has circularized all Provincial Congress Committees to suppply at an early date to the A.I.C.C.:—

(1) A full list of successful Congress candidates in the Provincial Assemblies with their addresses, whether any of them are members of the A.I.C.C.;

(2) Full election results of the Provinces giving the total voting strength of each constituency, the actual votes cast and party affiliation of candidates. The list should include all candidates, Congress and non-Congress and should be for both Houses of the Provincial Legislatures;

(3) Details of official interference, of which particular instances should be given if possible;

(4) A report on the kind of polling officers appointed, misbehaviour on the part of polling or presiding officers—instances to be given in detail;

(5) The attitude of the executive and police officers on the polling day;

(6) Any orders, such as Sec. 144 I.P.C. on the polling day or previously;

(7) Any particular incident on the polling day or during the election campaign;

(8) A report on interference on the part of agents of big Zemindars or threats held out to tenants;

(9) A report on lost elections and the kind of propaganda carried on by Congress candidates and their opponents and

(10) Any relevant information relating to this election campaign.—A. P.

## *Govt. V. The Rest*

### Even Europeans Walk Into The Opposition Lobby

### DAY OF SURPRISES IN ASSEMBLY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, February 9.

**Two interesting divisions, and the spectacle of Sir Mahomed Yakub on the war-path gave some colour to to-day's dull proceedings of the Assembly.**

**Though technically Government won the day, theirs was certainly not a moral victory. In the first division over the changes in the Legislative rules, Government found themselves severely alone for all elected members present, both Indian and European walked into the opposite lobby and voted against the Government.**

**This is probably the second time in the history of the present Assembly when the European group joined opposition members in voting against the Government. As the amendment sponsored by the European Gronp asked for no more than the right to give notice of postponement of questions during the question-hour instead of before the question-hour as conceded by the Law Member, a good deal surprise was expressed in the lobby over the Government's obstinate refusal.**

**Voting on Mr. A. C. Dutt's motion to refer the income-tax bill to the Select Committee which was subject of two-hour debate showed that all elected Indian members voted against the Government.**

**Another interesting feature of to-day's proceedings was Sir Henry Craik's speech introducing the Civil Procedure Code Amending Bill which showed that in matter exemption of salary from attachment, Government were prepared to go on much further than even the Select Committee. For once Mr. Joshi discovered that he and Home Member were on common ground.**

### EUROPEANS & ELECTED INDIANS VOTE TOGETHER

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

In the Assembly to-day, after questions, the debate on Sir Leslie Hudson's amendment to the new Rules relating to interpellations was continued.

Sir Leslie Hudson's amendment to the effect that unanswered questions shall become unstarred if the member making the question has not, before the questions are disposed of, signified his desire to postpone the question.

Sir Mahomed Yakub and Messrs. Lalchand Navalrai, Joshi and A C Dutt supported the amendment, arguing that the new Rule without this amendment would interfere with the right of supplementary questions.

Assurance Given.

Sir N N Sircar reiterated his assurance that it was not the desire of Government, nor was it intended by the Rules, to affect the right to ask supplementary questions. The Amendment was pressed to a division and lost by thirty-one to eighteen votes. This was the fourth division of the session and was remarkable for the fact that the Europeans and elected Indians voted to gether.

The last Amendment to the new Rules, also moved by Sir Leslie Hudson, was accepted by Government. Thisaltered sub-rule six so that if any question is not answere within the time available, the member to whom the question is addressed shall on the same day (instead of the next available day) lay down (repeat on the same day instead of the next available day) lay upon the table a written reply. The new Rules as amended were then adopted.—A P.

### *INCOME-TAX AMENDMENT BILL*

NEW DELHI, February 9.

Mr. A. H. Lloyd moved the consideration of the Income-tax Amendment Bill designed to put an end to the avoidance of taxation by means of nominal partnerships between husband and wife or parent and minor child, or by nominal transfer of assets to wife or minor child (or to an association consisting of husband and wife) when there is no substantial separation of interests of the assessee and the wife or child By relating actual cases which had come to the notice of tax authorities, Mr. Lloyd illustrated to the House the type of situation which the Bill sought to avoid

NO NEW PRINCIPLE

Mr. Lloyd quoted the opinion of a recent tax enquiry report and said that they had singled out this particular matter for immediate treatment because the avoidance of taxation under cover of the law was widespread and the matter was extremely urgent. He estimated that there would be an increase of at least twenty lakhs of rupees in the tax yield for the first year.

Mr. Lloyd said that Government were not introducing any new principle and if a vital principle were involved Government would consult public opinion before taking action.

MOTION FOR SELECT COMMITTEE

Mr. A. C. Datta moved an amendment urging the House to refer the Bill to a Select Committee with instructions to report by February 15 or, if necessary, even earlier. The speaker had no quarrel with the principle underlying the Bill, but felt that the principle explained in the statement of objects and reasons were in several respects over-emphasised in the provisions of the Bill. He enumerated numerous cases where the proposed measure would prove hard and in the Select Committee they would be able to discuss fully and smoothen out the more rigorous provisions to a great extent, and at the same time achieve the purpose they had in view.

Sir Yamin Khan wholeheartedly supported the motion for reference of the Bill to a Select Committee.

EUROPEAN SUPPORT

Rising amidst cheers from both officials and non-officials, Mr. A. Aikman (European Group) delivered his maiden speech. He said that avoidance of taxation, though legally effected, might be contrary to the intentions of the Law, but as avoidance was becoming widespread it was necessary to amend existing legislation. In such cases the European Group were anxious to support the Finance Member. The Bill, he continued, endeavoured to prevent abuses of the tax, but the provisions would appear to go beyond a simple effort to

(Continued on page 8 Col. 2).

# TABULATED ADLETS
# ONE Anna Per Word
# Minimum Re. 1.

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

**ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No ..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

**BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

### 8. MATRIMONIAL.

**Wanted educated cultured Bania** youth for Bania girl aged 18, of Rich Family. Apply Box No. 7735, "Bombay Chronicle."

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted Court Clerk in Attorneys Office. Apply Box No. 7732, "Bombay Chronicle."**

**Wanted—Hindu Clerks for Up**country shop. Must be married and accustomed to European costume. Apply Box No. 7734, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted qualified and Experienced** Nurses (B. P. N. A.) for Sir Waghji Hospital. Apply with copies of testimonials to Dr. D. C. Oza, M.B., B.S., Chief Medical Officer, Morvi. (4839)

**Wanted Branch Managers, Steno**graphers, Clerks, Salesmen peons, Bank Clerks for cotton firm. Apply personally, Goldwyn. Low-Bow (India) Co., Forbes Street, opp. Greaves Cotton, Bombay (Guzrathis preferred). (7731).

**Wanted from 1st June a Lady** Superintendent for the Alexandra Girls' English Institution, Bombay. Grade Rs. 300—20—500, starting salary according to qualifications. Benefit of Provident fund. Must be a Graduate and should also possess a teaching degree or diploma of an Indian or British University. Teaching and administrative experience desirable. Probation for one year. Applications to reach the undersigned before the 31st March, 1937. P. A. Wadia, Hon. Secretary, Hormazd Villa, Bombay 6. (7733)

**Wanted a lady teacher, knowing** Gujarati with high academic qualifications for the Sarvajanik High School for Girls, Surat. The scale of salary is 150—10—250. One with previous experience and high qualifications may be given a higher start than the minimum within the scale. Apply before 1st March, 1937, stating age, qualifications and teaching and administrative experience to the Hon. Secretary, S. E. Society, Surat. (4604).

**Wanted Branch Managers, Steno**graphers, Clerks, Salesmen peons, Bank Clerks for cotton firm. Apply personally, Goldwyn Low-Bow (India) Co., Forbes Street, opp. Greaves Cotton, Bombay. (7731)

**Wanted—A full trained Nurse with** at-least three years' experience. Apply:—Calico Mills Hospital, Ahmedabad. (4820)

**Wanted—Engineering Graduates** or qualified upper Subordinates for temporary posts of Surveyors on Zankri River Irrigation Project for a period of six months on Rs. 80 p.m. Applications should reach the Undersigned on or before the 1st of March 1937 stating age, qualifications and previous experience. S. G. Vaishnav for Chief Engineer, Baroda State. (4843)

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted an LL.B. to teach Con**stitutional Law to a student. Pay Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 7722, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted Matrics, Non-Matrics, Ty**pists, Lawyers, Engineers, Doctors, Graduates, Teachers, Overseers and Sub-Overseers to consult Hastings & Co., Fatehpuri, Delhi. (7724)

### 44. MEDICAL.

**Ankhi Khoosh Eye Drop, for sore,** inflamed watering eyes, styes, conjunctivitis (Ophthalmia). Recommended by All-India Blind Relief Association. Boon for students, motorists, cinema-goers. At Kemp, Thomson, and all Chemists. (7727)

**For Obstinate Skin Diseases—** Weeping eczema, Ringworm, Hongkong foot, Dhobi's itch, Barber's itch, blisters on toes, fingers, etc. use Skin-boone Lotion. At Kemp, Thomson Taylor and all chemists. (7728)

### 68. PARTNERSHIPS

**Advertiser will financially co**operate either with Bombay and up-country authors and publishers of rationalist and sexological literature and of educational textbooks, or with sole agents and managers for India of foreign publishers of books and periodicals of social and economic value. Please apply Box 7629, "Bombay Chronicle."

### 56. EDUCATIONAL.

**Posts Guaranteed to every Short**hand or typewriting student. Golden opportunity. Last date of joining 15th. Consult Brentford Shorthand School, 31, Forbes St., Bombay. (7737)

**Wanted Candidates to quality as** Sub-Engineers. Overseers through correspondence. British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (7698)

**For Expert Individual Training in** Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Accountancy; Join Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road. (7710)

### 123. FURNITURE.

**Gujarat Furniture Works for** "Quality Furniture" in modern style inspection cordially invited. Showroom and Factory, Charni Road, Girgaum. 'Phone: 25498. (7719)

### 154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

**For Sale—A Cocoanut Oil Mill in** Ceylon, for particulars, apply to The Edible Cocoanut Oil Co.; Ward Street, Kandy, Ceylon. (7701)

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The Bank will be CLOSED on MONDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 15th and 17th instant, those days being Public Holidays (GENERAL ELECTIONS TO THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

Bombay, 5th February 1937.
A. McCULLOCH.
Secretary & Treasurer.
4834.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

STORES DEPARTMENT.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of (a) 900 cwts. of lead Pig, (b) 376 Nos. of C. I. Pipes 3in. 43 Nos. of C. I. Pipes 5in., 2335 Nos. of C. I. Pipes 6in, 1319 Nos. of C. I. Pipes 9in., 550 Nos. of C. I. Pipes 12in., 212 Nos. of C. I. Pipes 18in. 3 Nos of C. I. Pipes 24in. and 850 Nos. of C. I. Pipes 30in. (c) 1 No. of C. I. Sluice valve 4in. 10 Nos. of C. I. Sluice valves 5in., 52 Nos. of C. I. Sluice valves 6in., 10 Nos. of C. I. Sluice valves 9in., 5 Nos. of C. I. Sluice valves 12in., and 2 Nos. of C. I. Sluice valves 18in., and (d) 257 Nos. of C.I.S.P. Hydrants, complete, and 6 Nos. of C. I. N. P. Hydrants, for delivery immediately on the acceptance of the tender.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) on Friday the 26th February, 1937, together with earnest money deposits of Rs. 1,000 in the case of (a), Rs. 15,000 in the case of (b), Rs. 500 in the case of (c), and Rs. 300 in the case of (d).

Tenders for each of the aforesaid classes must be enclosed in sealed envelopes which must be endorsed "Tenders for———."

The names of all the partners of the contracting firm must be specified in the tender.

Forms of contract, specifications &c. will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2 each per set.

By order the Municipal Commissioner.
(Sd.) A. P. SALDANHA.
Chief Storekeeper.
566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11.
9th February, 1937.
4860.

S. S. "MANTAI MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 9th February, 1937, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to he undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

N. MATSURA
Manager,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

## Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY No. 497 of 1936.

JUGMOHANDAS GHELABHAI SARAIYA, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Purshottam Terrace, Girgaum Back Road, formerly doing business on his own account as a Film producer at Dadar Main Road under the name & style of the "Sarla Cinetone" and also in partnership with Bachubhai Chakubhai Gosavi (Master Bachu) at the same place under the name and style of the 'Sentinel Cinetone' till September 1935 and since then Unemployed: An Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 16th March, 1937, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 8th day of February, 1937.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA.
Offg. Insolvency Registrar.
4857.

## Public Notices.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

The clients of our SANDHURST ROAD BRANCH and BHULESHWAR BRANCH are hereby informed that the said Branches will remain closed for business on MONDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 15th and 17th instant, on account of Public Holidays (General Elections to the Bombay Legislative Assembly), under the Negotiable Instruments Act.

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA.
Managing Director.
4859.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

25 share certificates Nos. 133710-34 of the above Company standing in the name of Mr. Shrilal Poddar are lost or mislaid. Any claim in respect of the said shares should be notified to the Office of the Company Sudama House Ballard Estate Bombay, within eight days otherwise duplicate certificates will be issued to the abovenamed.

NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.
4858.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the SPECIAL JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant, at 10-45 a.m. (S. T.).

A. G. GRAY,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 9th February, 1937.
(4861)

## Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration to the property and credits of MANGESHRAO VISHNUPANT PARULKAR, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, medical Practitioner, residing at the time of his death at 134, Mohan-Bagan, Hindu Colony, Dadar, outside the Fort of Bombay.

..... Deceased.

Bai MUKTABAI MANGESHRAO PARULKAR, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, widow of the deceased abovenamed, residing at 134, Mohan-Bagan, Hindu Colony, Dadar, without the Fort of Bombay, appointed under Judge's Order, dated the 22nd day of January, 1937, to apply for and obtain Letters of Administration to the property and credits of the abovenamed deceased for the use and benefit of the minor sons (1) Sharad Mangeshrao Parulkar, (2) Mohan Mangeshrao Parulkar and (3) Vasant Mangeshrao Parulkar and limited to the period till any of them attains majority. .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 8th day of February in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 8th day of February, 1937.
Messrs. GAGRAT & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
4855.

## Auction Sales

D. MISTRY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS,
6|12 Bruce Street, Fort.
Tel. No. 22801.

AUCTION SALE OF JACOBEAN AND MODERN FURNITURE, Harmonium, Gramophone, Wardrobes and dressing tables, carpet, wall clock, steel cabinet and safe, glass crockery, etc., TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), the 11th instant, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) at Kavarana Mansions, near New Marine Lines, off Queen's Road. On view.

D. MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

## Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE ON LOT NO. 6

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT NAGDEVI STREET.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1629 of 1936 (Bai Bibibai, widow of Habib Juma and others vs Mahomed Yusuf Habib Juma and others) pursuance to the directions contained in the Consent Decree dated the 2nd October, 1936 made in the said suit, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction the following properties on the day mentioned below:

LOT NO. 6 & 7.—(To-day) WEDNESDAY the 10th February, 1937, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:

LOT NO. 6.—All that piece of Perpetual Fazandari land with dwelling house situate at Nagdevi Street (formerly called Goolam Mohidin Dawji Street) containing by admeasurement 88 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Municipality under B Ward No. 230 formerly Street Nos. 120—122 but now Street Nos. 214—216 and bounded on the East by the Nagdevi Street, on the West by a Halalkhor's passage, on the North by the property of Sakur Ismail and on the South by the property of Hassam Makko.

LOT NO 7.—ALL that piece of Perpetual Fazandari land with the dwelling house situate at Nagdevi Road, containing by admeasurement 120 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Municipality under B Ward No. 360, Street Nos. 77-79 and bounded on the East by the property of Vandrawandas Purushottamdas, on the West by the Nagdevi Street, on the North by a common passage and on the South by the property of Astabai Balaji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Patel & Ezekiel, Attorneys for the Court Receiver, at Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, Hornby Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE MODERN-STYLE AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, G. E. C. KELVINATOR, ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SUNDAY, the 14th February, 1937, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at No. 6, "Rocky Hill," flats, Malabar Hill, valuable modern style furniture by Evans Fraser and Apollo Furnishing Co., such as dining table, to sit 10, sideboard, chains, dinner wagon and dumbwaiter to match, centre table, peg tables, full size drawing room Chesterfield suites with loose covers, show-cases, almyrahs, lady's dressing tables, chests of drawers revolving book-stands, marble-top tables, wooden bedsteads, lowchairs, bedroom chairs, teapoys, side-tables, etc.

The property of Major General E. W. C. Bradfield, I.M.S. and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view from Friday.

AUCTION SALE OF ALL THE STOCK-IN-TRADE, OUTSTANDINGS, GOODWILL ETC., OF THE SILVER-WARE SHOP KNOWN AS MESSRS. VITHALDAS & CO. IN ONE OR SEPARATE LOTS.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 425 of 1933 (Dhanji Vithal vs. Devdan Jiwabhai) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SATURDAY, the 13th February, 1937 at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises at Shaikh Memon Street and Opp. Mulji Jetha Market:—

All the silverware stock-in-trade of Messrs. Vithaldas & Co. such as flower-vases, race cups, powder boxes, bangles, mandalias, chugdas, buttons, Chinese and English purses, kandoras, sankalias, collars, flower-pots, trays, wine glass, photo frames, Chinese piganees, necklaces, champa jodis chains, ink-stands, etc. also the outstandings and goodwill, furniture etc. of the firm.

The above will be on view 2 days before the sale.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT WEST GAOTHAN, VILLE PARLE.

Under instructions from Mr. Cecil Bocarro and his wife Mary Anne Bocarro and on account and at the risk of Mr. John Sebastian D'Souza and in exercise of the powers contained in the Mortgage Deed dated the 27th July, 1931 and the Deed of further charge and further security dated the 16th October, 1934, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SUNDAY, the 14th February, 1937 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece or parcel of Gaothan land together with the building thereon, bearing Municipal No. 168, situated in the West Gaothan at Vile Parle and bearing City Survey No. 99, admeasuring about 298 square yards and City Survey No. 98 admeasuring about 96 square yards.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. J. R. Athaide, Advocate for the Mortgagees at his office at Hill Road, Bandra, or to Mr. Cecil Bocarro at No. 207-209 Girgaum Road, Bombay or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.


DRAWING PACKED HOUSES.....
2nd Glorious Week
EAST INDIA'S historical ROMANCE
DESH-DIWAN
OR
"BAGHI-SIPAHI"
AT
IMPERIAL CINEMA,
LAMINGTON ROAD.
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45 p.m.
To-morrow Being AMAS, Special Matinee at 2-30.

The Whole of Bombay IS HUMMING the delightful tunes from MASTER MODAK'S songs in
DESTINY
("HON-HAR")
KOLHAPUR CINETONE'S
MODERN MUSICAL TALKIE
Now In Its
2ND GLAMOROUS WEEK
at KRISHNA
TALKIES ::: DUBASH THEATRE.
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. To-morrow for AMAS.

DHARMAVEER
("BAGLA BHAKTA")
HUNS PICTURES'
2nd Musical Social
Now In Its
4TH GLORIOUS WEEK
DHARMAVEER
("BAGLA BHAKTA")
The one and only one Talkie Picture of India, which is drawing packed houses—simultaneously at 2 Theatres in 2 languages in Bombay.....
At MAJESTIC
(MARATHI VERSION)
AND
WELLINGTON
(HINDI VERSION)
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. To-morrow for AMAS.

FAIL NOT TO ENJOY THIS DOUBLE PROGRAMME....
TUKARAM
PRABHAT'S GREAT DEVOTIONAL
with
"SURYA NAMASKAR" Talkie,
Produced by the Rajasaheb of AUNDH
Now In Its
9TH CROWDY WEEK
AT
CENTRAL
TALKIES :: GIRGAUM NAKA.
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Special Matinee To-morrow at 2-30 p.m. for AMAS
TO-MORROW'S MATINEE for LADIES and CHILDREN IS CANCELLED
Forthcoming "PRABHAT" Attractions: (1) "Beyond the Horizon". (2) "The Unexpected." (3) "Gopal Krishna." (4) "Sant-Shreshtha Dnyaneshwar."

PLAZA
TO-NIGHT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
POP-EYED COMEDIAN
EDDIE CANTOR
in his latest comedy
"STRIKE ME PINK"
NEXT SATURDAY
MYSTERY THRILLER
"CLUTCHING HAND"

Ladies of Bombay Refuse To Be Left Out!
THEY WANT A SHOW OF
VILLAGE GIRL"
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SPECIAL.
'ZANANA SHOW'
of
"VILLAGE GIRL"
Starring.
SABITADEVI
ON:
FRIDAY, 12th February,
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See How The Bhils Elected Kanhaiya as their Naik and how Radha helped him to defeat his opponents, in
IZZAT

AT
OPERA HOUSE
Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
TO-MORROW MATINEE AT 2-45 P.M.

THE EMPIRE
Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
FOR A SECOND WEEK

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USE ALSO
**SHERLEY'S DOG MEDICINES**
Tonic & Condition Powders
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*From all Bazaars, Chemists and Stores.*
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Your reading will be prepared by Tabore, India's most famous Seer, for many years private Astrological adviser to Royalty and the Elite. Simply send your full name, (Mr., Mrs. or Miss.) address and birth-date (English Calendar) all clearly written by yourself. No money need be sent but if you wish you may enclose 4 as. (stamps) to help defray costs. Tabore believes in fair dealings and all work for which he receives any payment is on the basis of satisfaction guaranteed or full money refunded. You will be amazed at the remarkable accuracy of his predictions concerning your life. Write now as this offer may not be made again. No personal interviews; all consultations by mail only. Address, PUNDIT TABORE, (Dept. 312-X) Upper Forjett Street, BOMBAY VII.



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Wash the affected part daily with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Dry gently and apply Cuticura Ointment. This daily treatment relieves itching and allays inflammation at once. The soothing, healing, antiseptic Cuticura penetrates to the depths of the eruption. It destroys the lurking germs which keep the disease active, it heals the festering sores and steadily establishes a healthy condition of the skin which leads to complete recovery.

**Boy's Face a Mass of Scales**

"My little boy, three years old, had an awful attack of impetigo. It started with a few spots on his face and the irritation caused it to spread quickly, and in no time his face was a mass of scales. The poor little fellow scratched himself to pieces. For two months I had a terrible time. Then I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. He got great relief, and I am pleased to say they healed him when all else failed, leaving the skin as clear as a bell." (Signed) Mrs. G. Williams, 24, Newport Street, Barrow-in-Furness.

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**Cuticura OINTMENT**
SOOTHING, ANTISEPTIC, HEALING


# AROUND THE COURTS

**Bombay, Tuesday.**

Ramchandra Tukaram Gaikwad alias Bhawoo Luxman Panhale, and Gaudoo Chimaji Shinde, alias Gangaram Dhondi, the two accused, were arrested on January 19 last, at the Municipal Bye-Elections of "E" Ward, for impersonation.

The accused were arrested as they were found giving votes in the name of other persons.

The case had been going on before Mr. I. S. Hajt Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

The accused were each ordered to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 60, in default they were further ordered to undergo one month's R. I. by the Magistrate.

Narayan Manaji was arrested yesterday for assualting Rajaram Balaji and Tukaram Dhakoo by the Kalachowki Police.

The accused was enlarged on bail of Rs. 100/ (Rs. 20/ cash) or in default was ordered to be remanded into Police custody for one week, at the Mazagaon Court to-day.

Kasam Abdul Rahiman was arrested this morning in connection with alleged receiving of Satta bets, by the Byculla Police.

The accused was enlarged on bail of Rs. 50 (Rs. 25 cash) or in default was ordered to be remanded into Police custody for one week, by Mr. R. V. Mathlone, at the Mazagaon Court to-day.

Abdulla Ismail was arrested last night for receiving Sutta bets at Mahomedali Road by the Pydhonie Police.

The accused was ordered to be enlarged on bail of Rs. 300 (Rs. 50 cash) or in default was ordered to be remanded into Police custody till February 19 by Mr R. J. Mathlone.

Ramchandra Sakharam Surve, arrested by the Lamington Road Police on January 28 last on a charge of receiving "Sutta" bets in a public place, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500 or in default to undergo one month's R. I. by Mr. I. N. Mehta at the Girgaum Police Court to-day.

On a charge of causing hurt by rash and negligent driving Ramaswami a private motor car driver, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 40, in default, to undergo three weeks' R. I. at Girgaum Police Court.

The accident occurred on January 26th last at the Junction of Girgaum Road and Lamington Road.

After knocking down a person on Gokhale Road, D. A. D'Souza was stated to have foisted the blame on another motor driver who is stated to have seen him knocking down the man.

Mr. B. K. Setalwad, it appears, saw an old man named Narayan Govind Date being knocked down by D'Souza's car which was coming from the opposite direction.

D'Souza stated that it was Mr. Setalwad who knocked down the man and then moved away.

The injured man was taken to the K. E. M Hospital by Mr. Setalwad and D'Souza, was arrested yesterday by Mahim Police —three days after the accident.

He was placed at the Dadar Police Court and ordered to be bailed out.

The City Coroner held an inquest to-day on the body of one Gangaram Shanker Kolhati (25), residing at Falkland Road 1st Cross Lane.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

The jury also returned a verdict of death by opium poisoning "which he had voluntarily administered" at the inquest on the body of an unidentified Hindu, who was found lying unconscious on the footpath at Parel Road near Lal Bag, on the 15th January last.

The police removed him to the K. E. M. Hospital, where he died the next day.

"It is a notorious fact, especially in the Police Courts, that the Police charge-sheets are very rarely filled in to the complete satisfaction of any one. Very often the Court has to ask the Police Prosecutor, why the charge-sheets are not properly filled in."

Thus remarked Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, in sentencing Paul D'Souza to pay a fine of Rs. 500, in default, to suffer one month's R.I.

The accused was arrested by the Lamington Road Police on Jan. 15 last.

The Magistrate observed that in the case, however, the name of the Police constable was put immediately the Police Prosecutor drew the attention of the investigating officer.

The accused was charged with gaming in a public place. He pleaded 'not guilty' to the charge.

## HACK VICTORIA-CAR COLLISION

### Horse Seriously Injured In Mahomedally Road Impact

A collision between a hack victoria and a private motor car occurred this morning at 11-30 a.m. at Mahomedally Road, resulting in serious injuries to the horse and some damage to the victoria.

It appears the Victoria was going along Mahomedally Road towards Crawford Market when, at the junction of Mahomedally Road and Janjikar Street, a motor car, which was immediately behind, dashed against the victoria knocking down the horse and damaging the victoria.

The police are making enquiries.

## *"Akhand Bharat" Authorities Call Police To Clear Premises*

**Police intervened in the dispute between the owners and employees after "Akhand Bharat" the Hindi daily in the city which ceased publication a few days back.**

On the morning of the 8th some of the workmen, who are stated to be in arrears of wages for three months, went to the press premises and were confronted with a warning from the authorities forbidding anyone entering the press. Workmen continued to linger on near the premises when the authorities, called it is stated, the police and got the employees removed.

## *SERIOUS MOTOR BUS COLLISION*

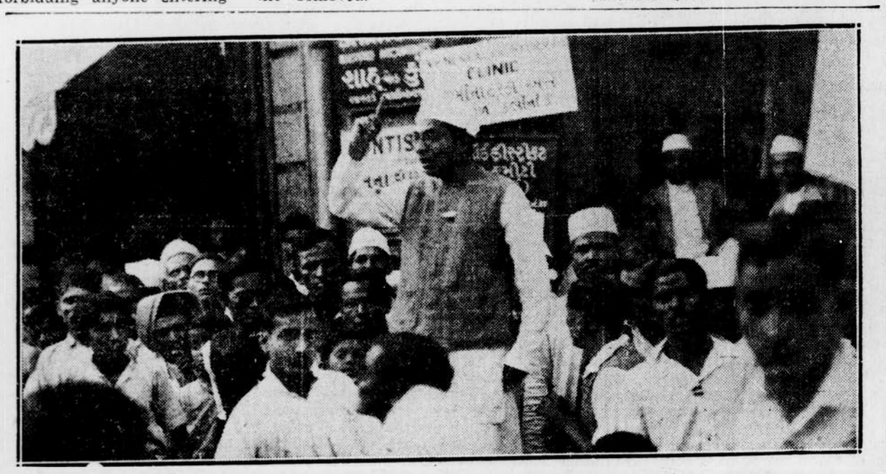
### *Several Injured*

(From Our Correspondent)
SAYAJIGANJ, Feb. 9.

Yesterday, about midnight, 2 hired motor-buses collided near the Baroda College, resulting in serious injury to one and minor injuries to a few others, and also smashing the front glass and damaging the engine of motor No. 315 which, running at a high speed dashed against another motor which was reversing for taking passengers.

The Reception Committee of the Members of the forthcoming Fourteenth Session of the State Prajamandal Meeting held recently, at Visnagar, elected Jayshanker Bhudardas as Chairman, Ramray Sharma and Narayanlal Modi as Vice-Presidents and Chunilal Kansara and Jeenamiya Aakunji as Secretaries.

About 16 names were suggested for the Presidentship, which, besides 10 workers of the States, include Messrs. Bhulabhai Desai, Kanaiyalal Munshi, S. A. Brelvi, Darbar Gopaldas, G. V. Mavlankar and A. V. Thakkar.



Mr. Yusuf Meheralli addressing a Congress election meeting at Kalbadevi on Sunday morning.

## MORE CEMENT FACTORIES IN INDIA

(From a Correspondent)

It is reliably stated that the Associated Cement Companies Limited have completed their plans for the erection of new factories and the reorganisation of their existing works so as to meet the demand for cement throughout the country in the most economical manner.

Their plans comprise a cement factory in Central Punjab equipped with an up-to-date kiln and ancillary machinery having output capacity of 100,000 tons a year of the highest quality Portland Cement. It is anticipated that this plant will be on full production early in 1938.

In addition, it is understood that a further factory will be erected in Sind to serve the requirements of that Province, which plant will also be completed early in 1938.

Through the C. P. Cement Co., Ltd., the Associated Companies Limited have acquired a mining lease over a large area containing suitable raw materials for the production of Portland Cement and their intention is to erect a Cement Works immediately so as economically to serve the area round about Bezwada, Vizagapatam and Madras.

The erection of these new factories will be under the supervision of their consulting engineers, the well known firm of Messrs. F. L. Smith and Co., Copenhagen.

## *DAILY WEATHER REPORT*

POONA, Feb. 9.

The western disturbance has caused fairly widespread rain or snow along the Northwest Frontier in Kashmir and East and North Punjab with scattered light falls in south west Punjab and Sind. Thunderstorms have also been widespread in the United Provinces, East Central India and Central Provinces and occurred at a few stations in East Rajputana, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, Orissa, Assam, Tenasserim, North Bombay Deccan and East Gujarat. Temperatures are markedly above normal in east Punjab, United Provinces, East Central India and Bihar.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Meerut, Delhi and Sonamarg three-quarters of an inch each.

**FORECAST:**

Local dust or thunderstorms may occur along the Northwest Frontier in Sind, Gujarat and Rajputana. Thunderstorms will continue locally in United Provinces, Central India, Central Provinces, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, Orissa and North Bombay Deccan and extend into Bengal, Assam and Burma. Fairly widespread rain or snow are also likely to continue in Kashmir and the Punjab.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 9-2-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.034 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 68.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 80.1 degrees 2.0 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 68.9 degrees 2.4 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 77 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ESE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 140 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 20 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 5

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 9-2-37

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 76.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.12 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.93 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

## *TAGORE COMING TO BOMBAY?*

### *Will Stage Performances In Aid Of Shantiniketan*

**BOMBAY: Feb. 9.**

**"United Press" learns that Dr. Rabindranath Tagore with a troupe of select professors and students of Shantiniketan will be arriving in Bombay in the last week of this month and will give a few performances in aid of the "Vishva Bharati."**

The troupe is expected to stay in Bombay for five days and stage the Poet's dance drama, entitled "Chitrangada."

Poet Tagore's accompanying the troupe, however, is contingent upon his health.—United Press.

## *HOME FOR DISABLED NURSES AT COLABA*

The Hon. Secretary of the Bombay Womens' Club writes: —

The Dance held at the P. V. M. Gymkhana on November 23rd last in aid of a Home for Nurses who, on account of their advanced age can no longer work and have no other means of support, realized a net profit of Rs. 3,509-0-0. Accounts are open to inspection by appointment with the Hon. Secretary, Bombay Women's Club, Table Hall, Colaba.

Gifts in any form whatsoever would be most gratefully received and may be sent to the Hon. Secretary.

We take this opportunity of thanking all those who helped towards making it possible to open this Home, and we trust gifts and donations will be forthcoming to help to run it successfully.

The Home is situated at Marble Hall, Colaba.

## *No Accident Possible If Car Was At Crown Of Road*

(Continued from page 14)

that the accused was driving in a rash and negligent manner and that he was unable to stop the car by applying the brakes.

**Not Irrelevant.**

At this stage the Chief Justice observed that the question of the condition of the brakes was not entirely irrelevent as the accused was an expert engineer and he should have taken care to keep his car in good condition. The statement made by the accused was that the brakes were in good condition. That would be a false statement or dishonest statement to make if the police report was that the brakes were defective.

After some further arguments His Lordship stated that in view of the evidence it was really not very material about the condition of the brakes.

**Found Drunk.**

On the question of the consumption of alcohol, the Chief Justice asked Counsel whether it was his case that between 5 p.m. and 7 p.m. the accused had only two whiskies.

Mr. Vimdalal said that there was no evidence on record beyond the statement of the accused that he had two whiskies. It was for the prosecution to prove that the accused was under the influence of liquor at 5 p.m. Chief Justice: They have proved that he was found drunk at 7 p.m. obviously he must have been drunk sometime prior to that.

Mr. Vimadalal stated that on the evidence of the experts in the case there was no justification for the inference that the accused must have been drunk at 5 p.m.

Chief Justice: It is not necessary in a case like this to rely solely on exports. We can apply our own commonsense. The accused was drunk at 7 p.m. according to the medical evidence. He says he had only two whiskies which I am not prepared to accept. Then how did he get drunk?

Mr. Vimadalal: But my Lord, we do not know the strength of the whisky or the quantity consumed by him at the time. All that he says is that on returning to his bungalow at 5 p.m. he had two whiskies and fell off to sleep.

Chief Justice: Did those two whiskies bring on the condition in which he was found by the Police Officers and the Medical Officer.

Mr. Vimadalal: The fact that the accused is a heavy sleeper and the fact that he had had some liquor during the day might have contributed to the condition in which he was found at the time he was examined. But that in itself was no reason to infer that he was drunk at 5 p.m.

Counsel continuing submitted that the evidence on record was all that mattered and that evidence was in favour of the accused that he was not in a state of intoxication at the time of the accident.

The defence arguments had not concluded when the Court rose for lunch.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Approved by the Medical Profession
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**DENTONIC**
BRIGHTENS THE TEETH
INVIGORATES THE GUMS
KEEPS THE MOUTH HEALTHY
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# Will Nawanagar Win Ranji Trophy?

## Skinner Makes 119 (Not Out) For Bengal And Assam In Second Innings

| | |
|---|---|
| *Nawanagar (1st Innings)* | *424* |
| *Bengal & Assam (1st Innings)* | *315* |
| *Nawanagar (2nd Innings)* | *383* |
| *Bengal & Assam (2nd Innings)* | *for 6 wickets 204* |

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

**The most outstanding feature of to-day's play between Navanagar and Bengal-Assam was the brilliant batting display of Mubarak Ali, who went in to defend the last wicket and punished the bowlers in a most merciless fashion.**

**The fielders had a job of it running all over the field for a succession of drives to the ropes and screen followed by two over-boundaries.**

**He played with charming extravagance and retired for lunch, bat in hand, after piling up 90 runs in as many minutes.**

**Bengal and Assam made 291 for 6 wickets at close, A. G. Skinner (batting) with 119 to his credit.**

The two cousins, Indervijiasinh, who remained unbeaten with 91 runs to his credit yesterday, and Yadvendrasinh, who took Wensley's place at the wickets resumed innings this morning in delightful weather.

Behrend and Bhattacharjee began the Bengal attack. With an addition of only two runs to the overnight total, the Nawanagar team lost their first wicket this morning, Indervijiasinh being unlucky to be clean bowled by Bhattacharjee just when he was closing on to his century. (233—8—91).

This brought Ranvirsinh and Yadvendrasinh together and they carried the total score to 250, when Ranvir was caught behind the wickets, by Van der Gucht, off Behrend. (250—9—9).

**Last Man Enters.**

Mubarak Ali, Nawanagar's last-man now joined Yadvendrasinh and the Bengal captain, made the first change in his bowling, switching on Gourley in place of Bhattacharjee. Seeing the last pair collecting runs, the total now being 270, the Bengal captain trusted the ball to Skinner, replacing Behrend from the Bori Bunder end.

Mubarak sent up 280 by hitting two consecutive boundaries off him. Bhattacharjee returned to attack at 288, while Gourley crossed over to relieve Skinner who in turn relieved Bhattacharjee from the Gymkhana end. Three hundred was now up, the last pair batting steadily, had added 50 runs between themselves.

**Mubarak's Aggressive Batting.**

Mubarak Ali was playing a very aggressive innings at this stage and was hitting fours after fours, following this up with two sixers, reaching his individual 50 in about 55 minutes.

To go in as a last man, and to score 50 runs is undoubtedly very creditable and the cheers he received were well-deserved.

The total was now 330. It was Mubarak again, who lifted Behrend on to the pavilion end for still another sixer, which took him to his sixties, raising the total to 340. Mubarak was punishing the Bengal bowling and this time he hit another sixer off Bhattacharjee to reach his individual 70 while 350 went up on the board; the last pair having added 100 runs in 75 minutes. Mubarak's bat had cracked after all this hitting and he changed it for a new one, with which he reached 80.

Having tried all his other bowlers, the Bengal Captain now entrusted the job to a new bowler, Khambata.

Nawanagar's total at lunch was 383, the last pair Mubarak and Yadvendrasinh, still unbeaten with 90 and 45 respectively.

**Nawanagar In Winning Position.**

The Nawanagar's 2nd innings came to a close immediately after lunch, Mubarak being clean-bowled by Gourley on his first ball. (383—10—90). Nawanagar made 383 in their 2nd knock, Yadvendrasinh being not-out with 45, while Nawanagar's grant total was 492, 109 being their lead in the first innings. The great last wicket partnership between Mubarak and Yadvendrasinh which contributed 133 runs, gave to Nawanagar this winning position.

**Bengal and Assam (2nd Innings).**

Miller and Behrend opened Bengal and Assam's 2nd innings and began their uphill task of scoring 493 runs to win the match. Amar Singh and Mubarak Ali started Nawanagar attack as usual. To go far was rather impossible for Bengal and Assam, batting in fourth innings against the bowling of Amar Singh and Mubarak Ali. Amar Singh took the first wicket, disposing off Behrend, who was caught at Silby mid-off by Ranbirsinh. (9-1-5).

K. Bose joined Miller but the former was sent back to the pavilion for a duck, Amar Singh's appeal against him in l-b-w under the new rule, coming out successful. (9-2-0).

This brought Skinner and Miller together at the wickets. This pair had carried the total to 40 by now, Miller scoring mostly.

Skinner who got going after this, reached his individual 50, which included 8 fours after occupying the crease for 75 minutes, while the first 100 was also up after the innings had lasted for 92 minutes.

Immediately after the first 100 was hoisted, Miller was caught behind the wickets, by Abdul Aziz, off Marshall, who was now bowling in place of Ranvir from the Bori Bunder end. (101-3-41). This partnership between Miller and Skinner yielded 92 runs.

Van der Gucht, the Bengal leader, now joined Skinner at the fall of Miller's wicket and Amar Singh returned to attack at 101.

Van der Gucht was sent back for 2, being out l-b-w, to Marshall, who got 2 wickets in two successive overs; (103-4-2), his analysis at this time being a overs, 1 maiden, 5 runs and 2 wickets.

Kemal and Skinner now got associated. With a boundary, off Marshall, Skinner was now in his sixties while the total was increased to 120.

**Tea-Time Score**

Bengal and Assam's total at tea-time was 130 for the loss of 4 wickets, Skinner and Kemal batting with 66 and 12, respectively.

Kemal and Skinner continued their innings after the tea-interval, the latter reaching his individual 70 soon after. At 141, Kemal, in attempting to hook Yadvendra, was caught at leg by Mani Lal, off his own ball, after he had made 18 runs. (141-5-18).

Bhattacharjee joined Skinner, the latter's sixer off Yadvendra carried him to his eighties.

**Skinner's Century**

Skinner was now playing fast as his century was in sight and hit two consecutive boundaries and a two off Yadvendra to pass his 90. Amidst roaring cheers, Skinner completed his individual 100 after occupying the crease for 144 minutes, his principal strokes being 15 fours. Skinner is the only man in the Bengal and Assam side who has reached three figures. He played delightful cricket, executing a variety of strokes all round the wickets.

At 183, Bhattacharjee was caught by Vinoo Mankad off Wensley, who was now bowling in Yadvendra's place. (186-6-3).

S. Bose now became associated with Skinner, who had added another ten runs to his century, now hit another sixer off Mani Lal. 200 went up after the innings had been in progress for 185 minutes, while Mubarak and Amar Singh were again given charge of bowling.

Bengal and Assam had made 204 for the loss of 6 wickets, Skinner and S. Bose being together with 119 and 9 respectively, when the stumps were drawn this evening.

**(Bengal and Assam 1st Innings) 315**

**Nawanagar 2nd Innings**

| | |
|---|---|
| Vinoo Mankad c Khambata b Behrend | 20 |
| Abdul Aziz b. Gourley | 10 |
| Colah l.b.w. (N) b Gourley | 25 |
| Mani Lal c and b Bhattacharjee | 13 |
| Indervijiasinh, b Bhattacharjee | 91 |
| Marshall, c Miller, b Behrend. | 41 |
| Amar Singh b Bhattacharjee | 16 |
| Wensley, l-b-w, b Behrend .. | 6 |
| Yadvendrasinh, not out .... | 45 |
| Ranbirsinh, c Van der Gucht, b Behrend ..... | 9 |
| Mubarak Ali, b Gourley ..... | 90 |
| Extras ..... | 17 |
| Grand Total .. | 382 |

FALL OF WICKETS:—31 for 1; 41|2; 64|3; 94|4; 175|5; 203|6; 231-7; 233-8; 250-9; 383-10.

**Bowling Analysis.**

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. Gourley ..... | 38.1 | 7 | 112 | 3 |
| 2. Behrend ..... | 29 | 4 | 119 | 4 |
| 3. Bhattacharjee | 16 | 3 | 45 | 3 |
| 4. Skinner ..... | 9 | 0 | 51 | 0 |
| 5. Alexander ..... | 4 | 1 | 19 | 0 |
| 6. S. Bose ..... | 4 | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| 7. Khambata .... | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 |

**Bengal And Assam—2nd Innings**

| | |
|---|---|
| P. N. Miller, c Abdul Aziz, b Marshall ..... | 41 |
| S. W. Behrend, c Ranvir, b Amar Singh ..... | 5 |
| K. Bose, l-b-w, (N) b Amar Singh ..... | 0 |
| A. G. Skinner, batting ..... | 119 |
| Van der Gucht, l-b-w, b Marshall ..... | 2 |
| Kemal, c Manilal, b Yadvendra | 18 |
| Bhattacharjee, c Vinoo Mankad, b Wensley ..... | 3 |
| S. Bose batting ..... | 9 |
| Extras ..... | 7 |
| Total (for 6 wkts) ..... | 204 |

Fall of wickets:—9-1; 9-2; 101-3; 103-4; 141-5; 183-6.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amar Singh | 26 | 7 | 67 | 2 |
| Mubarak | 11 | 3 | 21 | 0 |
| Wensley | 12 | 3 | 31 | 1 |
| Ranvir | 5 | 1 | 12 | 0 |
| Marshall | 7 | 1 | 21 | 2 |
| Yadvendra | 5 | 0 | 32 | 1 |
| Mani Lal | 4 | 0 | 13 | 0 |

## WHERE CITY MUSLIM WOMEN WILL VOTE

### Additional Polling Booths In City And Suburbs

The Collector of Bombay has fixed the following polling stations in addition to those already announced for elections to the Bombay Legislative Assembly and Bombay Legislative Council constituencies.

BOMBAY CITY NORTH AND BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT MUHAMMADAN URBAN CONSTITUENCY OF THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

For all Women in the Electoral Rolls of the Constituency for the area mentioned below:

***Date Of Voting: February 15.***

No. of polling station 11.

Place—Andheri Gazdar Hall:—

Area-Villages. 1. Andheri, 2. Ambivli, 3. Are, 4. Bandivli, 5. Chakala, 6. Dharavli, 7. Gundavli, 8. Goregaon. 9. Ismalia, 10. Kondivta, 11. Marol, 12. Majas, 13. Madh, 14. Mogra, 15. Mulgaon, 16. Oshivra, 17. Pahadi, 18. Parjapur, 19. Vesawa, 20. Vyaravli, 21. Yerangal.

12. Bandra Municipal School on Waterfield Road, opposite Municipal Building:—

1. Bandra (Municipal Wards A to G).
2. Danda.
3. Parigh-Khari.

13. Kurla Municipal A. V. School (fifth standard):—

1. Asalpe. 2. Bapnale, 3. Bramhanwada, 4. Chendavli. 5. Kurla (including Municipal Area), 6. Mohili, 7. Pawai. 8. Saki. 9. Shahar.

BOMBAY CITY-CUM-BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT MUHAMMADAN (URBAN) CONSTITUENCY OF THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

For all women in the Electoral Roll of the Constituency.

***Date Of Voting: February 11.***

No. of polling station 3. Place. Town Hall, South Side:—Polling Area. Bombay City and Bombay Suburban Dist.

All these stations, as also the two stations already fixed for Muhammadan Women Elections in Bombay City on the 15th, namely the Mazagaon Police Court, and the Sydenham College of Commerce, Hornby Road, will be offi-cered by women throughout, except the necessary number of menials (peons) in attendance.

### *Inconvenience On B. B. & C. I. Sunday Suburban Trains*

Mr. N. H. Ganatra, Malad, has addressed a letter to the General Traffic Manager, B. B. and C. I. Railway, in the course of which he says:—

I beg to draw your attention towards the inconveniences of local trains running between Borivli and Churchgate in the mornings of Sundays and public holidays.

Between 8-50 a.m. and 10-15 a.m., only four trains are running at present at an interval of 25 minutes.

The above interval of 25 minutes is very long one and much inconvenient to the business public.

I therefore request that at the time of revising the timings of local trains from the beginning of April next, one more local train should run between Borivli and Churchgate at an interval of every 20 minutes as under, or as may be convenient:

Starting from Borivli: 8-50 a.m., 9-10 a.m., 9-30 a.m., 9-50 a.m. and 10-10 a.m.

## NEED OF ALL INDIA LEGISLATION

### Provincial Children's Acts Are Inadequate, Says Miss M. K. Davies

**A plea for an enlightened cultivation of public opinion, discriminate charity, and an acquisition of the necessary missionary zeal in working for the children's cause was made by Miss M. K. Davies, Secretary of the Children's Aid Society, while speaking at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House on Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the Sir Dorabji Tata Graduate School of Social Work.**

In giving a general resume of the working of the Bombay Children's Act, during the past decade, she eventually emphasised the need of the passage of an All-India Children's Act, as a provincial solution was quite inadequate for the fulfilment of their mission.

Nearly ten years have passed since the Children Act was put into full operation in Bombay City. Within that period steps have also been taken for the gradual operation of the Act throughout the Presidency. Much, however, remains to be done. We are still nearer the starting point than the goal. Government, by passing legislation, have prepared a means to an end.

Legislation, however, is not enough. An awakened public opinion is required whereby social evils can be fought and the roots of the problem of delinquent child eradicated. So long as public opinion tolerates bad social practices the child will remain a victim; so long as public opinion winks at the evasion of the Prostitution Act Child Marriage and Devadasi Acts, steps will never be taken for their proper enforcement and the child will suffer; so long as people deliberately seek to acquire merit by indiscriminate charity to beggars—children will be tempted to adopt a begging life; so long as wealthy citizens tolerate the unspeakable housing conditions of the very poor—children born into such homes will have little chance of uplift. An awakened public opinion can, therefore, strike at the root of the problem, for which legislation is provided.

**PUBLIC'S DUTY**

It can do more. It can agitate for the better operation of the very legislation provided. At the present juncture more certified institutions are urgently required —a special school for mentally affected children, a girls' certified school, run on true reformatory lines and an additional school for boys to relieve congestion in existing schools. Experience in the West has shown that the best institutional work is often done by recognised voluntary societies with grants from Government and Municipal authorities. It is, therefore, up to existing agencies to take steps in the matter, establish schools and apply for central and local grants.

**NEED OF TRAINED WORKERS**

Another need, even more crippling than lack of money, is a dearth of trained workers. Training, however, even where available as at the Sir Dorab Tata Graduate School, is insufficient by itself. Dedicated lives, infused by a 'missionary' spirit are required. Every social worker is a social 'missionary' and the dedicated life in social work is as essential as in religious work. Under the Children Act, throughout the Presidency, a new department of social work is being opened up and lasting progress will not be possible until certified schools are staffed by the right type of teacher and juvenile courts equipped with the best kind of men and women Probation Officers.

It is, moreover, our duty to face up to the fact that a mere provincial solution of the problem is insufficient and that we must work for the eventual passage of an All-India Children Act—promoting and stabilising work for unprotected children throughout the length and breadth of India.

## *KRISHNAMURTI'S TALK AT C. J. HALL*

Mr. J. Krishnamurthi in his talk on Tuesday at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall presented a new approach for the solution of mundane problems. As usual his talk was in the nature of answering questions. Varied topics like love, the unknown and organisation were dealt with by him.

To a question how a man could be enthusiastic he asked why should one want to be enthusiastic'?

He said, it was because one was tired of the routine, the beaten hum-drum track and felt boredum. He wanted to escape from the feeling of exploitation etc. The best way of solving the problem was to find out the cause of the boredom.

Speaking on love and the Unknown, he said that the fear of separation and death made one to be continuously alert and watchful towards his near and dear

The fear of hereafter and the Unknown made people think of God, heaven and hell. It was the 'authority of many' which made one think of god as 'reality.' A 'conditioned' mind also led one in the same direction. It was only tradition. It was a cycle which connected the traditional past with the present and the 'happy future.' Time was the only factor which mattered and it lent itself to exploitation. The individual postponed and deferred his decisions in the traditional manner and no creative thinking was possible with such a back ground.

Realisation meant immediate change. Creative thinking should mean the dissolution of the horrors of poverty.

Asked whether religious organisation was necessary. Mr. Krishnamurthi asked whether it was not exploiting a body based on maintaining authority through fear and superstition.

A few autograph-hunters were disappointed when they rushed to him at the end of the meeting. He said 'I never autograph.'

Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy, President of the Council of State, arrived at New Delhi on Monday morning by the Grand Trunk Express to attend the Council of State session, which begins on February 16.

## TO-DAY ON RADIO

### Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97m). GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82m), GSB 9.51 Mc/s (31.55m).

7-30 p.m. Big Ben, Roland Powell's Quintet, 8-0 p.m. The British Industries Fair, 1937 An introductory talk by General Smuts from South Africa 8 20 p.m. The Northern Ireland Brass Band 9-0 p.m. A Pianoforte Recital 9-30 p.m. 'North-country Night' A programme from the dales and fells, arranged by D G. Bridson, 10-0 p.m. The News and Announcements, 10-20 p.m. Dance Music.

### Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres 855 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Oriental Melody. The VUB Indian Orchestra, 8-10 a.m. Debate (Gujerati): "Should Men Change Places with Women?" P.O. Upadhyaya and Chandra Vin, 8-30 p.m. Sadiq Ali Akhtar. "Anolhi Wazai Hai" Ghazal "Bhur deya hai sakeya" Ghazal. "Halai kanain hai dou khada" Ghazal "Kabhee ai haikakatai muntezur". Ghazal. "Sua huslaee kai leyai hai." Ghazal. Assisted by the VUB Indian Orchestra. 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. A Programme of Music. (Relayed from the Taj Mahal Hotel). (By courtesy of the Management). "Pour Une Rose" Waldteufel, "Serenade Romantique" Scassolo, "Carmen" Bizet, "Les Frissons" Staz, "Romance". Tschaikowsky. "Chanson Triste." Tschaikowsky. 5-30 p.m. A Variety Concert, The Students of the Lady Northcote Hindu Orphanage, 6-30 p.m. Marathi Songs. 7-0 .pm. Talk: (Marathi): "Prachin Triya." No. 2. By Manju Mantri. 7-15 p.m. Light Music. Manoramabai Parwatkar, With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla. 8-0 p.m. "Nakli Doctor." A musical play in Hindi. Written and directed by Dr. D. R, Prem, 8-30 p.m, Commercial News and the News in Hindi, 9-0 p.m. Talk (English): "My Times." J. Krishnamurti. (To-night's speaker is the well-known protege of the late Annie Besant, and figured very prominently a few years ago in the Theosophical Movement all over the world). 9-15 p.m. The News. 9-30 p.m. A Studio Concert. Jules Craen and His Quintette. Jules Craen 1st Violin, Mehli Mehta 2nd Violin, E. Verga. Cello. M. Pagliar Piano. A. E. Sweet, Double bass.

### Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s

8 a.m. Indian Music (Recorded) Fakhri-Alam Oawwal Naat, Angurbala Ghazals, Akhtari Bai (Faizabadi) Ghazals, Bina Devi Geets, Kanan Bala Geets, Shahu Modak Geet, Mushtari Bai of Agra Ghazal and Malkauns. Miss Nalim Geets, Farid and Orchestra Mouth Organ, 9-0 p.m, Time Signal. Talk (Hindustani): "Before the Doctor Arrives." No. 6. Drowning. By A Doctor. 9-15 p.m, Kumari Jaswant Kaur (Amateur), Classical and Light Music. 9-45 a.m. G. A. Khan Gwaliori, "Shama' bhi saz-i-mahfil hai zinat hai parwana bhi, Husn ki shanm dekh zara raz bhi hai afsana bhi." (Saghar). "Dil ko jab dil se rah hoti hai, Ah hoti hai wah hoti hai." (Jigar). 10-5 a.m. Shiv Dayal Batish "Dekho ri mori mataki" Thumri Paraj. "Prabhu ji ab mohe par utar," Bhajan Asa. 10-23 a.m. AIR Orchestra. Hajeej. 1-0 p.m. "Songs from the Shows." (Recorded) 2-0 p.m. AIR Orchestra, Bahar. 2-10 p.m. Kumari Jaswant Kaur (Amateur). Light and Classical Music. 2-25 p.m. G. A. Khan Gwaliori "Sardar kiyo hai zat-i-Nabi." Hindi Naat. "Ishq men hue badnam." Dadra. 2-45 p.m. Shiv Dayal Batish. "Chitwaniyan piya ki jiya men bas gai." Thumri Dev. Ghandhar. "Hae bedardi varitha na." Thumri Bhim Plasi, 5-0 p.m. 1st News and Weather Report (English). 5-10 p.m. 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani) 5-20 p.m. AIR Orchestra, Malvi. (With an introduction to the Ragni.) 5-35 p.m. G. A. Khan Gwaliori. "Preet tori hae Ram." Khayal Pat Deep. "Main kar ai piya sang rang raliyan." Khayal Puriya. "Tire kuche men jis din se a bathe, Gham-i-duniya ko dil se bhule baithe." (Hasrat). 6-5 p.m. Sarod, 6-10 Shiv Dayal Batish Light Music. 6-30 p.m. "For Villagers Only." (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 7-0 p.m.) 7-30 p.m. Kumari Jaswant Kaur (Amateur), Classical and Light Music. 8-0 p.m. Talk (Hindustani) "People and Things." By Abdul Majeed Khan Salik, 8-15 p.m. AIR Orchestra, Naiki Kandra, (With an introduction to the Ragni). 8-30 p.m. G. A. Khan Gwaliori "More Madar." Khayal. Jai Jai Vanti "Nainam nahin dhir dhare" Dadra. "Ah-i-dil-i-ushaq nawa saz nahin hai, Is naghma-i-jan-soz men awaz nahin hai." (Hasrat). 8-50 p.m. Shiv Dayal Batish. "Jao ji mose karo na barajori." Thumri Khammaj "Kiun lage di Prabhu der." Bhajan Desh. 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report. (Hindustani) 9-30 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (English)., 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "About 80 per cent." No. 6. Tanning as a Village Industry. By Prof. N. R. Malkani. 10-0 p.m. General Motors Symphony Orchestra (Recorded) Nelson Eddy Baritone.

### Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

12-36 p.m. SB The BBC Symphony Orchestra Enigma Variations. Op. 36. Elgar. 1-6 p.m. SB Vocal Interlude Kirsten Flagstad. Soprano. "Elizabeth's Prayer." (from Tannhauser). Wagner. 1-16 p.m. SB Talk (English): "Poverty and Genius" No. 6 Robert Schubert, By Karen Hvaler, Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 p.m. Religious Song. Kamala Roy. 1-51 p.m. Selected Bengali Songs. Kanak Das and Sukhendu Goswamy. 2-6 p.m. Modern Song. Basanti Ghose. 2-16 p.m. Talk: "Our Girls: the way to Health". By S. B. Sen Gupta. 2-31 p.m. Concert. By the Happy Quartette. 2-41 p.m. Bhatiali Song Banikantha Bhagabat Ch. Bannerjee. 2-51 p.m. Talk: "South Pacific Isles.' By Bishnu Sarma. 5 6 p.m. A Broadcast for Rural Areas. 5-36 p.m. Folk Song. Jagabandhu Chakravarty. 5-51 p.m. Bhajan Bina Chowdhury, 6-6 p.m. Modern Bengali Song Suprova Ghose, 6-21 p.m. Seetar Solo Shova Kundu, 6-36 p.m. Kheyal and Thumri (Hindustani) Manju Shahib 6-56 p.m. 'Magh-Mandal' A Feature Programme. A sacred legend, depicting the Sun and the Spring,—set to music, Written and produced by Banikumar, Music by S. Dutta Gupta, Orchestral accompaniment by the Jantri Sangha, Under the Direction of Surendra Lal Das, 8-6 p.m. SB Talk: "The March of Events" by Nirad Chaudhury, 8-21 p.m. SB Modern Kirtan Krishna Chandra Dey, 8-41 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali), 8-46 p.m. SB The News and Announcements, 9-1 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English) 9-6 p.m. SB The News and Announcements 9-21 p.m. An Empire Programme (Relayed from Daventry), 9-56 p.m. SB "13, Simon Street" A Thriller in one Act, by Anthony P. Wharton, Produced by Margaret Follett, Presented by the Aerial players, Characters: William Lassen, A seedy, dirty looking rogue of about 40. Cecil Henry Carter, A charming, but rather weak young man, John Rutt, A powerfully built, sinister looking ruffian, Helen Raeburn, A beautiful self-reliant young girl Scene: A back room on the second floor of a tenement in Simon Street, Whitechapel, London.

### Mysore Programme

7-30 to 9 p.m. (i) Karnatic Instrumental Music and (ii) Readings from Sanskrit Literature by Prof C. R. Narasimha Sastry M.A.


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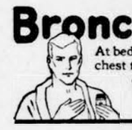

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# City & Suburbs

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-Day

Hindu: Posh Vad 14, 1993
Muslim: Jilkhad 27, 1305
Parsi: Shehenshahi 8, 1306

Anthropological Society of Bombay: 51st annual general meeting, rooms of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, 6 p.m.

### Thursday, February 11.

Bombay Legislative Council: General and Muslim Constituencies, polling, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Joint meeting of Indian and European Progressive Group: Sir Kailas Haksar will speak on "Indian States and Federation", Green's Restaurant, 6-30 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

SANGAT SABHA

Prof. N. R. Phatak will deliver his address on "Positive Teachings of the Upanishads" to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m.

HINDU GYMKHANA BOMBAY NORTH, MATUNGA

The annual sports of the Gymkhana will be held in the first week of March 1937. Those desirous to take part should send in their entry forms filled in on or before the 18th February 1937.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Professor M. R. Parakh will meet his students in French to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Buildings.

Professor Menezes will not meet his students in English Literature to-day (Wednesday).

THE KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Kanara Saraswat Association, there will be a lecture on "Lord Gauranga's Message of Divine Love" by Sadananda Das Brahmachari (formerly Ernst Georg Schulze), German philosopher and disciple of Sree Gaudiya Math, in the Association Hall, to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.). Mr. S. R. Dongerkery will preside.

GHEE FAKER FINED

Mr. Shamji Lakhamsi, Vendor in the shop at "Laxminivas", Elphinstone Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 50 on 6th instant, in default, to undergo one month's simple imprisonment, by the Municipal Court of the Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Mazgaon, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 20.4 per cent.

HINDI PRACHAR SABHA

The Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha, Bombay, writes:

The candidates who have applied for the ensuing Prathamic, Madhyama and Rashtra-Bhasha Examinations are informed that the examinations will be held on Sunday, the 14th instant from 11 a.m. sharp at the following places.

Dadar Centre: Indian Education Society's Girls' School, opposite B. B. & C. I. Railway, Dadar Station.

Girgaum Centre: Rashtriya Kanya Shala, Congress House Compound, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay.

The first paper of the Rashtra Bhasha Examination would be set to Rashtra Bhasha Candidates of both the Centres at 3 p.m., at the office of the Sabha, opposite the Roxy Theatre. Candidates are requested to be present half an hour earlier at their respective centres. Hall tickets can be had through their Pracharaks or at the office of the Sabha, Adenwalla Building, New Queen's Road, opposite Roxy Theatre.

## AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Daniel Boone" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Laburnum Grove" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"The Garden of Allah" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Baghi-Sipahi" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Destiny" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Dharmaveer" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Dalit Kusum" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Izzat" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Champagne Waltz" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Strike Me Pink" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Ladies in Love" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Village Girl" Time as usual.
WELLINGTON—"Dharmaveer" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Gay Prince" Time as usual.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N Y K steamer 'Ginyo Maru' left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on the 2nd February, and is expected to arrive here on or about the 1st March.

SUGAR MERCHANTS SUPPORT CONGRESS

The Managing Committee of the Bombay Sugar Merchants' Association have passed a resolution recommending their members, staff and all certified brokers of the Association to support Congress candidates in the election and have further resolved to keep their Sugar market entirely closed on Wednesday, the 17th instant, so as to enable them to go for voting.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY

The fifty-first annual general meeting of the Anthropological Society of Bombay will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Bombay, to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

Paper to be read: "The Hindu System of Ashramas", by Mr. P. H. Valavalkar, B.A., LL.B.

DADAR MIDDLE SCHOOL

A correspondent writes:

Advocate A. N. Surve thanked the public who had gathered in large numbers at the Kohinoor Theatre to witness the Film "Vilasi Ishvar" of the Kolhapur Cinetone arranged in aid of the Dadar Middle School on Sunday last. He stressed on the progress of the school and the further necessity of developing it into a full fledged High School.

POSTAL NOTICE

As the East Gulf Mail steamer s.s. 'Varela' is now due to sail on 11-2-37 after the arrival of English mail steamer s.s. 'Strathnaver' which is expected to arrive in Bombay on 11-2-37 at 1-0 p.m. the following will be the latest hour of posting of correspondence and parcels at the Bombay G. P. O. for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Unregistered correspondence upto 2-0 p.m. on 11-2-37
Registered correspondence upto 1-30 p.m. on 11-2-37
Parcels correspondence upto 11 a.m. on 11-2-37

The latest hour of posting in the Town Sub Offices will be notified by those offices, and it will be so regulated as to ensure the receipt of the postings in the Bombay G.P.O. in time to be included in the last despatch from that office.

## CONGRESS CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS

### Masani Appeals To Students And Citizens

Sjt. M. R. Masani, who is in charge of the organisation of Congress workers and volunteers for the elections to the Bombay Legislative Assembly, has issued the following appeal:—

"On 15th, 17th and 18th February the Congress will have to face the tremendous problem of helping lakhs of voters in the City to exercise their franchise with the minimum of trouble and discomfort. This will entail the mobilization of a large number of volunteers who will be required for various purposes such as the issuing of slips, serving on motor cars to convey voters to the booths and general canvassing at the booths.

"A large number of citizens have already volunteered for the purpose, but many more are required to enable the Congress to help the voters on these days.

APPEAL TO CITIZENS

I therefore, earnestly appeal to all citizens-men and women of all classes—to come to the Congress House or write and give their names for service as volunteers on one or more of these days.

"I particularly appeal to my student friends to offer their services for work, for which they are, by reason of their youth and education, so well fitted.

I shall be personally available every morning at the Congress House between 8-30 and 10 a.m., and would request those in charge of volunteer, labour, student, commercial and other organisations to see me then and bring with them the list of such of their members and friends as are prepared to work on any of these days so that the disposition of workers and volunteers may be made in time.

Every volunteer will be worth scores of votes to the Congress. So come and enrol as a Congress volunteer NOW."

## ST. XAVIER COLLEGE POLLING BOOTH

### Entrance And Exit For 'B' Ward Men Voters

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

With reference to Polling Station No. 5, St. Xavier's College, Cruickshank Road, fixed for voting on February 17 by male electors of the Bombay Legislative Assembly of Mandvi B Ward, the Collector of Bombay announces that the ENTRANCE to the polling station will be from Gymnasium Road and through the corridor and by the control barrier constructed on the North of the Assembly Hall of the College, while the EXIT will be from the South-West door of the Assembly Hall and by the East side of the Tennis Court and through the main porch of the College on to the Cruickshank Road.

# GWALIOR CUP HOCKEY

### Run-Away Victory For Armed Police Over Customs 'B'

The City Armed Police had a run-away victory against the Customs 'B' beating them by 7 goals without a reply, in the Gwalior Cup Hockey Tournament at the Cooperage on Tuesday evening. The losers played ten men throughout the match.

The Armed Police which was undoubtedly the superior side in all departments of the game, had things their own way most of the time. They got going immediately after the start and in the 10th minute, Shanker, their inside-left, who possesses good stick-work and control on the ball, drew the first blood, clean beating the goalie. He followed this up with another goal and the Police crossed over with a lead of two goals.

The second half saw the Police forwards on top and they completely outwitted the Customs' defence. Roane, their centre-forward, scored as many as four goals while Baboo, their inside-right gave the finishing touch and the Police came out winners by 7 goals without a reply.

Dique and Sharpe, who are playing for Customs 'A' in the Bombay Hockey League, played for the 'B' team to-day and they were the only two in the Customs side, who distinguished themselves.

The result:—
CITY ARMED POLICE 7 goals.
CUSTOMS 'B' Nil.

The Teams:—
CITY ARMED POLICE: Scott; Jameson, Hamid I; Mahmood, Kader, Hamid II; Aziz, Baboo, Roane, Shanker and Abbas.
CUSTOMS 'B': Simon; K. Thornber, A. Sharpe; D'Lorne, Dique, Hyder; Gerrard, Sommers, Loveday and Correa.

### To-day's Fixture

At 5-30 p.m. Y. M. C. A. v. Vincent Club, Dadar.

## PRESIDENCY HARD COURT TENNIS

### Y. R. Savur And Ranbir Singh Beaten In Doubles

Except for a match in Men's Doubles, in which Y. R. Savur and Ranbir Singh, who were expected to go far, lost to O. Sutton and Ottman, after a good fight, the result being (5—7), (6—4), (9—7), tennis, provided in the Bombay Presidency Hard Court Tennis Tournament, at the Hindu Gymkhana Court, Kennedy Sea Face, on Tuesday afternoon, was on the quiet side.

A heavy programme of 16 matches was gone through and the following are the results:—

G. D. Bhagat beat R. G. Hopkins (6—2), (9—7).

E. V. Bobb beat I. H. Shivdasani (6—3), (6—1).

O. Sutton and Ottman beat Y. R. Savur and Ranbir Singh (5—7), (6—4), (9—7).

T. Harvey beat O. Stevens (2—6), (6—0), (6—2).

H. C. Sasoni and R. F. Vakharia beat V. Stewart-Jacks and B. D. Dhalla (6—2), (6—2).

H. C. Sansoni and R. F. Vakharia beat N. R. Suvarna and M. D. Petit (6—4), (6—1).

Miss Leela Row and partner v. Miss P. de Lima and Mrs. Johnstone (unfinished).

C. W. Owen and D. Stilliard beat V. D. Sirur and M. V. Samsi (6—0), (6—4).

R. K. Sanghani and D. Yennemedi beat M. N. Desai and M. S. Gurtu (6—3), (6—1).

V. M. Vanarse beat K. V. Shevade (6—1), (6—4).

E. Padamji and V. M. Vanarse beat A. J. Wadia and Cassinath (6—3), (6—1).

Miss F. Talyarkhan and Mrs. Captain beat Mrs. Race and Mrs. Burgess (6—0), (6—3).

F. F. Vakharia beat Hari Shivdasani (6—1), (7—5).

A. C. Suntook beat Y. M. Bhave (6—4), (10—8).

E. Padamsi beat D. D. Yennemadi (4—6), (6—1), (6—1).

S. S. Indulkar beat V. D. Sirur (6—4), (6—0).

### To-day's Programme Of Matches

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Tennis Courts.

COURT NO. 1.

At 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

Miss Leela Row and Mrs. Row v. Miss P. de Lima and Mrs. Johnstone (match to be continued).

At 3-45 p.m. (S.T.).

Jimmy M. Mehta and S. A. Azim v. H. N. Contractor and F. R. Ratnagar, followed by at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.) S. A. Azim v. G. D. Bhagat, followed by E. Padamji and V. M. Vanarse v. J. E. Tew and J. Charanjiva.

COURT NO. 2.

At 3-45 p.m. (S.T.)

A. C. Santook v. M. Take, followed by at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.), Jimmy M. Mehta v. N. B. Bhagvat, followed by C. W. Owen and partner v. Mrs. W. A. Bell and G. L. Mytton.

COURT NO. 3.

At 3-45 p.m. (S.T.).

Mrs. Radcliffe-Genge v. Miss Woodbridge, followed by at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.), Miss M. J. Wadia and Miss J. Pundone v. Miss Woodbridge and Mrs. W. A. Bell, followed by Y. R. Savur v. S. S. Indulker.

COURT NO. 4.

At 3-45 p.m. (S.T.).

R. K. Sanghani and D. D. Yennemadi v. C. W. Owen and D. Stilliard, followed by at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.) R. A. Mundkur v. A. G. Gupte, followed by J. Harvey v. N. R. Suvarna.

FIRST AVAILABLE COURT.

Mrs. Radcliffe-Genge and E. Padamji v. Miss I. S. Hannay and D. Stilliard.

ON PARSEE GYMKHANA COURT NO. 1.

At 3-45 p.m.

Mr. Shantilal Himatlal v. F. F. Vakharia.

## BOMBAY PROFESSIONAL BILLIARDS HANDICAP

### C. Philips Wins Championship

Semi-final:—
C. Philips—40-300.
N. Budhiya—200-294.

The final which was played on the 8th between C. Philips 40, Bombay City Police Club Marker and G. Budhiya +90, resulted in a win for the former by 300 to 216 points.

Results.—C. Philip—40 300.
G. Budhiya +90 216.

N. Budhiya won the prize for the highest break (66). This cup was presented by S. Taraporewala.

### Congress Election Meeting At Blavatsky Lodge

Under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held in the Blavatsky Lodge Hall (French Bridge) to-day (Wednesday at 6-30 p.m., to support the Congress candidates for the Provincial Legislature. Mr. B. G. Horniman will preside. All the Congress candidates in the City are requested to attend the meeting.

### Ambedkar At Ratnagiri

RATNAGIRI: February 8.

Polling arrangements throughout the Ratnagiri District are now complete. Meanwhile the Congress and the Democratic Swaraj Party are both conducting vigorous election campaigns, and the latter has joined up with the Khoti Sabha Labour Party.

This morning Dr. Ambedkar addressed a large gathering of "untouchables", urging them to support the K. S. Labour Party candidates.—A. P.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta

Mr. Ratilal Gandhi

# Vote For Hansa Mehta And Ratilal Gandhi

## Leaders Appeal To Upper House Electorate

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

**The first Election in Bombay will come off to-morrow, (Thursday) February 11 when the voters of the Bombay Provincial Legislative Council (Upper House) will have an opportunity to show that they stand wholeheartedly by the Congress by returning Mrs. Hansa Mehta and Mr. Ratilal Gandhi, the two Congress nominees.**

**There are four seats allotted to Bombay City and Suburban District General Constituency and the Congress Parliamentary Board has put up these two candidates.**

### Every Vote Counts

**Each voter has four votes to cast which he can distribute in any manner he likes. Considering the fact that there are no less than six other candidates, we appeal to each and every Congress minded voter to go to the polling booth and divide his or her four votes equally between Mrs. Hansa Mehta and Mr. Ratilal Gandhi. In this election where the number of voters is small every vote will count. Let not, therefore, a single vote be wasted, or unequally divided.**

**We are confident that the citizens of Bombay will once again prove as they have so often done before that their vote is a vote for the Congress.**

**Sarojini Naidu,**
**Bhulabhai J. Desai,**
**K. M. Munshi,**
**K. F. Nariman,**
**B. G. Kher,**

# TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The suburbs have many associations, most of which are of a very recent origin, but there are few that are very old standing ones. One such is the Bandra Catholic Railway Travellers' Association, which on Sunday last reached its 37th year of existence

This Association has on its list about 218 members and one of its aims is to give donations to deserving institutions and according to its 36th annual report the Association claims to have given a sum of Rs. 4,305-8 for the purpose.

A LIVELY DEBATE

The Pavilion of the Wellington Gymkhana, Santa Cruz, was packed with quite a large crowd on Sunday last. The event was a debate that provoked great interest.

"In the interests of peace, women would take over the reigns of Government" was moved by Mrs. C F Lynn and was supported by Miss Kapilla Khandwalla and Miss Fonseca. The three of them combined, put up a very powerful case, but Professors Armando Menezes and Justino De Souza with Mr. N Vaz were more than a match for such arguments and every sentence they uttered smashed the proposer's arguments and sent the crowds into roars of laughter. Put to the vote the proposition was lost.

TABLE TENNIS TOURNAMENT

The Bandra Gymkhana, well known for its organising power is the venue of many sporting activities. The Gymkhana, I understand is now to organise a Bombay Suburban Table Tennis Tournament under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Table Tennis Association. The entries for which close to-day at 6 p. m., This tournament promises to be a success and I understand everyone is to be given a sporting chance to try for either the major or the minor prizes.

This tournament which is the first of its kind organised under the auspices of this new body is to open on Saturday, February 13, and close on Thursday, February 18.

## MULLAJI SAHEB OF DAWOODI BOHRAS

The Secretary of the Egyptian Association of India, (Bombay) has received a radio message from an Arab leader of Aden, announcing the arrival of the Mullaji Saheb of the Dawoodi Bohras, at Aden on Thursday last, when he was given a unique reception on his arrival by thousands of Arabs and Bohras.

The wharf was decorated and many notables and officials were present at the place to greet His Holiness. A military band was in attendance. The Royal Air Force provided the launch for the Mullaji Saheb to be brought to the wharf.

The Mullaji Saheb halted for five hours and paid a visit to the local Mosque.

## ELECTION MEETINGS

### At Sat-Rasta

Under the auspices of the Bombay G Ward and Suburban Districts Joint Election Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 8-30 p.m. at Sat-Rasta, maidan of Jacob Circle when Sjt. S. K. Patil, Sjt. K. F. Nariman, Sjt. Dongre, Bar-at-Law, Sjt Shivmurthi Upadhyay, Sjt. K. B. Kubal, Sjt. Borkar and the Congress candidates Messrs. B. G. Kher, D.N. Wandrekar, S. G. Songaonkar and others will address the meeting. Sjt. Ishwarbhai Patel will preside.

AT DANDA

Under the auspices of the Bombay G Ward and Suburban Districts Joint Election Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. at Danda when Sjt. Narayanrao Nakhava, Sjt. Dongre, Bar-at-law, and the Congress candidates Messrs. B.G. Kher, D. N. Wandrekar, S. G. Songaonkar and others will address the meeting.

AT NORTH BROOKE STREET

Under the auspices of the 'C' Ward Congress Parliamentary Committee Public Meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at North Brooke Street under the Presidentship of Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai for Election Propaganda work Sjts. K. F. Nariman, S. K Patil, Nagindas Master, G. N. Desai, Manilal Sheth and others will speak.

AT 2ND PANJRAPOLE LANE

Under the auspices of 'C' Ward Paliamentary Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.) for election propaganda. Sjt. Motichand G. Kapadia will preside and Messrs. Nagindas Master S. K. Patil, Lilavati Munshi, Yusuf Meherally, Ganapati Shanker Desai, Y. K. Parulekar and Gajendranath Sherwan will address the meeting.

TO KHAR VOTERS

The Secretary of the Khar Congress Committee writes:—

The Congress workers are trying their best to hand over the voting cards to all the voters. But due to the immensity of the work and the changes of residence, many of the voters have not been traced. All voters at Khar should, therefore, take away their voting cards from the Khadi Bhandar, as early as possible.

MEETING OF PARSI LADIES.

A public meeting of the Parsi Ladies of Bombay will be held on Saturday, 13th inst at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall when Mr. A. P. Sabavala, Bar-at-Law, will speak on his electioneering campaign and will be supported by Dowager Lady Cowasjee Jehangir, Mrs. F. S. Talyerkhan, Mrs. Gulbanu J. Doctor, Mrs. Hirabai Tata, Mrs. Jamshedji Lam and others.

Miss Shirinbai M. Cursetjee will preside.

The public are cordially invited to be present.

AT BULLION EXCHANGE

An election meeting will be held in the Bullion Exchange Hall, Shroff Bazar to-day (Wednesday) at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), when Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. K. F. Nariman and others will address the members of the Bombay Bullion Exchange Ltd.

SABAWALA'S CANDIDATURE

A meeting of the residents of Tardeo area will be held at 9 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) at Hirvi Chawl, Arthur Road, to support the candidature of Mr. A. P. Sabavala Bar-at-Law for the coming elections of the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the Bombay South Division. Seth Chandrasen Mohanji Ganjawalla will preside. Mr. A. P. Sabawala and Dr. V. S. Karnik will address the meeting.


THIS THEATRE IS Celebrating PARAMOUNT'S SILVER JUBILEE! 1912 1937

"CHAMPAGNE WALTZ"

WITH
GLADYS SWARTHOUT
FRED MacMURRAY
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A beautiful picture with lovely songs, enchanting music and Uproarious Comedy

Also
THE FIRST ALL-COLOUR POPEYE CARTOON IN TWO-REELS
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THE EXCELSIOR

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J. B. PRIESTLEY'S
Great stage success.
"LABURNUM GROVE"
Starring
EDMUND GWENN
CEDRIC HARDWICKE
VICTORIA HOPPER

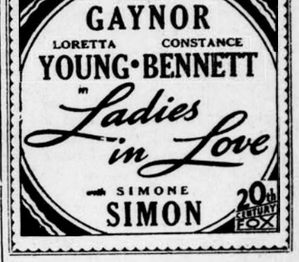
CAPITOL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Special Added Attraction!
MISS ALOHA BAKER
The World's MOST Travelled Girl in a
PERSONAL STAGE APPEARANCE
By Special Request
Giving a short description of her Travels and Adventures illustrated by—
HER OWN FILM

REGAL

DAILY at 4, 6-30 & 10 P M.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1937

# BOMBAY COUNCIL ELECTIONS

To-morrow will commence the fateful election week in the Bombay Presidency and will put to a crucial test the public spirit of the voters and their traditional loyalty to the Congress. It is confidently expected that the voters of Bombay will acquit themselves as creditably as those in Bihar and Orissa have done. The elections to the Legislative Council or the so-called Upper Chamber take place to-morrow, and it behoves the voters to give a worthy lead to those who will cast their votes during the following days of the week. For the Council which has not less than 29 and not more than 30 seats—the Governor having to nominate not less than 3 and not more than 4 members—the Congress has put up 15 candidates for the 20 General Constituencies. The number of Congress candidates is not as large as it could have been if the electorate for the Chamber were as democratic as that for the Assembly. But that is itself one special reason why every one of those candidates must be returned without a single exception.

## All Must Be Returned

That measure of success is necessary, not merely because the prestige of the Congress is involved in the election, but also because the policy for which the Congress stands needs it for its complete success. It should be remembered that, if the two Chambers do not agree in any Bill, it is to be referred to a joint session of both the Chambers and on such occasions the full quota of Congress members in the Council will be necessary to ensure, beyond the possibility of doubt the majority of Congressmen at a joint session. A mere majority in the Assembly may not suffice for the purpose. The responsibility undertaken by the Congress in the elections is so heavy that voters canot afford to take any risks. Every Congress candidate for the Council must be returned. Then only can there be a genuine democratic atmosphere in the Council as well as in the Assembly, then only will the policy of the Congress be fully effective.

## Voters' Duty

There are a few important details about the actual election which the Congress-minded voters should carefully bear in mind. In every general constituency for the Council there are more seats than one and every voter has as many votes as there are seats in his constituency. It is necessary that every supporter of the Congress should give all his votes to the Congress candidate or candidates in his constituency; and where there are more than one Congress candidate, the votes should be equally divided between them. The former precaution is necessary as the Council electorate is not democratic enough and Congress-minded voters have to pool all their resources to guarantee the success of every Congress candidate. And the second precaution is necessary to guard against the risk of over-concentration on one Congress candidate jeopardising the success of his colleague. There is also another point which the voters should bear in mind. It is possible that in certain parts of the Presidency, owing to the paucity of Congress workers or inadequate co-ordination, the elections to the Council have not received their due share of propaganda. But wherever this has been the case, it behoves Congress-minded voters to regard themselves as Congress workers, not to wait for volunteers to help them in their simple task, but to help themselves in all necessary ways and see that they all cast all their votes for Congress. In Bihar, Orissa and U. P. lakhs of poor ignorant peasants have regarded it as their religious duty to support Congress candidates and have walked up long distances to the polling booths as to a place of pilgrimage. The voters for the Council cannot afford to lag behind in their enthusiasm for the Congress cause, which is nothing less than the complete independence of their country.

# Let Mr. Jinnah Answer

Mr. Jinnah is mistaken in saying that "an appeal" has been made to him by the "Bombay Chronicle". We cannot accept the implication which that word conveys. Evidently Mr. Jinnah reads newspapers like artists of the Impressionist or rather the modern Sur-realist School. We reproduce a relevant passage from Friday's issue:—"We invite Mr. Jinnah to say exactly what he thinks of the poster and leaflet referred to by Mr. Brelvi: whether he agrees with or repudiates them. We do so not for the sake of Mr. Brelvi because the gutter mentality that is in evidence in these posters cannot hurt him. But Mr. Jinnah owes it to himself to protect his reputation." It will be noticed that we asked Mr. Jinnah to clear his position in his own interest. The passage quoted above will aso dispose of Mr. Jinnah's delightfully forensic complaint that "we have already been prejudged and condemned."

Nor is he in a happy position when he complains that "No enquiry was made from the League office as to its origin". We cannot, of course, presume to teach the Publicity Officer, much less Mr. Jinnah, their duty to their organisation. But the poster had been before the public for a good few days. It was a scurrilous and filthy thing initiated, as Mr. Jinnah would insinuate, by Mr. Brelvi's speech about the Muslim League leaders. And Mr. Jinnah's machinery owed it to the Muslim League to repudiate it publicly. That wonderful machinery voluntarily rushed to the Press squeaking against Maulana Irfan's statement, but it did not occur to it to do so in justice to its own organisation. Days passed, the League machinery remained idle. Does Mr. Jinnah seriously suggest that it was the duty of others to set it in motion? Another leaflet appeared—we are speaking only of the two reproduced in Mr. Brelvi's statement—and even then what the "Bombay Chronicle" and Mr Brelvi did was not to associate Mr. Jinnah with them but to ask him to dissociate himself and his League from them. Mr. Jinnah must not misrepresent facts and blame others for his and lieutenants' faults.

But how has Mr. Jinnah responded to the "appeal" of the "Bombay Chronicle"? He coolly ignores the leaflet, which is not much different from the poster. What are we to deduce from this? As to the poster, he just says, "I, after making careful enquiries, find that the All-India Muslim League machinery has nothing to do with it." He ignores the question asked by us and reproduced above. We do not propose to interpret Mr. Jinnah's statement either as agreement with or repudiation of those filthy sheets. For, we might be accused of misrepresenting him. And, moreover, Mr. Jinnah has rendered any interpretation impossible by suggesting that Mr. Brelvi "having taken the initiative, if from some unknown source the poster is published, surely the League is not going to be condemned for it". Having read and re-read Mr. Jinnah's statement and tried to understand it, may we repeat the question: What exactly does he think of the poster and the leaflet?

One word more about the "Bombay Chronicle". "It is", so says Mr. Jinnah, "well-known that Mr. Brelvi has carried on one-sided propaganda in the "Bombay Chronicle" and maligned the All-India Muslim League and every one connected with it ever since his interview with me before the Muslim League candidates were adopted in October last". The insinuation behind this affectation of injured innocence and martyrdom is utterly and absolutely untrue. The fact is that ever since the All-India Muslim League or rather Mr. Jinnah decided to co-operate with the Muslim Unity Board, the attitude of the "Bombay Chronicle" towards the All-India Muslim League—it is rather interesting to note that Mr. Jinnah freely confuses the All-India Muslim League with the Bombay branch and the Bombay Board—has been one of the tolerant benevolence. But—and we want to emphasise this fact, lest it escape Mr. Jinnah—from the very beginning, which was much before October last, the "Bombay Chronicle" had been warning Mr. Jinnah that the League would be known by the company which got into it, that if he surrendered to reactionaries he would ruin the League and naturally forfeit any right to be treated with benevolence. We challenge Mr. Jinnah to deny this. That his candidates are definitely reactionary both politically and from the point of view of the League is easily proved. One of them, as we have shown a few days ago, actually revels in being a rebel against the League. And many of them, along with all the important leaders of the Bombay Board are members of a deputation, led by Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, which presented addresses to Lord Willingdon and Lord Linlithgow, thankfully welcoming the new Constitution. We challenge Mr. Jinnah to deny this also, and then to invite him to say whether the "Bombay Chronicle" is the maligner or the maligned.

As regards Mr. Jinnah's attacks on Mr. Brelvi personally, we do not propose to say anything until he has had the opportunity to reply to them. We, therefore, hope to take up Mr. Jinnah's statement further to-morrow when we will have something to say also about his most interesting explanation about the policy and programme of the Muslim League, his "fundamental differences" with the Congress, his most attractive "elementary principles which should guide a party" and so on.

## FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

### Gleanings From The World Press

(By Our London Correspondent).

There have been comments on the shortness of Mr. de Valera's stay in London. This last visit has been one of the longest since he became President of the Council-about 24 hours.

In March, when he was last on his way to Zurich to consult Dr. Vogt about his eyes, he arrived in London on the Irish boat train and left a few hours later on the afternoon boat train for the Continent. On his return journey seven weeks later his stay was very little longer. He arrived one evening and left again early the following morning. One of his shortest visits was when he came over in 1932 to discuss the question of the Oath and the annuities with the British Cabinet.

His sleeper arrived at Euston at 5.55 in the morning, police guarding it from the crowd of enthusiastic London Irish, who threatened to disturb the presidential slumbers. After a day of discussion he left again by the 5.50 afternoon train.

The reason for these fleeting visit is, it is understood, a tactful desire on the part of Mr. De Valera to avoid causing embarrassment. It is an understood convention that any Dominions Minister visiting London should, if he stays more than 36 hours, pay a call at Buckingham Palace and sign the visitors' book. By making shorter visit Mr. De Valera avoids placing himself in the awkward position of either offending his supporters in the Free State by calling on the King, or seeming disrespectful to the head of the British Commonwealth of Nations.

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Phrenology is booming, following the recent visit of the Duke of Kent to a London phrenologist.

The founder of modern "bump reading" was Franz Jose Gall, a German, who ended his life as a naturalised Frenchman. In 1796 he proclaimed his theories of the functions of the brain, but the Church, in alarm, persuaded the Emperor to forbid his teaching in Austria. It is recorded that Gall discovered the bump of cruelty by examining the heads of the public executioner. Picpockets' heads lead him to the bump of envy, and Church worshipers to the bump of devotion.

Writing in his parish magazine, Canon W. H. Gray, vicar of Christchurch Priory, near Bournmouth, says:

"I constantly hear my parishioners complain of the dearth of cooks, and that even if they get one she cannot cook. I have solved the problem of indifferent cooking, it is all a question of rhythm. I have a radio in the kitchen, controlled from my study. When I know that omelettes or pastry are on the menu, I switch on, and on passing the kitchen door I hear the forks beating time with the music. The result is a perfectly turned-out omelette and light pastry.

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The "invisibe man" has come true—in Italy.

Professor Mancini, of Milan, has

(Continued On Page 7—Col. 1)

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

# Polish Demand For Colonies

## Czech Premier On "Disciplined Democracy"

From Our Own Correspondent

PRAGUE: January 28.

Poland has recently projected a claim for colonies. The idea that colonial possession is a requisite for prestige pressed recently with vigour from certain sources, an economic rigour bound with the extension of military expenditure in a background of an antiquated system of land tenure, and the wide emigration restriction of recent period; all these contribute in advancement of this claim. Some of the reasons pushed forward, such as relating to the economic sphere, are similar to those stated by other States urging for colonies or extension of them. Significantly enough, the internal economic policy pursued, contributes closely to the pressure associated with these expressed reasons. There is also no ground why they should not be taken up by others and more. Poland's own case is an instance of this. Poland has not definitely formulated her aims or views relating to colonial participation. But the intention to have such a participation has been stressed with some keenness and with association of official interest in recent period. There has, it may here be stated, appeared some references or suggestions of getting a hold over Liberia in Polish Press and circles. The Polish historian Studnicki in his new book "The Question of Jewry" indicates as holding a vision of a Polish mandate over Palestine. A pressure that leads certain Polish circles to the colonial idea is fitted to be met by internal agrarian reforms and also alterations in emigration regulations. The development of some wide markets in Asia with removal of restrictive factors and certain checks on directions of trade can also greatly contribute towards a diminishing of strain in Europe. Such a development will also serve the course of advance of the idea of self-determination, in which direction is expected to be linked the interest of a country like India. Readjustments or additions to the number of colonial holders will go basically in the direction of underlining the idea of imperialism. There is, of course, the tendency for care to the view that a tension among competitors might extend the opportunity for some units to gain relaxation or release of the hold over them. Anyway conditions in Europe are seen as leading to bringing more to the fore-front the colonial issue. This is worthy of close attention in India as also the background of it and the currents in relation to it

### Czechoslovakia: Policy And Outlook

The Czechoslovakian Premier, Dr. Hodza, two days back made a broadcast statement of the country's policy and outlook. This statement has received considerable attention, alike on account of the key position of Czechoslovakia and the significance of its stand in relation to various currents of close European importance. Dr. Hodza, vigorously defended the minority policy of the State; spoke optimistically of the economic position as reflecting newly and well the tendency for improvement; affirmed interest to the line of closer contacts between the States of the Little Entente and the Rome Protocol, indicating this as suited as well to better the way for understanding with Germany; and declared the intention to maintain such foreign contacts as held advantageous without check to the internal course of adherence to "disciplined democracy" that has well helped in avoiding stormy upheavals. The Czechoslovakian Premier announced the idea of holding an exhibition in Prague in 1942 on a monumental scale which he stated would have an international character in certain ways and would also supply a good representation of the country's progress in cultural, economic and social fields. In connection with this he also gave out the scheme of having ready by then a modern system of underground railway for Prague.

### Jugoslavian-Bulgarian Agreement

Jugoslavia and Bulgaria have this week, as indicated a little while back, concluded an agreement of friendship, formally registered in Belgrade. Relations between these two Balkan States have for a long period been not very satisfactory. An attitude of detachment kept by Bulgaria has often led to Italy and Germany moving to assertion of influence at Sofia to a separatist course associated with some of their aims in the foreign sphere. Bulgaria, it will be recalled, also kept out of the Balkan Union formed nearly three years back. The country's advance now to a new orientation is viewed as reflective greatly of recognition of hold maintained by the Balkan Union and also a more cautious attitude to Germany linked with the internal rigour there and to Italy bound with Italy's added care to the Mediterranean. There are suggestions and renewed hopes of Bulgaria stepping on to join the Balkan Union, the importance of which Union is enhanced by the fact that two members of it, Roumania and Jugoslavia, are also at the same time members of the Little Entente. It is hence not surprising that the new agreement has evoked satisfaction in Prague and Bucharest. This development with a fresh alertness on the part of Poland, gives a new interest to Western European affairs, with which the colonial issue is more closely concerned, and to Franco-German relations.

### Industrialisation Of India

An important Continental economic review devotes an article this week to the economic situation in India, with special reference to the issue of the country's industrialisation. The article refers to a growing urge in the country towards industrial advance and also of various basic favourable conditions to the course being present. None-the-less it is stated, the industrialisation is considerably checked by various circumstances. The agricultural outlook credited to the new Viceroy, while having its progressive side, the suggestion is thrown out, also implies retention of the attitude of looking upon India more from the angle of market for British goods and not holding much of a change in an activist outlook towards industrialisation. As other conditions of a restrictive nature are closely emphasised, backwardness of the prevalent agrarian system, defective banking arrangement, and weakness in technical efficiency. In recent period, it is stated, development has been greatly in the direction of small scale establishments; sugar industry forming the most marked exception to this.

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

**SIANFU REVOLT ENDS.**

The Sianfu situation has definitely turned in favour of the National Government of China. For, it is reported that General Yaughuchen who had raised the standard of revolt has fled and the Sianfu garrison has submitted to the Government. The report may be taken as quite true because it comes from Shanghai. And this very fact, namely that it comes from Shanghai discredits the suggestion in the other part of the report. Tokyo and Shanghai are both interested in damning the communists in every possible way. They are only too eager to make out that what the communists are concerned about is to create trouble on every occasion irrespective of how it may affect China. This is, of course wrong. The so-called "communists" in China are a large body of young patriots whose first object to-day is to save their country from Japanese Imperialism. In the achievement of this object they demand not only the support but the leadership of Chiang Kai Shek. And Chiang has got the opportunity, if only he takes it.

**DURBAR POSTPONED**

The postponement of the Coronation Durbar in India is not unexpected. According to an official communique the decision has been arrived at by the King owing to "the duties and responsibilities which he has undertaken on ascending the throne in unexpected circumstances." And our Anglo-Indian contemporary has been at considerable pains to remove the impression created by "some Congress papers" that the decision to postpone the Durbar has been prompted by Congress victories. This rather thinly veiled anxiety to explain away the "reasons which weighed with the King and his advisers" is significant. The "unexpected circumstances" which brought the present King to the throne of England happened two months ago. "The King and his advisers" have been rather late in announcing the postponement of the original plans which, it was generally assumed a few weeks ago, would remain unaltered. It is not at all unlikely that the King's advisers have sought to avoid a situation in which the majority party in many provincial legislatures is pledged to boycott the Durbar.

**CONGRESS AND LABOUR**

The Congress-Labour dispute over the Trade Union seat in the Nagpur Labour Constituency has resulted in a heated controversy between Mr. Ruikar and Dr. Khare. Persistence in the controversy or one-sided propaganda on the question at this juncture will not help the anti-Imperialist cause and the development of that United Front between the Congress and the Trade Union movement in the country which Mr. Ruikar seems to be anxious to build up. At a time when every attempt,—open and clandestine,—is being made to prevent Congress successes in the elections that are in progress both by the Government and the opponents of the Congress, it is essential that all progressive forces in the country which stand for its independence must close up their ranks, despite minor differences, to demonstrate the solidarity of the nation against the new Government of India Act. The Congress is fighting the elections on the clear issue of wrecking that Constitution by asserting the right to national self-determination. Besides, the Congress manifesto has declared in inequivocal terms that the parliamentary activity of the Congress will only be the reflection of the wider struggle of the people in the country. The more important thing, thus, that should occupy the major attention of all is the development of the fundamental struggle itself and in that direction the Trade Union and Kisan movements can contribute a great deal by giving more attention to the proper organisation of the masses. But the Ruikar-Khare controversy and the fratricidal propaganda that some of the local labour leaders are indulging in can only sidetrack the clear-cut issue on which the elections are being fought. We do hope that in the interest of the country and the anti-Imperialist joint front, the present unfortunate controversy will be dropped, all anti-Imperialist elements join together in the mighty battle for complete freedom of the country.

**THEY MUST BE REPLACED!**

Presiding over the annual meeting of the Bombay Shroff's Association, Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta made a noteworthy suggestion regarding the development of rural credit agencies. Right dismissing the report of the Reserve Bank as extremely disappointing inasmuch as it offers no solution of the baffling problem of agricultural credit, he wants the various credit agencies to be linked together. In the present circumstances it is better, of course, that the activities of the village moneylender, the indigenous banker and the rural credit Society are coordinated according to a set plan. But we cannot agree with the Reserve Bank report in exonerating the money-lenders from all blame for usurious rates of interest, nor do we see any point in Mr. Mehta magnanimously recommending more "benefits" for village "sowcars." However indispensable this gentry may be at the moment one cannot accept them as permanent features of the village economic life. Sooner or later they have to be replaced by co-operative banking organizations and it should be the business of the Government and the public to expedite the end of their exploitation of the ryot.

## Kamgar Maidan Meeting

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—My attention has been drawn to a report and Editorial comment regarding the election meeting of Mr. Joglekar on the 7th evening at the Kamgar Maidan. As one present at the meeting will you please allow me to present the true version of the incident which is described as "champal throwing at women volunteers" in your report of the same meeting. What happened was as follows:—

When Comrade Dange was addressing the meeting, a lorry packed with Congress volunteers waving the Congress flag and shouting slogans dashed through the narrow street adjoining the maidan. There was not even a murmur against it as the audience was attentively listening to Com. Dange. It reached the end of the street and for reasons known to the Congress volunteers alone the lorry went round the maidan again through the opposite street. The Congress volunteers had no justification for coming there and shouting Congress slogans in a workers' meeting which act the workers rightly regarded as a deliberate and provocative act and therefore shouted at them as the lorry quickly passed.

That was all that happened regarding the "Champal thrown at women volunteers" affair. No champal was thrown and there was only one little girl in the lorry. If any one was injured let him or her come forward with authenticated details of the injury and its place and time.—Yours, etc.

SAUMYENDRANATH TAGORE.

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WITHOUT COMMENT

**LONDON, February 8.**

**Mr. E. Shinwell enlivened the House of Commons by asking the Prime Minister whether, in view of the numerous persons already possessing titles, he would consider the desirability of suspending all further Honours lists during the Government's term of office, as such a step would be more consistent with the present democratic age.**

**Mr. Shinwell observed that the Prime Minister himself and other members of the Government had managed to maintain their reputations without titles.**

**Mr. Baldwin declined the suggestion. . . . ."**

* * * *

PESHAWAR, February 7.

The following is the latest party position in the North-West Frontier Province Legislative Assembly:—

| | |
|---|---|
| INDEPENDENT MUSLIMS .. | 8 |
| CONGRESS .. | 5 |
| HINDU SIKH NATIONALISTS .. | 1 |
| Total .. | 14 |

—A.P.I.

Wouldn't the following be a better classification:—

Congress .... X
N.-W. F. P. Public Tranquillity Act .... X + Y

* * * *

A rather hard boiled correspondent writes:—"Sir, Is it true that His Holiness the Shankaracharya has received an assurance through his Constituted Attorney that the first thing which Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram is determined to do on entering the new Legislature will be to launch a frontal attack on the Communal Award by demanding that it be referred to a Standing Committee?"

We do not know. The correspondent had better address the question to the Constituted Attorney of His Holiness—that is to say if he 'must' waste his time over Sir Jehangir.

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**TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS**

(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague)

(1) The coronation mug will bear the portrait of Baldwin.

(2) The Coronation Durbar in India has been postponed owing to a petition from many Indian knights who fear they would not have by then sufficiently recovered from shocks received during the elections.

(3) Mr. M. A. Jinnah has offered a prize to anyone who catches the culprits who have been issuing scandalous posters on behalf of the Muslim League.

(4) Seth Alla Rakhia and Mr. Mohamed Ali Allah Baksh have started a serious study of the past history of the Muslim League.

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"The fall of Malaga marks a successful beginning to a campaign to capture Valencia, into which the insurgents are throwing every ounce of their energy—Reuter.

"Their every ounce", of course, is made of the good few pounds of energy supplied by the Moors, the Nazis and the Fascists.

* * * *

Do All Motorists Spread Germs? asks a headline.

Certainly not. On the contrary they help to exterminate those pedestrian vermin.

# Govt. Troops Are Being Reinforced

## "20,000 ITALIANS HELP TO CAPTURE MALAGA"

## Offensive Directed By German Naval Staff?

ALMERIA, Feb. 8.

*Following the order by Government high command in Malaga the evacuated Government troops who retired in good order to new positions are taking quantities of war materials.*

*The Government troops are already reinforced and re-equipped with a view to meeting any further insurgent advance.*

*According to the Special Correspondent of the Spanish Press Agency Government troops in the last few days fought with the greatest heroism against great odds both as regards numbers and equipment.*

*The correspondent declares that 20,000 Italian troops and several thousand Germans and thousands of Moorish soldiers were utilised by insurgent command.*

*He adds that over a hundred Italian tanks were used in the final phase of the assault and alleges that the assault was made under the direction of German Naval Staff aboard the German battleship "Grafvonspee."*

*Government military circles opine that Malaga is not a serious strategic loss as far as general military situation is concerned as it is stated that for some months past Government had not used the port as a naval base.*

# Rebels Open Campaign To Capture Valencia

LONDON, Feb. 8.

**The fall of Malaga marks a successful beginning of the campaign to capture Valencia into which the insurgents are throwing every ounce of energy.**

**It is learnt from Gibraltar that the insurgents intend to advance on Almeria next week, and claim to have already partially blocked the Madrid-Valencia Road, isolating the capital.**

The inhabitants in ninety mile coastal region between Malaga and Almeria are reported to be fleeing into the interior following a heavy bombardment from the air and sea.

**Insurgent warships which covered the attack on Malaga bombarded the aerodrome at Motril, while insurgent bombing planes raided Adra further eastward.**

The main street is reported to be wrecked and twenty persons killed and thirty seriously injured. —Reuter.

### OFFICIAL ADMISSION.

VALENCIA, Feb. 9.

The insurgent capture of Malaga is officially admitted here.—Reuter.

### "MADMEN" WHO STOOD GROUND TO LAST.

SEVILLE, Feb. 9.

Malaga was occupied by four insurgent columns, stated General Dellano in a broadcast. There was little resistance at first from the madmen who entrenched themselves in houses.

Government troops left eighty dead while only a few insurgents were wounded.—Reuter.

### *TRAGIC FATE OF MALAGA*

#### *Eye-Witness' Story*

ALGECIRAS, February 9.

Situation in war-scared Malaga, after intensive bombardment, was described by first Englishman to enter the city after capture.

He said that whole interior of Cathedral had been destroyed as also all churches, chapels and villas belonging to nationalists. The Duke of Seville has been temporarily appointed Military Governor. Many cases of small-pox and other diseases are reported.

It is understood that 5,000 refugees from Malaga are wishing to return to trace their families and friends and may request British naval authorities at Gibraltar to lend a warship for transport. There is no confirmation of massacres on either side.

The Communist leaders managed to escape and sailed in the direction of Valencia before the City fell. Taking with them over 52 million pesetas.—Reuter.

### *Heavy Govt. Casualties*

GIBRALTAR, February 9.

It is reliably learned that Government forces have sustained over 5,000 casualties in the fighting preceding capture of Malaga.

An eye witness states that he counted over 100 dead on the pavement of one street in Malaga. It is reported insurgent casualties were about 350.—Reuter.

### *VOTE FOR MR. BRELVI*

**As the 15th of February approaches, the election campaign of Mr. Syed Abdullah Brelvi is being carried on more vigorously in all Muslim localities in A, B, C and D Wards. A noteworthy feature is the enthusiasm of women. Mrs. Khadija Vasi, Mrs. Rajabali Patel, Mrs. Janmahomed Sayani, Mrs. Safia Khan, Mrs. Ruquia Yusuf Moledina, Mrs. Ashraf Habib Dharamsey, Mrs. Edroos, Mrs. Moinuddin Harris, Mrs. A. S. Khan and Miss Mariam Abdul Gaffar Khan have taken a leading share in the work. To-day from 11-30 a.m. they will visit Khoja Moholla, Nishampada Road, Khadak, Dongri Street, Bhimpura and other localities in three batches for canvassing votes for Mr. Brelvi.**

# GRANARY PLAN FOR AMERICA

### Mr. Wallace Submits Four-Point Programme

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.

The present need for more abundant production was again stressed by the Secretary for Agriculture in an address to American farm leaders. Mr. Wallace asking for support for a perpetually normal granary plan, submitted a four-point programme:

**Firstly, continuance of the present benefit-payments under the soil conservation act; secondly, loans for storage of farm-products whenever the supply exceeds normal requirements; thirdly, extra benefits to encourage acreage restriction if the loan programme fails to curtail production; fourthly, rigid crop-control, should the first three measures be ineffective in reducing surpluses.**

The last mentioned point confirms the indications towards a return of centralised federal control and it was said, in this connection, that the administration may propose new legislation affecting agriculture, business and labour immediately the Congressional leaders are able to assure President Roosevelt that his judiciary reform plan will be enacted. In fact it is held that such legislation will probably be used to obtain the necessary Congressional support to the judiciary scheme.—Reuter.

### *Duke Of Kent's Daughter Christened*

LONDON: February 9.

The infant daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Kent was Christened at Buckingham Palace Chapel by the Archbishop of Canterbury in the presence of her parents, Their Majesties the King and Queen and the Queen mother, Princess Elizabeth and Princess Margaret Rose, Duke and Duchess of Gloucester, Octagenarian Princess Beatrice and Earl and Countess of Athlone.

The Princess is named Alexandra Helen Elizabeth Olga Christabel to mark her birth on Christmas Day. The Princess had eight God-Parents. The Gold Font made for King Edward VII's Christening was used and Jordan water was sprinkled on the baby, who wore Queen Victoria's Christening robes.—Reuter.

# No Division Of Forces On Supreme Issue

## JAWAHAR'S CALL TO UNITY

**In a fighting speech, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress strongly condemned the activities of those persons tending to disrupt the national movement, at this critical juncture, especially when there was a tremendous awakening among the people on the supreme issue of national independence.**

**"When the Provinces are recording their verdict on the question of freedom in a clear manner," he asked, "do these people want that our struggle should be weakened and that our energy should be wasted, over petty and insignificant quarrels?"**

Pandit Jawaharlal delivered a frontal attack against Mr. Jinnah and his party, and his references to the courage the service and sacrifice of the Congress. Muslims evoked thundering cheers from the audience numbering more than 100,000 men and women.

Panditji denied that there was any secret Pact between the Congress and Mr. Jinnah over the office acceptance issue and said that it would be a grievous mistake to accept office, after the nation had spoken its will at the polls.

A posse of about 50 policemen armed with 'lathis' were present outside the chawls, with a dozen officers.

### *JAWAHAR'S SPEECH AT DADAR*

From 9 o'clock on Tuesday night, thousands of men and women waited patiently at the Palan Sojpal Chawl grounds, awaiting the arrival of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, coming to Bombay for the first time after the Faizpur session of the Indian National Congress. As the audience were impatient, every stage of his journey by car from Ghatkopar was relayed to them, after telephonic enquiries and presently Panditji arrived and received tremendous ovation as he moved towards the dais through the huge crowd.

MAIN ISSUE.

Panditji said that everywhere the Congress election issue loomed large before the eyes of the people and it was, therefore, necessary to understand the significance of this campaign. Why had the Indian National Congress taken up this activity with so much enthusiasm and energy? Not because India was going to win Swaraj through these assemblies and councils. That could never happen.

It was for the purpose of strengthening the national movement for the sake of the only vital question, that awaited a solution at the hands of the people. (Applause). The poverty of the people their ever-increasing misery were the questions which awaited a definite solution which could not be put off.

Pandit Jawaharlal asserted once again that there could be only two parties in the country, one representing the Indian National Congress and the other the Government.

"So long as you do not realise this important principles involved in the Congress programme of capturing the legislatures, you would not be able to understand the real meaning and significance of elections. These elections are not intended to send inside the legislatures, people who would adorn ministerial "Gadis."

DUTY TO CONGRESS

Here the issue was clear. If once the importance of elections were realised, every one would automatically consider it his duty to support the Congress without hesitation. It was encouraging to hear of the successes of the Congress in Bihar and other provinces. The effect of such good news was heartening and other provinces should take the lead.

CALL TO KISAN SANGHS

Panditji dealing with the Kisan Sanghs said that the Congress once again proved that it enjoyed the loyalty of the peasants and the Congress had always stood by the cause of the peasants. All the Kisan Sanghs in the country were welcome to join the Congress, for they must not forget that India was predominantly a land of the peasants.

In the fight for national independence, all must join for one section of the people alone could not carry it on.

T.U.C. LEADERS REBUKED

Pandit Jawaharlal administered a sharp rebuke to the leaders of the Trade Union Congress. He said that on account of some petty quarrels, the Trade Union leaders were opposing the Congress. Though the Congress attempted to accommodate the Trade Union Congress, it was found not possible to do so. The major issue should not be forgotten.

The present attitude of the Trade Union Congress would only harm the cause of the workers and would harm the national movement. Was it the desire of the T.U.C., to keep away workers from taking their legitimate share in the national fight for freedom? It was deplorable that the Trade Union Congress should go the length of joining hands with the rivals of the Congress, to see that the Congress candidate was defeated. "Let them remember that to-day there is no issue before the country except the question of independence." And if they remembered this much, they should alter their attitude towards the Congress.

STRENGTHEN FREEDOM'S FIGHT

He as an ex-President of the Trade Union Congress had the welfare of workers at heart. He hoped that the T. U. C., would not contribute towards the disruption of the anti-Nationalist forces in the country but would help to consolidate them and strengthen the fight for freedom.

It was a pity that much time and energy were being wasted on petty squabbles. The Congress alone toook upon its shoulders the heavy responsibility of expressing the will of the nation. No other party in the country had the courage to do it and would ever dare do it.

And at this critical juncture it was the duty of every Indian to stand by the Congress, brushing aside all other considerations.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru criticised the communalists among the Hindus and the Muslims and said that their quarrel was over some loaves and fishes of office. The people at large were gradually able to see behind the cloak of communalism and were rallying round the banner of the Congress.

NO PACT WITH JINNAH

Panditji strongly repudiated a press report of a secret Pact between the Congress and Mr. Jinnah regarding the acceptance of office. Personally he was opposed to any kind of secret Pacts.

Referring to the question of office acceptance, he said: "How could there be such a thing as acceptance of office by the Congress at this stage. It will be a grievous mistake if the Congress accepts offices, after the nation has spoken its mind, in the manner it is doing in province after province. We should remember the issue on which we approached the electors and they are giving their verdict."

Pandit Jawaharlal next referred to the reply of Mr. Jinnah in regard to the statement that there were only two parties in the Congress, namely, the Congress and the Government and there could be no third party.

He said that he wished to send a rejoinder to Mr. Jinnah but owing to heavy programme, he could not find time to do so. Now he would take the opportunity and mention one or two points. He would leave aside the personal references made in Mr. Jinnah's statement for the present.

REJOINDER TO JINNAH.

He regretted that Mr. Jinnah should call the Congress Muslims "adventurers." He most emphatically protested against such description. The Congress Muslims in the North West Frontier Province and other provinces could not be called so and their suffering and sacrifice elicited admiration from the country. After all, what could Mr. Jinnah know of the national movement in which he never cared to take part even once.

"There are Muslims in the Congress," he declared, "who could provide inspiration to thousand Jinnahs. (Loud applause).

Continuing Pandit Jawaharlal said that he was sorry that the Congress did not set up more Muslim candidates. In the United Provinces, he found a large number of Muslim voters asking him in whose favour they could exercise their franchise in the absence of Congress candidates. The voters of the U. P. whether they were Hindus or Muslims were all anxious to vote for the Congress.

"As for the achievements of Mr. Jinnahs Party," added Panditji, "I shall not say a word." (Laughter).

DIVORCED FROM TIME AND SPIRIT.

Mr. Jinnah spoke in sarcastic terms about "independence. He did not realise that world events and the time spirit were making it inevitable but India should be independent.

He was sorry for the mentality of Mr. Jinnah, who could not understand the significance and the spirit of national independence. Mr. Jinnah might prefer "responsible government," but he for one would not agree to join such a party in preference to the Congress, which stood for national independence.

VOTE FOR CONGRESS.

Pandit Jawaharlal concluding exhorted the voters to support the Congress candidates and read out the long list of Congress nominees for the Bombay City and Suburban District (Urban) constituencies.

Loud-speakers of the Chicago Radio Telephone Company were installed.

Bombay National Guards and lady volunteers under Mrs. Safia Khan rendered yeomen service, in controlling the huge crowds of men and women.

### Pt. JAWAHARLAL IN SUBURBS

(Continued from Page 1)

Address, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, said that he was very much pleased with the welcome that has been extended to him. He was aware that the honour that was being done to him was not in his individual capacity, but an honour to the institution of which he was the President. To-day if there was any organisation in the country which commanded the respect and regard of the people as a whole, it was the Indian National Congress. Let those who criticise the Congress through thick and thin, consider for a moment as to what would have happened in the country, if there was no organisation like the Indian National Congress. The Congress was not of a few individuals. It was of the people. There were lakhs and lakhs of Indians who were members of the Organisation.

Continuing the Pandit stated that during the past four months, he had been touring the length and breadth of India from Himalayas to Kanyakumari. To-day there was a great awakening in the country due to the forthcoming elections. He had addressed scores of meetings during the last few days where thousands of people eagerly waited to hear the message of the Congress. He commenced his tour four months ago and he had not yet completed it. He had been viewing the forthcoming elections from a certain standpoint. Winning in the elections was not a big thing for the Congress. Congress which achieved great things and which has to do much greater things could certainly come out successful at the elections. If Congress had been giving importance to the elections now, it was because the elections were being fought on definite principles. There was an objective behind that fight. There were many who did not realise that and began quarrelling among themselves

MASS AWAKENING.

Continuing the Pandit said that he was happy that he had come to Maharashtra. He wanted to be in his own province, since elections were in progress there, but he came with a view to keep up the promise that he had made. He was sorry that he was not able to cast his vote, though he had been asking the people to march in their thousands to the Polling booths and cast their votes in favour of the Congress candidates

"Wherever I went I saw a great awakening among the people. The eagerness with which the people listened to the message of the Congress, the look on their faces were impressed in my mind. I could never forget it. A new spirit was being created among the people. The strength of the people was increasing. That strength was behind the Congress; that strength will be utilised for fighting the battle of Indian freedom" added the Pandit.

The will of the people to be free was undergoing a test during the elections. What could a few individuals, whether Lalas or Moulvis or Moulanas, or Pandits go and do in the Legislatures? Only an organised Party could make its strength felt. What were these individuals who were seeking elections before the mighty Indian National Congress? What can they achieve if they got into the Legislatures?

He was very much impressed with the enthusiasm, loyalty and regard that was exhibited by the poverty stricken kisans towards the Congress. "Remember that India is in the Villages. If there will be awakening in India, it will begin in those villages" added Pandit Nehru. The speaker had no doubt that Maharashtra would follow the good example set up by Bihar and Orissa.

AT GHATKOPAR

After taking tea, the President motored down to Ghatkopar within fifteen minutes and drove straight to the Municipal Building where nearly five thousand people had gathered. The Municipal address of welcome was read by Mr. Jethalal Parekh in the absence of the Chairman of the Municipality Mr. Hansoti. A beautiful Rose garland was presented to the Congress President

The President in a short speech appealed to the Ghatkopar voters to vote for the Congress candidates. A revolutionary spirit was again being created in the country.

AT KURLA.

The President then motored down to Kurla, where a big gathering had assembled on the Road side. Mr. B. G. Kher, one of the Congress Candidates addressed the gathering before the arrival of the Congress President, who on his arrival addressed the meeting and said that a good deal of heat was being produced due to the election controversies. He had toured almost all the Provinces. He said that there were much bigger things that the people had to do than elections. Elections were a minor affair. Winning the elections by the Congress was a certainty, but the people should see how that success was achieved by the Congress. The elections were a fight between two forces, the Congress Party and the Pro-Government Party and it was for the people to chose between the two parties.

The President then rushed to the meeting at Dadar, where ten thousand people had been waiting since 9 p.m. He reached the place at 10-10 p.m.

### *CONGRESS SCORES IN U. P.*

**Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has received the following telegram on Tuesday night, from Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, President of the U. P., Provincial Congress Committee, Lucknow:—**

**"According to reports received, Congress is winning 110 seats. Reports from 40 Constituencies are awaited.**

### *THIRTY THOUSAND HEAR JAWAHAR*

#### *Civic Address At Dhulia: Merchants Present Purse*

DHULIA, February 9.

The Congress Secretary wires:—

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru visited Dhulia on Monday evening, where unprecedented crowds awaited his arrival many hours before he came. Panditji's car was straightaway taken to Municipal Hall, where an address was presented by Dhulia Municipality. Panditji's car found it very difficult to drive through the enormous jubilant crowds of over 50,000 people from the city and villages.

Panditji spoke for an hour and replied to objections raised against Congress by interested persons.

Dhulia merchants also presented him with an address and a purse of Rs. 500.

Panditji drove to Malegaon after the meeting.

### *Peasants, Greet President Everywhere*

(From A Correspondent.)

JALGAON, February 9.

The Congress President commenced his Maharashtra tour from Bhusaval, Pandit Jawaharlal was received on behalf of Maharashtra at Raver Station by Messrs Achyut Patwardhan and Dastane. From Bhusaval Station he straight went to address a meeting. Dr. Kazi welcomed him on behalf of Muslims.

From Bhusaval he came to Jalgaon.

From Jalgaon Panditji drove to Parola. Hundreds of peasants from every village on the way greeted him. Panditji was pleased to see peasants' loyalty to Congress. At Parola the Municipality presented an address.

From Parola he drove to Dhulia.

### JAWAHARLAL IN BELGAUM DIST.

The programme of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in his tour in the Belgaum District is as under:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Saturday (13th) ARRIVAL** | | |
| Saundatti | 9-15 | a.m. |
| Yekkundi | 9-45 | " |
| Hosur | 10-5 | " |
| Bailhongal | 10-20 | " |
| Sampagaon | 10-50 | " |
| Bagewadi | 11-15 | " |
| Belgaum | 11-50 | " |
| **DEPARTURE** | | |
| Belgaum | 2-0 | p.m. |
| **ARRIVAL** | | |
| Nesaragi | 2-45 | p.m. |
| Gokak | 3-40 | " |
| Hukeri | 4-45 | " |
| Sankeshwar | 5-20 | " |
| Nipani | 6-15 | " |
| Chikodi | 7-20 | " |
| Yekshambi | 8-45 | " |
| Ankale | 9-20 | " |
| Kagawad | 10-10 | " |
| Shedbal | 10-40 | " |
| Station | 11-0 | " |

He will leave by the Poona Mail and tour in Maharashtra.

### *FROM ACROSS THE SEAS*

(Continued from Page 6.)

invented a machine from which a special electric ray and vibrations described as similar to X-rays) render persons invisible. Other similar inventions are said to have been previously patented. but it is pointed out that, while their rays render invisible only the soft parts of the human body and not the skeleton. Professor Mancini's invention fully hides from view the entire person. Newspaper circles in Milan claim that experiments have been held in Mancini's home, where persons disappeared from view, but the chairs in which they sat could be seen distinctly.

* * * *

Disregard of Signor Starce's veto of the practice of shaking hands has drawn from the Secretary of the Fascist Party a further "warning" to those persons who, persisting in this custom betray in almost every instance their "scanty Fascist spirit."

**The transgressors are labelled as "individuals absolutely incapable of leaving the moorings of their old customs, unfit to accomplish any effort of will, who nearly always fall back upon captious criticism to justify in some way or other this inorganic incapacity. The experience in this field has given excellent results, having often furnished precious hints for an appraisement of certain possessors of the party "tessera."**

# Failure Of Merger And After

## Indian Iron And Steel Co. To Attempt To Form New Steel Co.?

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Despite reports of the breaking down of the negotiations for the merger of the Tata and Indian Iron and Steel Companies, the shares of the latter did not change yesterday.

### *British Journals Believe Increased Production Will Be Absorbed*

Quarters likely to be well-informed opine says the "Morning Post" City Editor, that the Indian Iron and Steel Company are likely nevertheless to push forward its projects in regard to the formation of a new steel company.

"The "Daily Telegraph" says that it is anticipated in the event of the Tata interests finally withdrawing their support, the scheme will not be abandoned.

The "Financial News" says that authoritative circles in London opine that even if both companies extend their works, the increased steel production will be easily absorbed in the local and export markets.

It is further considered likely that eventually the various parties will compose their differences and agree to terms of co-operation in a new steel venture

### *CHANGES IN JAPANESE WAR MINISTRY*

TOKYO, February 9.

The War Minister Lt.-Gen. Nakamura has resigned owing to illhealth. Lt.-Gen. Sugiyama, Deputy Chief, General Staff, has been appointed to succeed Lt.-General, Nakamura.—Reuter.

# Jinnah's Reply To Brelvi

## LEAGUE'S PROGRAMME PURELY POLITICAL

## Fundamental Differences With Congress

BOMBAY: February 9.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, has issued the followng statement in reply to Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Congress candidate, contesting the Bombay South Urban Muslim Constituency:

"I am issuing this statement, as an appeal has been made to me by the "Bombay Chronicle", although I feel that we have already been prejudged and condemned, and owing to the unfortunate candidature of Mr. Brelvi, I feel I am before a tribunal, where the judge and the prosecutor are the same.

"Big headlines are given and the poster in question has been associated with the All-India Muslim League. No enquiry was made from the League office as to the origin before we were associated with it and after making careful enquiries, now I find that the All-India Muslim League machinery has nothing to do with it.

INTERVIEW AND AFTER.

"It is well-known that Mr. Brelvi has carried on one-sided propaganda in the "Bombay Chronicle" and maligned the All-India Muslim League and every one connected with it ever since his interview with me, before the Muslim League candidates were adopted in October last. He made to me most improper proposals that I should keep one seat vacant in the South and allow him to stand on the Congress ticket. Failing that, I should adopt nominally a League candidate, but in fact, should not oppose him. It is obvious that I could not do that. It is incorrect, when he says that he informed me that he was standing as a candidate, and that I said I would fight him by every means. What I did tell him was, that if he stood against a League candidate, I had no alternative but to support the League candidate and fight him.

"Thereafter, it is unfortunate that Mr. Brelvi appealed to the religious sentiments of the voters and issued on his card an isolated sentence of Maulana Mahomed Ali: "I wish to declare that if India wins Swaraj, it will satisfy the religious requirements of a Muslim in India". This was in December and January.

"Not content with that, he started in January, answering imaginary questions. A question was: What is the Congress policy with regard to Islamic questions and Muslim interests. The next question was: If any question about Islamic religion and Islamic interests comes up, what would be your attitude towards it.

"His answer was: I assure you that as far as purely Islamic questions are concerned, I shall act according to the principles of Islam.

ALL ABOUT POSTER.

"Not content with that he, in his speech on the 27th January, 1937, says: 'It was the Congress and the Muslims in the Congress who took the lead in organising the non-co-operation to redress the Khilafat wrong. Where, then were Mr. Jinnah, Sir Ali Md. Khan Dehalvi, Md. Ali Allabux and the Knights and Khan Bahadurs who are now the leading lights of the Bombay Presidency Muslim League? When a similar issue arises in regard to the honour of Islam will these gentlemen be prepared to make the sacrifice that Congress Muslims are always prepared to make in accordance with the dictates of Islam?

"In fact, nothing would be more appreciated," observed Mr. Brelvi amidst laughter, "if Mr. Jinnah or Mr. Allabux or Mr. Hosen Beg Mahomed courted imprisonment in the cause of Islam".

"As a Congressman whose attitude is one of non-intervention in the matter of religion, Mr. Brelvi has excited the religious passions of Muslims. Having taken the initiative, if from some source the poster is published, surely the League is not going to be condemned for it.

"The Muslim League wants to stand on principles and policies and wants to fight for the programme which is political.

"What did Mr. Brelvi say about the League in his speech on January 27, 1937? He says: "I consider it my duty as a Muslim to work for the independence of my country, and it is because I am placing this clear issue before my Muslim brethren whether as Muslims they want independence or political slavery. I am receiving from them an increasingly encouraging response that has frightened the political reactionaries who have taken possession of Muslim League organisation in Bombay, in spite of Mr. Jinnah.

"Surely this insinuation that the Muslim League and everyone connected with it stand for political slavery is not a clean way of fighting. Mr Brelvi says: 'The Muslim League does not want complete independence for this country. The League does not want to reject the constitution, but to work it for what it is worth'.

"Will Mr. Brelvi not take the oath of allegiance when he is elected? Is that better than creed of All-India Muslim League which stands for full democratic responsible government for India. Even Gandhiji has made his position clear recently that he is willing to accept Dominion Status? Does he also stand for political slavery of India?

VITAL DIFFERENCES.

"The vital difference between the Congress policy and programme and the League's is not confined to the mere slogans of independence and wrecking. The fundamental differences beteween the Congress ticket and the League are with regard to the methods and principles.

"Does Mr. Brelvi stand for the vital principles of the League that the rights and interests of minorities, should be safeguarded on an equitable basis, and that until we come to our own settlement which I desire more than anybody else, the Communal Award should stand? Will Mr. Brelvi stand by the political economic and social interests of the Mussalmans, or follow the orders and the mandate of the Congress as he is bound to. The Congress stands for direct action. The Mussalmans are not prepared to such a course at present as it is bound to be suicidal under the present conditions.

"I must say that I am surprised that any one who understands the elementary principles which should guide a party, should think that the Muslim League should be expected to support a man who stands on a different party ticket against a candidate adopted by the Muslim League.

"I cannot believe the United Provinces Muslim League Board, having put up an official candidate of the League and yet are supporting the Congress candidate contesting against the League candidate. But where there is no League candidate, certainly it is open to a party to support a candidate standing on the ticket of another party.

PLEA FOR CLEAN FIGHT.

"In the conclusion I desire that whatever may be our differences, the contest should be on honest and clean lines and on principles, policies and programme, and I appeal to every one to cease personal vilification and misrepresentation".

(Sd.)M. A. Jinnah.

February 9, 1937.

### BURMO-JAPANESE NEGOTIATIONS

NEW DELHI: February 9.

The Burma-Japanese negotiations, which have been proceeding for the last two months, now appear to be drawing to conclusion.

It is understood that the different viewpoints have been reconciled. The reason for the delay is the fact that points in the discussion had to be referred to the respective Governments at different stages. The two main difficulties which have been the subject matter of recent reference to Rangoon and Tokyo have been solved and as soon as differences regarding some minor points, which are still outstanding are out of the way, the terms of settlement will be announced.—A. P.

### IMPORT OF INDIAN MATCHES INTO BURMA

RANGOON: February 9.

A Press Note regarding export to Burma after separation of matches manufactured in India, says:

The Government of Burma will continue to levy Excise Duty on matches manufactured in Burma and the same duty will be leviable on matches manufactured in India and imported into Burma on or after April 1, 1937. They will, however prescribe their own banderols, distinct from Indian banderols which will have to be affixed to matches imported into that country.—A. P

# No Select Committee For Income-Tax Bill

(Continued from page 1)

amend the legislation in order to prevent legal avoidance of the tax. The proposals in the Bill came very near to creating a new principle.

He felt that there were issues involved in addition to those contemplated by the provisions which sought to regulate those undesirable practices. Because of this he felt disposed to support the amendment to refer the Bill to a Select Committee.

GRIGG'S OPPOSITION.

Sir James Grigg, opposing the motion for reference of the bill to a Select Committee said that he did not wish to deal with the technical points. It seemed to him that the dialectical or logical defects which had been emphasised in the course of the debate would have completely disappeared, and cases which had been described as hard cases would have disappeared, if they had adopted the logical attitude of giving consideration to the recent tax enquiry committee's report advocating aggregation of the wife's and husband's income.

Dealing with the amendment for a Select Committee, the Finance Member said that it would mean that there would be practically no prospect whatever of getting the bill passed into law by 31st March. It would also mean that the bill would not then have any application to Burma, and that the Burma Government would be faced with the choice of either having to introduce corresponding legislation of their own or of acquiescing in the different income-tax law in this respect for Burma and India and which would add one more complication to the work of operating double income-tax relief arrangements. In any case, continued Sir James Grigg, the matter was admittedly urgent, and it would have become even simple if they had gone a little further and spread their net little wider so as to occupy completely the logical position of aggregating the incomes of husbands and wives. The Finance Member affirmed: "Our illogicality is designed in the interests of the taxpayer and in the interests of not jumping the public in India in any matter in which there is no overwhelming argument of urgency."

NEED FOR SPEEDING UP.

Sir James Grigg said from experience any provisions to cover the alleged hard cases in tax legislation had invariably resulted in creating a door in law through which a horse and a cart could be driven, and he did not think there was any single exception to that general dictum. It might be that in the course of operation of this bill when it became law, some genuine hard cases would arise and Government promised to consider dealing with them by taking interim action. If such genuine cases of hardship arose of which they were convinced and which could be satisfactorily and exclusively defined, he would issue a notification under section sixty of the income tax act. He hoped that the assurance would satisfy the House and expeditiously pass the measure.

Mr. Bajoria supported the motion for referring the bill to a Select Committee.

Dr. Ziauddin, supporting the motion, said that among other hardships, the bill was likely to discourage a father giving gifts or endowments to a minor son or daughter who was physically defective and who therefore ought to be provided for.

Mr. Lloyd replying to the debate gave an assurance that the object of the bill would not be to discourage the making of a transfer of assets or a similar transaction but to remove encouragement to such a transaction.

Mr. Dutt's motion was lost by 44/10 votes.

Mr. Lloyd's motion was adopted and the House adjourned for lunch.

POINT OF ORDER RAISED.

When the House reassembled, Mr. J. D. Anderson, Secretary, Legislative Department, moved an amendment to the effect that in computing the total income of any individual for the purpose of assessment, there shall be included so much of the income of the wife or minor child of such an individual as arises directly or indirectly from membership of a firm or partnership etc.

Sir Mahomed Yakub on a point of order, asked the President to adjourn the House. He drew attention to the fact that only two elected Indian members were present in the whole House, and submitted that any measure of such an important nature could not be passed by it. Sir Mahomed Yakub referred in support of his contention to the ruling previously given by Mr. Patel.

The President said the point of order did not arise, so long as there was a quorum. In this House, added the President, no distinction could be made between one member and another, whether elected or nominated Mr. A. C. Dutt opposed the amendment, and after Mr. Lloyd had replied, the amendment was passed. The House then passed the bill.

Sir N. N. Sircar moved a bill to amend the Contempt of Court Act 1926, so as to make it clear that the limit of six months prescribed for punishment of any contempt applied to the high courts as much as to courts subordinate to them. Sir N. N. Sircar stated that the bill did not raise any comprehensive question of contempt of court in general, but was confined to narrow issues. When the house passed the original Act of 1926 it was the intention that the high courts should be prevented from keeping a man in detention for more than six months for contempt, but since then, in the case of Lala Harikishanlal, the judges had held that they had power to keep him in jail indefinitely as a result of summary proceedings. Sir N. N. Sircar emphasised that after the bill was passed, it would not be possible for any court to inflict any longer sentence than six months for contempt.

Sir N. N. Sircar next moved a bill to amend the Civil Procedure Code, 1908, as reported on by the Select Committee. The whole idea of the bill was to make Foreign decrees executable here, and thereby expedite procedure and cheapen costs. Mr. F. E. James moved an amendment to substitute sub-section three. The amendment was passed. Mr. James next moved a second amendment.

The amendment, was put and carried without any opposition.

On a motion of Mr. J. D. Anderson, Secretary, Legislative Department, another minor amendment was made to the bill whereby it be called the 1937 Act and not the 1935 Act, as stated in the original bill. Thereafter the bill, as amended, was passed.

Sir N. N. Sircar next moved that a bill making certain further provisions respecting the law of arbitration in British India, as reported on by a Select Committee, be passed.

The bill was passed without amendment.

RELIEF FROM ATTACHMENT.

Sir Henry Craik moved that a Bill amending the code of civil procedure as reported on by the Select Committee be taken for consideration. The Bill as amended by the Select Committee seeks to exempt from attachment of salary to the extent of the first sixty rupees, and one half of the remainder of such salary. Sir Henry Craik explained that the Government were unable to agree to the reduction of the amount from one hundred to sixty rupees. The Government of India had fixed the amount at one hundred after consulting opinions throughout the country. Only salaried incomes were dealt with in the Bill.

JOSHI'S PLEA FOR LABOUR.

The House adopted the motion for consideration, after which Mr. Joshi moved an amendment substituting one hundred rupees instead of sixty proposed in the Bill relating to the wages of labourers and domestic servants and emphasised that the extent of indebtedness among the working classes, especially railwaymen, was too great.

Mr. Navalrai maintained the opinion that the majority of the Select Committee members must not be ignored. He was not satisfied that sufficient reasons had been given either by Mr. Joshi or the Government to raise the attachment figure from sixty to one hundred rupees.

Sir Henry Craik supported Mr. Joshi's amendment, which was carried. The House also adopted two more amendments moved by Mr. J. A. Thorne, who suggested that where the whole or any part of the portion of such salary liable to attachment had been under attachment whether continuously or intermittently for a total period of twenty-four months, such portion shall be exempt from attachment until the expiry of a further period of twelve months, and where such attachment had been made in the execution of one and the same degree, it shall be finally exempt from attachment in execution of that decree. The above provision to be in substitution of the one proposed in the Bill.

Another amendment by Mr. Thorne accepted by the House suggested that the provisions amending the Bill shall not have effect in respect of any proceedings arising out of any suit instituted before June 1st, 1937.

The Bill as amended was passed.

The House adjourned till tomorrow.—A. P.

# Kamaladevi And Masani Unfit To Travel Abroad

## Replies To Questions In Assembly

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

At question time in the Legislative Assembly to-day replying to Prof. Ranga Sir Frank Noyce stated:

An understanding had been reached to-day between the Governments of Madras and Mysore regarding the sharing of Tungabadhra water and the Government of Madras are now taking steps to ascertain if the Government of Hyderabad have any objection to its terms.

Sir Frank Noyce added; There are political, engineering and financial difficulties and the construction cannot begin until the preliminary difficulties are overcome.

**Passport Trouble.**

Replying to the same member Sir Henry Craik said: Mrs. Kamladevi Chattopadhyaya's activities abroad some time ago led Government to cancel her passport and her application for a fresh passport was refused because the Government do not think it advisable that she should be given facilities to travel abroad

As regards Mr. Masani's passport Sir Henry Craik stated it was impounded because its validity had expired and in view of Mr. Masani's activities Government considered it undesirable to grant him further facilities to travel abroad. When the Government are satisfied that it would no longer be inadvisable in the interests of state to grant Mr. Masani a passport it will again be freely issued to him.

**Civil Decrees.**

Answering another question by Prof. Ranga Sir Henry Craik stated that local Government had been consulted in regard to the advisability of so amending the Civil Procedure Code Act of 1908 as to exempt the agriculturists from liability to be arrested for civil decrees but no replies had yet been received.

It is open to any local Government to defer definite reply to it if it so wishes till after the commencement of part three of the Government of India Act 1935.—Associated Press.

**SELECT COMMITTEES' REPORT.**

The reports of two select committees, one on the Bill to amend Indian Electricity Act of 1910 and the other on the Bill Amend the Indian Boilers Act of 1923, were represented after questions by Sir Frank Noyce.

The select committees made only one change in the Bills, namely the addition to the proposed central boards of one member to be nominated in turn by the local Government of Delhi and Ajmer and Merwara. Other members of the board provided in the original bills are: the chairman to be nominated by the Governor-General-in-Council, one member to be nominated by each of the local governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, United Provinces, Bihar, Central Provinces, Assam, N.W.F Province, Sind and Orissa, one member to be nominated by the Chief Commissioner of Railways.

The electricity bill provided also for another member to be nominated by the Chief Inspector of mines.—A. P.

Mr. B. K Bharucha has been nominated by Government to the Amalner Cotton Market Committee as a representative of the East Khandesh District Local Board in place of Dewan Bahadur Dongarsing R Patil resigned.

Devastating fire broke out in the early hours of yesterday morning in Isamia Bazar, Hyderabad (Dn.) in Marwari bankers' shops resulting in loss to property estimated about 20.000.

# Keen Contest For 'Varsity Seat

## Bombay Graduates Must Give Proper Lead By Voting For K. M. Munshi

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

Two thousand four hundred out of the four thousand three hundred Registered Graduates are understood to have sent in their voting Papers to the Collector of Bombay, the Returning Officer of the Bombay University Registered Graduates Constituency. The election of a single member from this constituency to the Bombay Legislative Assembly has been in progress for the last ten days and more.

THE CONTESTANTS

The two candidates contesting the seat are Mr. K. M. Munshi, the Congress candidate and Dr Vad, an Independent candidate. Supporters of both these candidates have been working very hard to get as many votes for their candidate as possible. Out of the four thousand and three hundred voters, it is understood that three hundred of them are dead and the Voting papers have not reached all the remaining four thousand, as many of them have changed their residences.

A FORTNIGHT STILL TO VOTE

There is nearly a fortnight more before which time the voting papers, all of which have been despatched by the Collector's office to the respective voters, should reach the Returning officer. Those who have not received their voting papers will be allowed to approach the Collector, the Returning Officer and get a fresh voting paper.

VOTE FOR CONGRESS

The contest between the two candidates is very keen. It is a neck to neck fight and if all the voters do not exercise their right, the success of the Congress candidate may be jeopardised. Those who have not got their voting papers should immediately communicate with Mr. K. M. Munshi or his Agents who will make the necessary arrangements and see that they get Voting papers in time.

It is understood that the counting of the votes cast will commence on the 23rd of this month and by evening the result will be declared.

GIVE PROPER LEAD.

There is no need to appeal to the Registered Graduates of Bombay to do their duty by the Congress, the greatest political organisation in the country. Mr. K. M. Munshi is one of the many soldiers that Congress is sending to the Bombay Assembly to end the unwanted Constitution. Bombay graduates should give the right lead to the graduates in other provinces.

# Final Hurdles For Federation

## Question Of Excise Rights Looms Large Before Chamber Committee

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

The constitution committee of the Chamber of Princes, which suspended its sitting after a continuous session lasting twelve days, will have an arduous time when it resumes on February 16 as a decision has to be taken on some of the questions of outstanding importance which have been left over.

It may be remembered that sometime ago the Committee considered the reports of the Hydari Committee the Central India Committee and the Bombay Conference of Ministers, on which their decisions were tentative as the States then had not the views of the Government of India before them. It was mainly for this reason that the Constitution Committee met in Delhi after the Viceroy's representatives had completed their tour in the States.

It is believed that all the material which had been collected in the light of the talks between the States and the Viceroy's representatives has now been reviewed at length, and as a result of this examination the number of limitations and amendments to the Instrument of Accession has been narrowed down considerably.

For instance several provisions which were originally intended to be additional clauses in the general body of the instrument have either been dropped or left to be included in the schedule of federal subjects as a general limitation.

Another matter of importance which engaged the attention of the committee was the question of excise It had been argued that it was never the intention to widen Federal powers regarding excise to everything produced or manufactured in a State.

The Finance Committee, which looked upon this question as most vital, has; it is believed, made important recommendations, as also two financial experts, who have examined this question thoroughly. The argument on this subject brought before the constitution Committee was that such wide powers of taxation would impinge on the revenues of States derived from the customs levied at their borders, and that some of the inland states would find it difficult to make both ends meet if this source of revenue was adversely affected or disappeared in the course of time. This was visualised by Sir Samuel Hoare as the ultimate goal when he gave evidence before the Joint Committee.

This question will again be examined in all its bearings at the resumed sitting of the Committee.

It is understood that the Maharaja of Dholpur will arrive in Delhi on February 15 after attending a meeting of Ministers from Central India and the Eastern and Southern Rajputana States, which will be held in Dholpur from 12th to 14th February—A. P.


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# OUR READERS' VIEWS

## Appeal To Bombay Journalists

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have been deeply pained to see how the large majority of our daily and weekly papers have deliberately refused during the last few weeks to announce or report the meetings, some of them attended by thousands of workers, held in E and F wards under the auspices of the Trade Union Congress to support the candidature of Comrade K. N. Joglekar.

Sterling news, correct, authenticated and documented should in no circumstances be suppressed, distorted or manipulated according to the editorial policy of any paper. It is the supreme duty of journalists to give carefully sifted facts on both sides irrespective of the editorial policy of their papers.

This duty attains a supreme importance at the present moment when for the first time in our political history millions of voters have secured the right of voting on the merits of candidates and when they must rely very largely on press reports and articles for making up their minds on the subject. The Journalists owe a solemn duty to our voters to-day to present both sides of every controversy.

Thus will our press retain its name for fairness, check excesses on either side and ensure the fair election of candidates who secure the confidence of the large majority of voters.—Yours, etc.,

INDULAL YAGNIK.

## P. & O. Co. And Indian Passengers

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In his long article appearing to-day in your paper, Mr. S. R. Bomanji resents the treatment meted out to Indian passengers by the P. & O. Company and characterises it as "arbitrary and arrogant."

I have been continuously travelling by P. & O. ships for the last fifteen years during which I have also had occasion to travel by other lines. And from my own personal experience I can say that I have received nothing but the utmost courtesy and attention on P.&.O. ships both from the staff and my fellow passengers. If on any occasion there was any cause for slight complaint, it has always been promptly looked into and set right.

I would also observe that within my knowledge on all occasions Indian Passengers themselves have been responsible for any misunderstanding which may have arisen.

As for the unsuccessful attempt of the Tata venture some forty years ago, is it not a fact that its failure was partly due to Indian shippers themselves having backed out of the assurances of support they gave to the late Mr. J. N. Tata?

And besides, would it not be more to the purpose for the Indian shipping companies first to set their own house in order and then indulge in tall talk?

It is hoped that in all fairness you, Sir will see your way to giving due publicity to this letter.—Yours, etc.

K. K. LALKAKA.

## Reservation In Churches

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Invidious distinction are observed in the churches, even under the very nose of the Bishop in Wodehouse Church, where they reserve seats on benches in return for money. Why this flirtation of the church with plutocrats? Why not test the sincerity of those who say they pay only for the maintenance of the church, by asking them to continue to do so without claiming that galling privilege of reservation? Is not the church open to the use of rich and poor alike? Does the church recognise the superiority of a white cuticle over a dark one? If not, how is it that most front seats at the Holy Name Church are assigned to Europeans, and why does the Administrator of the Diocese hunt out Indian intruders and spare European invaders of reserved seats? Why that disgusting solicitude, when the seats are crowded, of getting chairs from sacristies and even near the altar only to relieve the anatomies of local big-wigs while elderly men's and women's shinbones are on cracking point? Why are non-parishioners treated like step-sons? Why is not their money refused when the plate goes round during mass on Sundays and other days and when charity appeals are broadcast far and near? What is the use of boosting Catholic Action when we see priests worshipping the Golden Calf?—Yours, etc.,

J. C. LISBOA.

## "Ticketless Travel Drama"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—If one would like to witness a rehearsal of the would-be Ticketless Travel drama, one has only to travel in a III class compartment over the G. I. P. Railway between Jhansi and Itarsi. Policemen in and without uniform belonging to the C. P. police would demand tickets from passengers, subject them to a thorough and a most indecent search before other passengers, thrash them and in most cases shower a train of filthy language upon the poor wretches. I wonder what the plight of the third class passenger would really be after the Ticketless Travel Bill has been passed. Unfortunate indeed is the condition of the third class passenger, and more so of the poor, illiterate, harmless and unsophisticated ryots. Ordinary policemen should not be empowered to demand tickets from passengers, subject the defaulters to a search, decent or indecent, thrash them or abuse them. I am beginning to think that here is a fit case for the Civil Liberties Association to tackle and my only feeling is that there should be something like a private body of men and women who should always be on the look out to check such mischief at the hands of these autocrats. The Financial Commissioner for Railways, the Railway Board and the members of the Indian legislature ought to consider whether the toiling millions of India who from morning to evening contribute to the ever increasing coffers of the Railway deserve this inhuman suffering at the hands of petty employees.—Yours, etc.,

C. B. L. BHATNAGAR.

## Homoeopathy

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—"Plain facts" is judging harshly when he says of Homoeopathy, "This so-called system of drug administration has been weighed and found wanting long ago, and hence is not recognised by the modern science of medicine." I weighed it fifty years ago and did not find it wanting.

1. Miss Narayen Sazba was suffering from a sinus. Late Dr. Pesikaka consulted late Dr. Gopal Shivram. They pronounced operation necessary and urgently called for. Mr. Narayen waited for my return from Matheran. I tried Trit Calcorea Sulph 2x. It cured the Sinus.

2. My uncle Dorabji Kanga suffered from Sprue, for which he was treated by late Dr. G. Cunha. The case grew worse, and Dr. Cunha advised a long Sea voyage. At that stage, I tried drop dozes of Liq. Hydrorg. Parchloride three times a day. That cured him.

3. A famous Vaid having failed to cure his wife of Nausea and Vomitting, placed her under the treatment of Dr. Sakaram Arjun and Dr. Gopal Shivram to no avail. I treated drop doses of Wine Ipicac. It gave prompt relief and cured her permanently.

4. I tried Homoeopathic Nux Vomica in a case of Hernia in early stage, and cured it.

5. I have tried that remedy in Chronic Constipation with marked effect.

6. Also in various atonic conditions of the involuntary mascular system and of the Uterus.

7. I tried Hom. Ignatia in an intractable case of hysteria and cured it.

The reason why Homoeopathy "has been weighed and found wanting long ago" by persons who weighed it, without making a deep study of it, is that they failed to select a remedy that covered all the symptoms of the case, and on that account, they failed to cure the case. For instance, if you try Ipicac in a case of vomitting not preceeded by severe nausea, it will not cure, and if you try Castor Oil in a case of Diarrhoea not associated with dysentery, it will not cure.—Yours, etc.,

J. K. DAJI, L.M. & S.

## Costly Buildings For Colleges

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The University of Bombay has, of late, developed the policy of visiting on new Colleges putting up costly buildings, costing lakhs of rupees as a necessary condition of granting affiliation. It is argued that this is done for the benefit of the colleges themselves though as a matter of fact insistence on this condition has had a discouraging effect on the starting and flourishing of new Colleges. The result has been that the University authorities instead of "extending and diffusing" knowledge, which according to Cardinal Newman is the main object of a University, have indirectly been responsible for putting a stop to the spread of knowledge. The Government of the country is not able to support educational institutions to the extent that it should. It would, therefore, be cruel of the University authorities if they insist on the newly-started Colleges, which have already suitable buildings of their own to put up new buildings just to satisfy the craze for palatial buildings.

The University authorities must realize that conditions in the mofussil are different from those prevailing in Bombay City proper. Bombay is a big industrial town having a large number of industrial and commercial magnates who can easily donate a few lakhs for charitable purposes. But out in the mofussil, philanthropic rich men are few and far between.

As an instance, the case of the Chellasing and Sitaldas College at Shikarpur (Sind) may be quoted. This College was started in June 1933 in a building specially acquired for the College. The building is exclusively the property of the College but at first its surroundings were not quite good. An open drain ran before the College buildings and hence the University authorities were justified in asking for a new building to be put up in the new Town Area. But now the surroundings of the College have been changed beyond recognition. The road in front of the College has been tarred and the drain has been completely covered. It may be noted that Shikarpur has now an up-to-date drainage scheme in full working order. The drain before the College is meant to be used only for storm water in case of rainfall. The College Building is sufficient for its purpose specially as the College authorities have decided to have only the Arts course under the new bifurcation scheme. It is therefore earnestly requested that the University authorities would graciously waive their condition of putting up a new building and permit the College to continue in its present building.

In this connection it would not be out of place to point out that a similar difficulty arose in the case of the Hyderabad College also. The present building of the College had been condemned by the University authorities as "unfit even for a secondary school." But with a few alterations the same building has been approved and a full-fledged Arts College with Inter Science classes is housed in it. Its present surroundings have been liked by all visitors to the College including H. E. the Governor of Bombay.—Yours, etc.,

AN EDUCATIONIST.

## Need For A Ministry Of Communications

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir.—I propose to stress in this article the need for a Ministry of Communications. Such a portfolio is found in quite a number of enlightened foreign countries but in none of them is the need more urgent than in this unhappy Presidency. True, posts and telegraph will continue under Federal control but there remain roads and bridges and ferries all calling loudly and insistently for some central management. If the parochial bodies known as Local Boards are to continue, their work must be co-ordinated by some superior authority such as the Ministry of Local Self-Government in England. It is only through such an agency that a curb can be placed upon Mr. Bumble and those insufferable, parish pump politicians who plague and afflict us after obtaining our votes in exchange for promises that are seldom if ever fulfilled.

Of what avail are improved methods of agriculture and augmented crop yield, about which we hear so much now-a-days if the poverty stricken, debt-burdened man on the land cannot market his produce at a profit? As a result of my personal observation and fairly extensive travel I declare that the matter of country roads has been both sinfully and callously neglected. There are some fine arterial roads within the boundaries of this Presidency or Province but what of feeder roads to serve the needs of those patient, long-suffering, tax-racked ryots so perfectly and beautifully immortalised by Markham? Truly in this country the Man with the Hoe is in every sense the Forgotten Man, touchingly described by that great humanitarian Franklin Roosevelt.

As an example permit me to instance the Island of Dharavi, in South Salsette, actually within the Bomby Suburban Area. The island is peopled by a sturdy community of farmers and fisherfolk. It contributes about one lakh of rupees annually to the general revenue of this country. There is not an inter-village road from one end of the island to the other. There is not a telephone or a police man. Indeed, the only contact these people have with a paternal administration takes the form of periodical visits from the tax collector. That island, within an hour of Bombay City is as primitive as when the first Portuguese man-at-arms landed there 400 years ago.

The small island that I am using as an object lesson is separated from its market by a narrow and very shallow strait. In any other civilised country communication would be established and maintained by an enlightened central administration. What is the exact position at Dharavi? We find an elected Local Board actually using the peoples' necessities as a means of exacting a further Rs. 2,200- from these wretched ryots. The process by which this iniquity is perpetrated is amazingly simple; the right to maintain a ferry is farmed out to the highest bidder, regardless of the elementary fact that the sum thus obtained is a first charge upon every basket of fish and every maund of field produce that the islanders bring to market.

Just two miles of second class road from Manori to Gorai, is all at present that the settlers need To-day, transport on the island is in exactly the same condition as when Alberquerque cast anchor off Salsette 400 years ago. Let a petition be addressed to Authority (capital A please), what is the results? His Excellency, refers his humble suppliants to the Collector. That exalted person "passes the buck" to another official and from some Olympian height flutters down an intimation that the Local Board should deal with such requests.

Dharavi would blossom into one great garden with two miles of decent track from Manori to Gorai; a metalled road could follow. There exist no physical impediments. Perfect levels through waste Government land exist, an abundance of stone is available. Not one cutting and the most superficial of filling would provide this industrious, uncomplaining community with road-giving immediate access to the mainland market. I trust that my appeal will not fall upon deaf ears.—Yours, etc.,

PAUL PEREIRA.

## Railway Employees And Free Passes

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The encroachments on privileges of the railwaymen are becoming so manifest that it is a hard lot to go on serving any more in this way. One after the other fresh grievances are added with the result that much heart-burning is caused. Recently we had the revised scales of pay which are so mercilessly fixed that we can never think of improving our status and standard of life. The free-rail-passes ought to be considered as rights and not as privileges. If a railway employee is to be transferred from a place to a thousand miles away in railway interest, then certainly the railway is bound to supply him free passes to return to his native or original place. There is no obligation in this.

The modified rules which are put in commission from 1st January, 1937 will convince the public, what amount of discrimination is there between the superior services and the rest. Why are the gazetted officers allowed 12 sets of passes in 12 months? When all the rest shall have to be content with one, two or three at the most according to the years of services they put in the railway. Besides the gazetted officers have silver-passes and special saloons to travel on duty. Shall our patriotic members of Legislative Assembly keep this in view to remove this terrible heart-burning discriminaton?

Another point is in this para. "subordinates drawing not less than Rs. 176 p.m. and women working as typists, teachers, telephone clerks and certified nurses in railway hospitals are entitled to second class passes". Why again this distinction. Is it because all the ladies who serve in the above capacities are mostly Anglo-Indians? Since the new scales are put in force it is most unwise to raise the scale of pay which entitles second class passes. Ninety-eight per cent. of the railway employees will never reach nearer Rs. 125 p.m. in the new scales, then why it should be raised from Rs. 125 to Rs. 175.—Yours, etc.,

"RAILWAY COMMUNITY".

## Stove Tragedies

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—One cannot visualise without grave concern and horror the appalling frequency with which the women of the Gujarati community fall an easy prey to the stove tragedies.

In view of the unhappy state of things now prevailing I am inclined to suggest a simple device which would prove a proper safeguard in every case. All one has to do is to get an empty tin little larger than the stove. Remove the top and the bottom and insert the stove. By so doing not only is the heat conserved to some extent but a sort of effective barricade built up round about the stove which would eliminate all possibility of contact with the flame and its fatal results. It may be pertinent to state that my stove-minded friends to whom I spoke at once resorted to this simple and fool-proof innovation and are unanimous in their unqualified approval. They further affirm that they can now handle the much dreaded stove with courage and confidence in place of natural fear and nervousness. I therefore ask in the name of humanity the leaders of the community affected by these unhappy tragedies to listen to my appeal and prevail upon their womenfolk to take kindly to this life saving method whereby the dreadful toll of precious human life may be averted.—Yours, etc.,

M. B. KARANJAWALLA.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

Information has been received here that Kalabhavan of Puri which was the centre of Congress activity in Orissa caught fire at 3 this morning. With it were attached a well equipped weaving school and the Congress Press. During the last election campaign it was the main centre of election propaganda for the Puri District Congress Committee.

Total damage is estimated at Rs. 10,000.—United Press.

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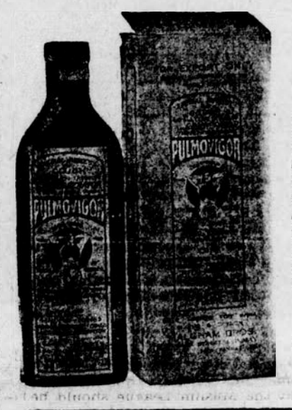
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stops colds where they start

# Mainly About Motion Pictures

## "THE PRESIDENT" OR "THE DIDI"

### For Krishna Talkies

(CONTRIBUTED.)

Whenever a foreigner friend of mine comes to me and discusses about Indian Films, he uses the phrase that Indian pictures are not worth noticing—but he says, I have one exception—And that is New Theatres' Pictures. Whenever there is any new release from New Theatres in the city of Bombay, my friend—the foreigner is very eager to see the picture.

He says, when I saw "Chandidas" I understood the real spirit and real soul of Indians. It is hundred per cent Indian. He says, when I saw "Devdas", I was thrilled. He says, when I saw "Dhoop-Chhaun". I was moved. And now I am informed that he is eagerly awaiting the coming of "The President" from Calcutta. Because Nitin Bose has directed it.

Some one told him that the trailer of "The President" is being shown at the Krishna. He hurried up to the Krishna and saw the Trailer.

"The President", he informs me shows the wonderful potentialities—It is the story dealing with the problem of over-production in the mills. It tells about the lives of the mill workers. "The President" has got a novel theme treated in the most novel way. This technique is wonderful. Its texture is grand. Because you can always depend upon the cleverest of directors—Sjt. Nitin Bose—whose talents are fully exploited in it.

There are stars like Kamalesh Kumari Lila Desai, Saigal, Nawab, Biwram, Kapur and Kalyain.

This great picture directed and photographed by Sjt. Nitin Bose will be released at the Krishna Talkies, through Calcutta Film Exchange shortly.

**Mr. Phil Reisman who arrives to-morrow (Thursday) is Vice-President and General Foreign Manager, R. K. O. Radio Pictures**

## "DHARMAVEER"

(CONTRIBUTED)

"Dharmaveer" is now entering its 4th successful week with ever increasing popularity among the Bombay Cine-goers. Although in Dharmaveer there are only six songs, the tuning is magnificently directed that it forms the greater magnitude of the success than it would have achieved by mere high class technic represented in the picture.

Though the story is woven around the character of Dharmaveer, it takes every cast within the main relations of the hypocrate Dinanath without any discontinuity in the action. Indira Wadkar has a pathetic role in Dharmaveer and her sad sweet songs will haunt the ears of music lovers for days after seeing the picture.

## *Mr. REISMAN R. K. O. RADIO PRESIDENT*

### *Visits India*

Mr. Phil Reisman, Vice-President and Foreign General Manager of the RKO Radio Pictures will arrive to-morrow (Thursday) by "Strathnaver".

Mr. Reisman has for many years been a prominent personality in the business having occupied several high executive positions. From the position of District Sales Manager for Paramount he became General Sales Manager of Pathe and later occupied the same position for Universal. In 1933 he was at the head of RKO Radio Pictures Inc. and in 1934 transferred to his present post in heading the entire RKO Radio Exchanges. His visit to India is a part of his world tour of the exchanges he controls and which have not yet had the pleasure of a personal visit from him.

The entire RKO Radio Organisation is pleased at the prospect of meeting Mr. Reisman. Arrangements are on hand to accord a warm welcome not only from his own staff but also exhibitors. His visit lends additional importance to the growth and expansion of RKO Radio Pictures as the leading motion picture organisation in India, Burma and Ceylon having no less than seven exchanges at the principal centres.

## *SAROJ'S 'IMAN FAROSH'*

### *For Globe Talkies*

(CONTRIBUTED.)

Picturegoers eagerly await the opening of Globe Talkies—the pleasant picture house of Sandhurst Road, which is now undergoing thorough renovation by the new management. It is a matter of pleasure to announce that Globe will be re-opened by screening Saroj Movietone's Nanabhai B. Desai production "Iman Farosh" after a couple of weeks by its new proprietors Messrs. Salehbhai Dahyabhai and Co., the noted business-firm of Surat.

Saroj Movietone's "Iman Farosh" is a story of a Roman tyrant during whose rule the subjects were passing through chaos and disorder. The tyrant who jaded with lust of wine and women forgets everything and challenge the Nature even there comes forth a dashing youth who at the cost of his life sallies forth to rescue the country from the disaster.

The most sensational and heart-appealing situations then develop into an exciting drama of loves, hates and miseries. It has stars like Zebunnisa, Khoorshed Prabhashankar and Balabhai.

You must make it a point to see this great Saroj production "Iman Farosh" at the Globe which will be re-opened on the auspicious day of Bakri-Id.

## "DESTINY"

### At The Krishna

(CONTRIBUTED)

Kolhapur Cinetone have spared no expense in giving "Destiny" running at Krishna Talkies since last two weeks. They have Master Modak to co-star with other well known performers. The music is by Gundopant Walwalkar and the ideal scrip by Mr. S. N. Bende, while Mr. Modak staged magnificently elaborate role is even more lavish that any other in his previous pictures. Although the basic idea of the film is not new, the vigour of the acting both by the stars and a remarkably capable supporting cast, combined with the rapid-fire sentimentalism sprinkled through script, make it excellent

**Gul Hamid in "Baghi Sipahi" at the Imperial (East India)**

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Krishna

# Unsentimental Photo-Play Satirizes Social Conditions

## Out-Caste Women In "Dalit-Kusum," At Minerva

(By Our Dramatic Critic.)

The Indian screen seems to have left to the post the cycle of mythological subjects which brought in easy money from the illiterate and established the name and fortunes of studios—a welter of all grades of intelligence and technical skill. The "Socials" that are now the pre-occupation of the Indian studios demand not only more intelligent display of talents but less crude display of massive studio "tricks" and spectacular carpentry. Already the sentimental stage of the social subjects touched by Indian studios appears to have been outworn and the discriminating producers are beginning to test the pliancy and effectiveness of the photo-play as an instrument of social reconstruction. The "Dalit Kusum", now seen at the Minerva, is, obviously, directed towards a dramatic presentation of the social evils that have devitalised Indian humanity. The story of the child-widow narrated in "Dalit-Kusum" is really the story of the outcaste position assigned to women by custodians of Hindu religion and morality, the high-priests and "pillars" who conveniently differentiate, shall one say "sacred" and "profane" love—the victim being, almost invariably, woman. The incidents which develop the play are well selected and arranged. And, although their tempo is, at the beginning, slow it soon advances towards it appropriate speed at the end. The city street scenes are taken from some of the most effective angles. But they suffer from a jerky effect which tends to destroy the requisite atmosphere. Similarly some of the "sets" were too obviously "canvassy". But these were, more or less, immaterial to the sway of the story which terminated with terse tears home-truths and stern realities of social life in present-day India. Nothing could be more devastatingly searching than the unsentimental, merciless, blunt challenge of the woman driven to the limits of desperation by a sanctimonious and devitalised society. The average of the minor characters suit the relieving skills of the chief actors. But mention must be made of Zarina Khatum who acts Kusum Kumari. Her interpretation of the outcaste woman is, undoubtedly the outstanding feature of the film.

Hindi "Dalit-Kusum" showing at Minerva.

## Proverb Of The Week

**Moths That Glitter Are Not Stars.**

general entertainment which will appeal to all type of film-goers. Probably the best line in the film is where Kishore approaches the trusty Ramdayal for his claim on the money left behind by his father and meets Meena to consider love affairs—and struggle of Bibbo. The death of Bibbo which ends the picture in realistic to a degree there is some grand spectacle, but the chief factor in this excellent entertainment is the comedy. Don't miss it.

### CRAZY OVER HORSES

Joe E. Brown, star of a new untitled David L. Loew production for RKO Radio release, has doubled his racing stable and will campaign with 11 horses during the winter season at Santa Anita track.

**Meher Sultana In 'Destiny' at the Krishna Cinema**

## *TENNIS STAR'S FILM DEBUT*

Francis X. Shields, ranking American tennis star, who might also lay claim to the title of ranking Hollywood "kissing star," makes his film debut in the Samuel Goldwyn production "Come and Get It."

Shields won the part in competition with two other aspirants. All three were tested for the role by playing a love scene with Andrea Leeds, comely Goldwyn "find", in which each one had to kiss the young woman over and over again. The osculation ordeal lasted all day, and, by actual count Miss Leeds was kissed 467 times by the young men. Judging by Goldwyn's decision, Shields' technique as a kisser is of the same championship calibre as his tennis ability.

"I don't want to end up being a tennis 'bum' going from one tournament to another." Shields said." I'll do anything to prove that I can be an actor. I've been studying hard during the past year, and I hope Mr. Goldwyn will be satisfied with my work."

In "Come and Get It", Shields will be seen with Edward Arnold, Joel McCrea, Frances Farmer, Mady Christians and Walter Brennan.

## *Goldwyn Plans To Double Production*

Prosperity is no longer just around the corner, if one can judge from the programme announced by that shrewd showman, Samuel Goldwyn (writes Campbell Dixon in the "Daily Telegraph.")

Mr. Goldwyn's plans for 1937-'8 provide for eight pictures instead of his usual four; and at a time when many producers are deploring extravagance and pleading for £40,000 or £50,000 as a maximum, he is allowing for a total expenditure of £2,000,000, or an average of £250,000 a picture.

**Sabita Devi in 'Village-Girl' At the Roxy**

## TUKARAM

### At The Central

(CONTRIBUTED)

The repressive atmosphere of Vedic Maharashtra has been well re-captured in "Tukaram" which is still drawing dense house at The Central. The main female role is played by Gouri so efficiently and magnificently throughout the picture. The singing of "Tukaram" thrills the crowd till they leave the Theatre. The main quality in the picture made its run successful is the technique weaved around a most attractive plot. The greatest achievement of the screen version, however, is the convincing creation of the proper atmosphere. Socio-religious nature of the story leaves no doubt, scope for miracles, for those tricks which the studio carpenter's ability has so often definitely dealt with. Tukaram unambiguous contrast to his wordly wise wife, is played with dignity and gentle sobriety, which the character demands. Although there are certain things which cannot be easily communicated to the screen the directors have successfully endeavoured their utmost in bringing the poetry and charm of the "Tukaram's" life in their able direction of music and photography.

# Maharashtra Must Not Lag Behind

## SHANKARRAO DEO'S CALL TO ELECTORATE

**"The February 17 is the day when the loyalty to the Congress of the voters and the efficiency of the Congress workers in Maharashtra will be on its trial; for on that day come the elections to the Bombay Legislative Assembly. I am fully confident that the general public and the Congress workers in Maharashtra will come out with a complete success; for I know that they both are fully aware of their responsibility in these elections," says Mr. Shankerrao Deo, President, Maharashtra P. C. C. and member, Congress Working Committee, in a statement to the Press.**

### *Maharashtra's Responsibility*

On Maharashtra depends the question of getting majority in the Bombay Legislative Assembly and if the struggle for freedom is to become more intense Congress has got to command such majority in many Provincial Legislatures as possible. And, therefore, I feel confident that the freedom-loving public in Maharashtra, especially the educated public, will support Congress alone in the coming elections with the object of intensifying the struggle for Independence. I hope the voters will bear in mind the fact that Congress is the only institution in the country which can possibly command a clear majority in the Legislatures.

Moreover, the Congress Party alone will possibly in a position to execute whatever policy be necessary in the legislatures in order that the country's struggle for freedom should advance. I, therefore, humbly request the voters in Maharashtra, and the educated amongst them in particular, that they vote only for the Congress and thereby give a chance to the Congress to fight the Government in the legislatures; for it is for the first time that the Congress is entering the legislatures to carry on the fight for freedom there; and the public should, therefore, support it.

THE REASON WHY.

I would like to bring to the notice of the voters that to vote for any other than the Congress candidates is to forbid any popular party getting majority in the legislatures and is in fact tantamount to consolidating and strengthening the hands of Government. The coming elections are a clear issue between the Government and the people and the Congress is the only party that is fighting the Government for the last fifty years, and has built up an increasing strength. The public must support the Congress and add to its strength.

The real issue before the public is neither of individuals nor of groups; it is neither of religion nor of any particular culture. I say, therefore, that the public should rally round the Congress flag and intensify the struggle for freedom, if they wish to solve with satisfaction any of the religious, cultural, social or economic problems.

Like other provinces, loyalty to Congress is rich in Maharashtra. To reap a good harvest of the same, it is necessary for the Congress workers in Maharashtra to organise, co-operate and consolidate their ranks. They should do well to remember that the present elections are being fought not for the prestige of any individual but for strengthening the Congress to further its avowed object of independence. Hence, the idea of the success of one's own candidate or of one's candidature at polls should find no quarter amongst the Congress workers. Both the Congress workers and the Congress candidates must put in their best possible efforts for complete success of the Congress candidates, and must not, therefore, go in for individual canvassing, but must ask votes for the Congress.

I trust that if the Congress workers and the Congress candidates and their well-wishers carry on their work with full faith in Congress, with the spirit of co-operation and mutual trust during this fortnight, Maharashtra like other provinces will be crowned with success.

DON'T LAG BEHIND.

The splendid success at polls in Orissa, Bihar and other provinces will add to the enthusiasm of the Congress workers and the public in Maharashtra and I am sure voters in Maharashtra of all castes and creeds, literate and illiterate, men as well as women, will not lag behind other provinces but will do best that lies in their power in this fight for freedom.

Dear voters, Independence is "Mukti." Go in processions on foot on the 17th to the polls with cries of Independence and cast your votes only to the Congress candidates, just as you go on foot and in devotion to Pandharpur.

# Thorough Overhaul Of Secondary School System

## 'VARSITY SYNDICATE LAYS DOWN TERMS FOR RECOGNITION

**A scheme which is intended to effect a thorough overhaul of the system of secondary schools in the Presidency and sweep clean the growth of coaching classes and mushroom schools was adopted by the Senate of the Bombay University at the second day's sitting of its annual session on Tuesday.**

### New Degree

**Diwan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri moved for the introduction of a new degree, Master of Science (Technology), according to the recommendation of the Syndicate.**

**Dr. Graham Smith moved that the proposal should be referred back to the Syndicate. It was pointed out that a multiplicity of degrees should be avoided. The motion for reference back was carried.**

Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri also moved a batch of five resolutions amending certain Statutes dealing with elections to various bodies of the University.

When the first proposal was moved, Mr. M. R. Paranjpe sought to refer back the proposal to the Syndicate. He wanted to know why the Syndicate was putting forward those recommendations when the University Act Amendment Committee which had been specially appointed to go into the question had submitted no report.

On a show of hands the motion for reference back was declared lost.

Mr. Paranjpe demanded a poll but the poll only confirmed the result of the voting by show of hands.

WHY PENALIZE SYNDICATE.

The Vice-Chancellor requested the members not to penalise the Syndicate for the failure of the Committee to do its work and asked them to consider the proposals on their own merits.

The next three amendments to the Statute were passed without opposition. But when the last proposal which refers to the method of voting in elections to authorities other than the Senate came up, Mr. Paranjpe moved that it should be referred back to the Syndicate. He took exception to the provision which requires that the voting papers should be sent by registered post. Discussion on the question of the purity of elections and safeguarding the secrecy of the ballot followed.

The motion for reference back was carried.

SECONDARY EDUCATION.

Principal N. M. Shah then moved the chief resolution of the evening embodying the scheme for the proper control of Secondary Schools in the Presidency and laying down stricter conditions for appearing for the Matriculation examination.

Under these Statutes the schools recognised by the Government will be automatically recognised by the University and vice versa. In the case of schools which have not applied for recognition to Government, the Syndicate will appoint a committee of inquiry and act upon its report. Any irregularities brought to the notice of the University by the Government or by the University to the notice of the Government will be acted upon.

Private students appearing for the Matriculation will not be allowed to do so unless they put in prescribed terms in a recognised School. This measure will check the growth of coaching classes and schools from 4th standard class upwards.

If this experimental measure succeeds similar arrangements might be arrived at with the Departments of Public Instruction of the Native States also.

TERMS FOR RECOGNITION.

According to these Statutes a school applying for recognition or renewal thereof shall satisfy the Syndicate:—

(a) that the school maintains regular classes from the 4th Anglo-Vernacular standard upwards.

(b) that the school has been teaching at least the fourth and fifth Anglo-Vernacular standards or the corresponding standards in the case of European and English teaching schools, and has been in existence for not less than three years before the date of the application.

(c) that the school supplies a need in the locality in which it is situated.

(d) that the management is so constituted as to offer a reasonable prospect that the school will be well conducted.

(e) that the qualifications of the teaching staff and the conditions governing their tenure of office are such as to make due provision for the courses of instruction to be undertaken by the school and to ensure a reasonable continuity of its teaching staff.

(f) that the school is housed in suitable buildings and adequately equipped.

(g) that the resources at the disposal of the management are such as to afford a reasonable expectation that the school will be efficiently maintained.

(h) that the fee to be paid by the pupils will not involve such competition with any existing school in the same locality as would be injurious to the interests of education.

(i) that the admissions and promotions of pupils have been made in accordance with instructions issued by the Syndicate from time to time in that behalf.

Though many of the provisions of these Statutes were criticised by various members of the Senate, their general intent was approved of. Accordingly a motion for reference back to the Syndicate sponsored by Mr. S. G. Warty was thrown out and the Scheme was adopted.

The Senate will reassemble at 1 p.m. on Wednesday.


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## QUESTION OF MAXIMUM PAY?

### Madras Corporation's Fresh Resolution

MADRAS, Feb. 9.

A further stage was reached today in the Madras City Municipal Corporation on the appointment of the Acting Corporation Revenue Officer, when the Corporation at a special meeting held this evening adopted by a large majority a resolution deciding to advertise for the post, inviting applications from candidates possessing prescribed qualifications on a salary of Rs. 500.

The vacancy is for a period of two months only. 28 voted for the resolution, 6 against it and 3 remained neutral.—United Press.

## Meningitis At Akola

AKOLA, February 9.

A few cases of meningitis have occurred, and the municipal authorities have to-day issued cautionary notices to all concerned to take all preventive measures to combat the disease.—A.P.

## TO MAKE OR MAR FUTURE DEPENDS ON VOTERS

### Govindlal Shivlal On Duty Of Voters

POONA, Feb. 8.

Mr. Govindlal Shivlal Motilal has issued the following statement in connection with the forthcoming elections:—

"Within the next fortnight three million voters in the Bombay Presidency will be called upon to elect their representatives for the new Legislature. They will make or mar the future of their province and the country by the way they elect their representatives. It is necessary that they grasp the issues clearly. Undoubtedly to vote for the Congress candidates is to vote for principles, programme, organisation, discipline and above all for active, patriotic and earnest struggle for "Swaraj"

"I hope voters have not forgotten that a few years back when England was faced with a minor emergency compared with ours, party labels were submerged and candidates of the National Government were returned in an overwhelming majority to the British Parliament.

India is face to face with a far greater emergency which outweighs all other emergencies. There lies before us the supreme task of winning "Swaraj" and the situation demands that only the Congress candidates are elected who can present a solid front.

"May I appeal to the voters of Assembly as well as Council of my presidency on this solemn juncture in the history of our Nation to vote only for the Congress Candidates and accord their solid support to them and thus once more to maintain its leading position among sister provinces in this phase of the National struggle".

## SOMAN EXPECTED TO BEAT RIVALS IN ELECTION

POONA, Feb. 9.

Election of two representatives to the Upper Chamber (Council) of Bombay Legislature from Poona-cum-Satara constituency takes place on Thursday, February, 11.

Five candidates are contesting election from this constituency, one set up by Congress, another on Liberal ticket and the rest on their own credentials. They are Messrs. G. S. Mahajani (Liberal) Mr. R. G. Soman, (Congress) R.K. Naidu, V. N. Mutalik, L M Deshpande, (Independent).

While contest is expected to be very keen, Mr. R. G. Soman, who stands on Congress ticket and whose public service record is well-known in the Presidency, is expected to beat the rest by a deciding majority.—United Press.

## SARDAR ON WHIRLWIND TOUR

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 9.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Congress Parliamentary Board, has arrived here this morning after a strenuous election campaign in different districts of Gujarat.

He is proceeding straight to Dholka, and will visit several villages. Then he proceeds to Dhandhuka.

In about two days he will visit not less than a dozen villages and address as many meetings.—United Press.

## ONLY ONE CASE OF IMPERSONATION

LAHORE, Feb. 9.

Only one case of impersonation is reported from the Manshera polling station in the Lower Pakhli Muslim constituency, where an alleged bogus voter was sent to the lock-up.

Reports indicate from the various constituencies in the Hazara district indicate that unusual enthusiasm was evinced by the voters. No untoward incident has happened in Manshera, Baffa, Shinkiari and Ugru where over 60 per cent. of the voters used the franchise.

The keenest contest is going on in the Hazara Urban General constituency between Rai Bahadur Ishardas, a nominee of the Hindu-Sikh Nationalist Party and Dr. Govind Sahai, a Congress nominee.

## FRONTIER COUNCIL POSITION

PESHAWAR: Feb. 9.

**Altogether sixteen results have, so far, been declared and the Party position is now as follows:—**

| | |
|---|---|
| **CONGRESS** | **5** |
| **Hindu-Sikh Nationalist Party** | **2** |
| **Independent Muslims** | **8** |
| **Independent Hindu** | **1** |

**Now that one-third of the results are known, it is possible to forecast the complexion of the new Frontier Assembly.**

**The prospects of any single political party coming into power have altogether disappeared.**

**There will almost certainly be Coalition Ministers.—A. P.**

## B. N. Ry. STRIKE TO BE CALLED OFF?

### Giri To Consult Union Committee

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.

Mr. V. V. Giri, President of the B. N. Railway Labour Union, arrived here this evening from Delhi and proceeded shortly after to Kharagpur, where he will give an account of the negotiations carried on by him on behalf of the strikers with Sir Zafrullah Khan, Sir Frank Noyce and Sir Guthrie Russell on one hand and the authorities of the Bengal Nagpur Railway, on the other, during the last fortnight.

Mr. Giri informed a "United Press" representative that in view of a clear understanding reached between him and the Agent of B. N. Railway, through communications exchanged while at Delhi, he did not propose to interview the Agent once again to-day or to-morrow.

Although a final decision as to whether the strike should be called off in view of the conceded and assurances given by the Management of the B N. Railway, opined Mr. Giri, depended entirely on the members of the Strike Committee of the Labour Union, he was personally optimistic that it would be possible to call off the strike by noon to-morrow (Wednesday).—United Press.

## HUNT FOR BANNED LITERATURE

MADRAS, Feb. 9.

The premises of the Madras Provincial Co-operative Union Library situated in the Servants of India Society buildings, Roya Pettah, were searched last evening by the officers of the Criminal Intelligence Department. Madras, on the strength of a search warrant issued by the Third Presidency Magistrate authorising the search and seizure of objectionable literature.

Some books were taken away by the police.

No arrests were made.—United Press.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

Provincial Congress Committee; Nawab Muzaffar Khan, (Unionist), the Revenue Member, who is at present on leave; Begum Shah Nawaz in outer Lahore Muslim Women's Constituency; Mr. S. P. Singha, Controller of Examinations of the Punjab University, on the Indian Christian Election Board ticket, and Dr. Sir Gokulchand Narang, the Minister for Local Self-Government (Hindu Election Board).—A P

# Absolute Majority In U. P. & C. P.

(Continued from Page 1.)

of 114 members, Congress will have an absolute majority as 70 out of 87 candidates set up on Congress ticket are likely to come out triumphant. The Convention is being summoned to enable the Central Provinces delegates to voice the views of the Province at Delhi Convention.

JAWAHAR'S VISIT

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, after the conclusion of the Wardha Working Committee meeting, is likely to pay a flying visit to Nagpur.—United Press.

## CONGRESS LEADS AT EVERY CENTRE

ARVI, Feb. 9.

Unprecedented scenes were witnessed in Arvi Tehsil at all the thirteen centres, when voters marched in hundreds to polling booth in the rains. Congress leads at every centre, even at Rohana, a powerful anti-Congress strong hold.

Dr. N. B. Khare, Mrs. Kaley and other prominent workers from Wardha and Nagpur were present at different centres, Government interference in elections is objected by Dr. Khare. At Karanja and other centres, Congress' success seems to be bright.—United Press.

## JAWAHAR'S APPEAL TO U. P. VOTERS

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 9.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has issued the following statement to the press:—

"Now that the United Provinces' Provincial Assembly elections are over, I should like to remind the public that the elections for the Council, or Upper Chamber, still remain. I trust that the voters for these elections will also vote for the Congress Candidates. In particular I would appeal to voters in Allahabad, Agra and Farukhabad to support and vote for Rameshwar Nath Tandon who is the Congress Candidate for the Council from these cities."—A. P.

## CONGRESSMAN GETS CENT PER CENT VOTES

ALLAHABAD, February 9.

A case of a Congress nominee obtaining nearly cent. per cent votes is reported to the local Congress Committee from Saidabad in connection with election to the U.P. Assembly from the Saidabad Rural General Constituency.

It is stated, though officially the result has not been announced, that out of the 1,445 votes polled in this constituency Mr. Lala Bahadur (Congress) secured 1,441. One vote was invalidated and the rest three votes were divided between two rivals of Congress candidates, Mr. Jagmalraja, a big zamindar and factory-owner getting two votes and Mr. Joti Shanker, another independent, obtaining only one.—United Press.

## Unprecedented Support For Congress Muslims

ALLAHABAD, February 9.

It is becoming increasingly clear that Congress should have set up more Muslim candidates in the U. P. as support for Congress Muslims appears to be unprecedented.

Enquiries made from a Secretary of the National Agriculturist Party show that they have lost heavily specially in the case of Hindu Zamindars.

SOLID BLOCK

It is understood that the U. P. Legislature (Lower House), which has 66 Muslim seats, including two women, will have about 50 non-Congress Muslims who, though they may differ among themselves regarding formation of ministry—will form a single block for legislative purposes.—United Press.

## LATEST POSITION IN PUNJAB

LAHORE, Feb. 9.

The Unionists had a large share in to-day's announcements of election results, claiming 12 out of 28 seats.

The party position now is:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Unionists | 73 |
| Hindu Election Board | 11 |
| Congress | 10 |
| Congress Akalis | 6 |
| Khalsa Nationalist Party | 8 |
| Congress Nationalists | Nil |
| Muslim League | 2 |
| Ittihad-i-Millat | 2 |
| Independents | 21 |
| Ahrars | 2 |
| Total hitherto | 135 |

—A. P.

## PROMINENT SUCCESSES IN PUNJAB

LAHORE, February 9.

The following are prominent further successes in the elections to the Punjab Legislature:—

Lala Dunichand (Congress), the former President of the Punjab

Continued in Col. 5


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# Latest Commercial News

## NEW YORK COTTON CLOSES UNCHANGED

## Silver Quiet: Wheat Barley Steady

BOMBAY, February 9.

On Tuesday Cross Rates remained stationary with small fluctuations. Franc lacked support.

NEW YORK COTTON QUIETLY STEADY.

Absence of any definite news in connection with sales of Loan cotton created hesitancy with buyers holding off during the early session of New York cotton market. Prices early declined and lower Liverpool advices and liquidation but recovered towards close on trade buying.

WHEAT RECOVER TOWARDS CLOSE.

On increased selling, wheat prices eased after a steady opening but good support came forth whereupon it managed to close steady.

SECURITIES EASY.

London Stock Exchange was adversely affected by easiness of gilt-edged securities.

### COTTON

#### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937

New York, Feb 9

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 12.66 |
| To-day's opening | 12.66 |
| Difference | nil |
| To-day's closing | 12.66 |
| Difference | nil |

#### LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937

Liverpool, Feb 9

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 7.03 |
| To-day's opening | 7.01 |
| Difference | —02 |
| To-day's closing | 6.98 |
| Difference | —05 |

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 226/8

#### N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Feb 9

New York cotton was quiet but steady with market lacking fresh incentive meanwhile absence of any definite news in connection with sales of Loan Cotton created hesitancy with buyers holding off.

Operations in March commenced at 12.66 i.e. unchanged from previous closing prices declined on lower Liverpool Cables and scattered Commission house and foreign selling under influenced market gradually sank to 12.63 with somewhat tendency.

#### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Feb 9

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (12.67/12.65) 12.66/12.66
May (12.57/12.56) 12.53/12.52
July (12.43 12.42) 12.36/12.35

#### LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Feb 9

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American March (7.05) 7.00
American May (7.03) 6.99
Egyptian March (9.59) 9.45
Egyptian May (9.84) 9.73

#### BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Feb 9

Broach cotton moved between Rs. 226 and Rs. 225/8. The rate at 9-30 p. m. was Rs. 225/12.

### LONDON MARKETS

London, Feb 9

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-0 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3 1/4) 1-3 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-0 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3) 2-3

JUTE

New Crop February March (£18 7/8) £18 7/8 sellers
Dunlop February (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 1/4 sellers
Lightning February (£20 1/2 sellers) £20 1/2 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (10 5/8 value) 10 1/2 buyers
Forward April June (10 11/16 paid sellers) 10 9/16 paid sellers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay February March (£14 sellers) £14 sellers
Linseed Calcutta February March (£14 1/16 sellers) £14 1/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata January (£11 3/4 sellers) £11 13/15 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal March (£15 1/16 sellers) £15 5/16 sellers

#### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Feb 9

Liverpool wheat opened steady at March 104 1/2, May 105 3/4. After early steadiness prices gradually eased on scattered general selling and liquidation with some profit taking however, ther was some support at lower levels with market displaying rallying tendency

#### CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Feb 9

Chicago wheat opened quiet with May opening at 1.34. Prices eased on scattered commission house liquidation and profit taking influenced by advices from abroad.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

Bombay, Feb 9

May 1937 Delivery

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Rates at 11-0 a.m. | 7 | 9 | 6 |
| Rates at 12-0 noon | 7 | 9 | 0 |
| Rates at 3-0 p.m. | 7 | 9 | 0 |
| Rates at 5-0 p.m. | 7 | 9 | 0 |

### EXCHANGES

#### LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Feb 9

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.89 13/32 |
| To-day's opening | 4.89 11/16 |
| To-day's latest | 4.89 1/2 |

(At the time of New York cotton closing)

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Feb 9

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.89 7/16 |
| To-day's opening | 4.89 7/16 |
| To-day's closing | 4.89 9/16 |

FRANC RATE

London, Feb 9

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 105.10 |
| To-day's opening | 105.9 |
| To-day's closing | 105.10 |

### LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Feb 9

London Exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 4.89 7/16 and remained stationary with small fluctuations.

Franc opened at 105.09 and then slightly eased to 105.10 on lack of support.

London Stock Exchange was adversely affected by easiness of Giltedged securities three and half was quoted at £95 1/4 i.e. unchanged from previous closing.

CROSS RATES

London, Feb 9
3-30 p.m.

| | |
|---|---|
| London on Bombay | (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8 |
| Paris on Bombay | (7.940) 7.941 |
| New York on Bombay | (37.01) 37.00 |
| Berlin on Bombay | (0.92) 0.92 |
| London on Milan | (92.96) 92.96 |
| London on Shanghai | (1-2 5/8) 1-2 5/8 |
| London on Kobe | (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32 |

DISCOUNTS

London, Feb 9

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

LONDON METALS

London, Feb 9

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£227 1/2) £227 buyers £227 1/2 sellers, quiet
Lead (£27 7/16 buyers £27 1/2 sellers) £26 3/4 buyers £26 7/8 sellers, irregular.
Electrolytic Copper (£59 3/4 to £60 3/4) £60 1/4 to £61 1/4
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

#### SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Feb 9

The following cable information was received here to-night from London.

"India bought. China sold. Business small. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Feb 9

| | Last Price. | To-day's Price. |
|---|---|---|
| Spot | (20d.) | 20d. |
| Forward | (20d.) | 20d. |

LONDON GOLD

London, Feb 9

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-2-1) £7-2-1

#### BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Feb 9

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Silver ready | 49 | 14 | 6 |
| Silver 1st settlement | 49 | 2 | 6 |
| Silver 2nd settlement | 49 | 5 | 6 |
| Gold ready | 35 | 2 | 9 |
| Gold 1st settlement | 35 | 2 | 9 |
| Gold 2nd settlement | 35 | 2 | 9 |
| Sovereigns | 22 | 7 | 0 |

#### WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Feb 9

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 5 | 8 | 6 |
| Wheat September | 5 | 7 | 3 |
| Linseed May | 7 | 8 | 6 |
| Linseed September | 7 | 12 | 6 |

Wheat closed quiet and linseed easy.

### 3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Feb 9

The 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted Rs. 97-10 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 97-5 The tone was easy.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Opening | ..... | Rs. | 97 | 12 0 |
| Highest | ..... | Rs. | 97 | 12 0 |
| Lowest | ..... | Rs. | 97 | 2 0 |
| Closing | ..... | Rs. | 97 | 3 0 |

### INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Feb 9

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £94 1/2 as against the previous closing at £95 1/4.

### INDIAN LOANS

London, Feb 9
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£95 3/4) £95 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£113) £112 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1953-68 (£117) £116 3/4
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108) £108
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£113) £113
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£104) £104

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 3/4) £108 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£82 1/2) £81 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£105 3/8) £104 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 7/8) £107 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£114 5/8) £114 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£104 1/2) £103 5/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£113 1/4) £112 3/4

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Feb 9
3-30 p.m.

Weaker Giltedgeds unfavourably influenced markets in general.
Indian Loans easier.
Home industrials generally dull.
Oil shares fluctuating narrowly.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (18-4 1/2) 18-4 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (88-9) 88-9
Hydro Electric (dol 11-7 1/2) dol 11-7 1/2
Musical Industries (26-9) 25-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (55) 55
Imperial Chemical (40-10 1/2) 40-10 1/2
Woolworth Ordinary (86-9) 85-7 1/2
Realisation 1930 (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (35-1 1/2) 34-9
Unilever Ordinary (45-9) 45-9
Ford Motors (33-0) 33-0
Cables and Wireless (£8 1/8) £8 1/8
British American Tobacco (132-6) 132-6
Carreas A (£8 5/8) £8 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (165-0) 163-1 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (31-4 1/2) 31-4 1/2
Distillers (117-9) 117-9
Bredford Dyers (11-7 1/2) 11-7 1/2
British Celanese (10-6) 10-6
J and P Coates Ordinary (53-0) 53-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (57-3) 56-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (14-0) 14-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary (36-3) 35-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (£66 1/2) £65 7/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (45-0) 43-1 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-0) 19-0
Donaro Tea (47-6) 47-6
Empire of India (30-7 1/2) 30-7 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (43-0) 43-7 1/2
Gula Kelampong (57-6) 58-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (41-3) 41-3.....

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (61-10 1/2) 62-6
Burma Corporation (16-9) 16-9
Rio Tintos (£23 1/2) £24 1/4
East Rand Rand Proprietors (83-6) 82-4 1/2
Rand Mines (£9 3/8) £9 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 3/8) £16 1/2
Gedule New (£11 1/8) £11
New Modders (£31 7/8) £31 7/8
Sub Nigel (£13 1/8) £13 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (41-10 1/2) 41-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (57-6) 58-9
Anglo Iranian (113-1 1/2) 113-1 1/2
Burma Oil (116-3) 115-7 1/2
Musical Eagle (29-7 1/2) 29-7 1/2
Shell Transport (£141 7/8) £142 1/2
Royal Dutch (£48 7/8) £49 1/8

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£62-0) £62-0
L and S Ordinary (£31 7/8) £31 1/2
L N E R Defd (£5 5/8) £5 5/8
Southern Dutch (£25) £24 1/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£130 1/2) £130 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£97) £97 1/2

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Feb 9

The following were the opening rates:

General Motor (dol 67 3/4) dol 66 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 55 1/8) dol 55 7/8
U S Steel Common (dol 100) dol 101 3/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 149) unquoted

### GILTEDGEDS WEAK ON LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

*Wall Street Irregular*

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Feb 9

London Stock Exchange continued follow lead Giltedged securities which after further marked weakness staged slight rally towards close.

Oils steady held but quieter.

Indian Loans further eased 43/3. Commodities wheat easier disappointing demand.

Base metals very steady on some speculative demand. Shellac firm speculation. Wall Street irregular.

### BOMBAY SILVER

Bombay, Feb 9

Silver opened quiet steady at 49/15, 49/2 and 49/5. Market was quiet but steady with very little business passing in absence of stimulating cables.

There was some scattered buying with undertone steady at 50, 49/2 and 49/5.

Gold opened steady at 35/3/9, 35/3/9 and 35/3/6. After some activity prices eased on scattered selling and liquidation influenced by disappointing cables from abroad closed steady at 35/3/3, 35/3/3 and 35/3.

### JUTES OPEN STEADY

*Easier Feeling Prevails In Coals*

CALCUTTA, Feb 9

Jutes opened steady but closed easier and business was very much restricted. Easier feelings prevailed in coals and small business was put through. Teas were dull. Miscellaneous disclosed no fresh feature. Government securities were unchanged.

Following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: 3 per cent Government paper 89/2 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 97/8; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 105/14; 4 per cent loan 1943 109/12; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 120/4 small lot; 5 1/2 per cent loan 1938/40 106/7 small lot; 4 per cent Punjab bonds 1948 109/12 small lot.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1546; Do conty 384 small lot.

Railways: Burdwan Cutwa 90; Chaparmukh slight 91

Cottons: E D Sassoon annas 14; Kesoram 5/3.

Coals: Aldih 3/9; Bansra 1/6; Bengal 317; Burra Dhemo 3/9; Bhusick and Muslia 2/10; Nazira 9/3; Raneegunge 36/2; Samla 2; Satpukuria and Asansol 1; Singaran B 1/1; West Jamuria 12/12; Amalgamated 26; Bokaro and Ramgur 15; Burrakur 16/2; New Beerbhoom 14/4 small lot; Standard 33/8; Talcher 2/8

Jutes: Birla 17/8; Budge Budge 286; Clive 6 per cent pref 128; Howrah 50/11; Hukumchand 10/4 small lot; Kamarhatty 508 ex div; Lawrence pref 124; Naihati 545 small lot; Northbrook 39/8; Birla pref 122; Chitavalsah 19/4; Dalhousie pref 149; Kanknarrah 407 ex div small lot; Lansdowne pref 130; New Central pref 149.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 11/10; Consolidated Tin 7/12; Indian Copper Corporation 4; Frank Ross 6/6; Agra Electric 154/8 small lot; Bengal Telephone pref 14/10; Bareilly Electric 16/10; Jubbulpore Electric 14/5; Indian Steel and Wire Products ordy 355; Do ordy Rupees ten; paid up Rs. 35/4; Do defd 255/8; Indian Iron and Steel 29/6; Kumardhubi Engineering ordy 4/7; Steel Products 4/10; Marshalls 2/11; Hindustan Insurance 89; British India Corporation ordy 3/15; Do pref 150; Dunlop Rubber pref 105/8; Do ordy 15/6; Great Eastern Hotel 225; Indian Wood Products 28/15; Macfarlane new 8/8; old 9; defd 3; British Ceylon Corporation 6/14, Tide Water 13; Indian Paper Pulp 162; Humayan Property ordy 19; Mathurapore Zemindary 1.

Rubbers: Kluang 1/10; Pajam 2/50; Borooah Timber 20/4.

Sugars: Carew and Company 18/14 small lots; Bharat 10/8; Dyer Neakin Brewery 61.

Teas: Bateli 5/7; Loobah 7; Moheema 11

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 100/12; 8 per cent 1936/46/51 New India Sugar second mortgage 101—A. P.

### RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

The following press communique has been issued by the Reserve Bank of India:—

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 9th February 1937. Tota amount offered was Rs. 1,52,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-0 allotted approximately 69 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tender being Rs. 0-15-9 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 16th February 1937. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 19th February, 1937. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 5th February 1937, Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,67,25,000 were renewed in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

### No Canvassing By Returning Officers

MADRAS, February 9.

In reply to a letter of Mr. Satyamurti, President of the Tamilnad Provincial Congress Parliamentary Board to Sir Geoffrey Bracken, member-in-charge of elections, Madras Government and Election Commissioner, says that, Returning Officers have been instructed to warn village officers that, they are strictly precluded from canvassing votes for or doing propaganda work on behalf of particular candidates.—United Press.

### AIR MAIL AGREEMENT BETWEEN BRITAIN AND AUSTRALIA

*Britain Conditionally Accepts Australian Control Over Singapore*

MELBOURNE, Feb. 8.

Under new Empire Air Mail Agreement between the United Kingdom and Australia a scheme that will last for fifteen years with right to revision has been framed.

The Commonwealth will retain the present surcharge of five pence per half ounce. Australia consents to use Empire flying-boats between Singapore and Sydney, but the consent may be withdrawn if the arrangement proves unsatisfactory.

If difficulties prove insuperable Britain will accept the principle of Australian control over Singapore Section, meanwhile there will be no reduction in the Orient Line Mail subsidy.

The Commonwealth will contribute the maximum of 30,000 pounds for maintenance of the new route which will open on Jan. 1, 1938.

Australia's mail payments will range between the minimum of £32,000 and the maximum of £52,000 and the subsidy will be between £40,000 and £50,000.

### JAWAHAR MEETING ECHO

*Question Of Suspension Of Civil Judge To Be Raised In Assembly*

NEW DELHI, February 9.

In connection with the reported suspension of the Civil Judge at Moradabad for attending an election meeting addressed by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mr. Akhil Dutt, Deputy President of the Assembly, has tabled a short-notice question suggesting to Government to hold an enquiry into the matter.—United Press.

### RUIKAR SUPPORTS ZAMINDAR!

(From A Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, February 9.

Labour circles in Nagpur are greatly agitated over the fact that prior to his departure to Bombay, Mr. Ruikar addressed public meetings in Bhandara and Sakoli and lent support to the candidature of Mr. Ganpatrao Pande, a big zamindar, who is being backed by Dr. Moonje and is opposing the Congress candidate Mr. Palsule. He is supporting Mr. G. K. Phadke, a full-pledged Democratic Party candidate in the Thana District.

### KING'S FIRST STATE LEVEE

LONDON, February 9.

His Majesty King made his first State drive on the occasion of his first Levee of State. Wearing the dress of uniform of Colonel-in-Chief of Grenadier Guards. The King proceeded in spring sunshine from Buckingham Palace to St James' Palace.

The Dukes of Gloucester and Kent were present at the Levee, which was attended by nearly 1,000 diplomats and other notables with a good sprinkling of services.—Reuter.

### RESPONSE TO OXFORD 'VARSITY APPEAL

LONDON: February 9.

The Oxford University has already received over quarter million sterling towards the appeal for one million.

Rhodes Trustees have promised 100,000 to increase the facilities for Research at Oxford available for Rhodes scholars.—Reuter's Special.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

bags pistachio; 113 bags b pepper.

From Portsaid, Alexandria: 186 bales cotton.

S S Simla, Agents L Edward Ltd from Hamburg: 37 cases earth colour; 109 pieces e'ware; 80 crts e'ware; 86 bales paper; 13 cases stationery; 16 bales boards; 24 cases y m sheeting; 107 cases e p goods; 32 reels steel spring or wire; 80 bags bolts and nuts; 700 reels barbed wire; 50 cases naphthall; 10 bales r hose.

From Antwerp: 70 bags sulphate of alumina; 23 bales paper; 336 cases w glass; 170 ps marble refuses; 61 cases varnish; 50 drums sodium sulphi varnish; 50 drums sodium sulphide; 505 bags whiting; 40 bls lithophone.

From Rotterdam: 10 bales paper; 45 bales wood pulp boards; 60 cases cheese; 22 cases confectionery; 25 cases spring; 33 cases wine;

From Lisbon: 31 cases wine; 161 bdls cork boards; 134 bags cork.

From Brinik and Oto: 1124 bales paper; 12 bales boards; 1278 cases nails; 250 bales wood pulp; 120 drums carbide calcium.

From Goteburg, Stockholm etc: 803 bales paper; 1671 bdls boards ceiling; 208 reels cardboards; 425 cases spring hinges; 660 bags nails; 50 bags sulphate of alumina; 63 cases wood tar; 20 cases hurricane lamps etc; 18 cases stores etc.

From Kolka, Helsangfors: 525 cases nails; 500 pieces aspan logs.

From Danzig: 48 cases paper; 20 bundles ply wood.

# SHIPPING NEWS

## Imports And Exports

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Feb 9

O S K ss Thames Maru of 4254 reg tons, Captain S Kitamura arrived from Karachi with cargo of cotton and scrap iron.

T M ss Ranee of 3143 reg tons, Captain I MacLean arrived from Calcutta via Puri, Vizagapatam, Cocanada, Madras, Caddalore, Galle, Colombo, Trivandrum, Cochin, Ponani, Calicut, Badagra, Tellicherry and Cannanore with general cargo.

O S K ss Mantai Maru of 4259 reg tons, Captain K Arao arrived from Nagoya via Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Miike, Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

T M ss Kohinur of 3240 reg tons, Captain J Murray arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Trivandrum, Alleppey, Cochin, Ponani, Calicut, Badagra, Cannanore and Mangalore with rice and general cargo.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, Feb 9

N Y K ss Tango Maru of 4238 reg tons, Captain K Tsukuda sailed for Kobe via Colombo, Penang, Hongkong and Shanghai with passengers and local cargo.

L Triestino ss Tergestea of 3708 reg tons, Captain A Leo sailed for Basra via Karachi in ballast.

LOADING

Bombay, Feb 9

The following steamers were booked for loading on 9-2-37.

S S Ranee (T M) for Calcutta.

### Alexandra Dock

Bombay, Feb 9

2 Mantai Maru 4259 Karachi 14-2 O S K
3 Clan Alpine 3390 Marmagoa 13-2 Finlay
5 Kioto 2030 tons Karachi 12-2 Finlay
6 City of Khios 3537 tons Calcutta 11-2 Campbell
12 Tergesteo 3708 tons Karachi 9-2 Triestino
13 Br Judge 4011 tons Aberdeen 10-2 Anglo I
14 Kidderpore 3263 Japan 10-2 M M
17 Viceroy of India 10027 London 20-2 M M

### Victoria Dock

1 Subedar 3997 Rangoon 13-2 T M
4 Bandra 1893 tons P Gulf, 10-2 M M
5 Varela 1926 tons P Gulf 11-2 M M
6 Thames Maru 4254 Japan 12-2 O S K
12/13 Ranee 3143 Calcutta 9-2 T M

### Princes Dock

D/F Jalavijaya 2297 Calcutta 10-2 Scindia
F Sophie Marie 677 M Coast 11-2 Merchant S N
G Oostcappelle 348 M Coast 9-2 Merchant S N
N/O Jalapalaka 2630 tons Bassein 10-2 Scindia

### Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Ranchi 18-2 P & O
Comorin 25-2 P & O
Strathnaver 11-2-37 P & O
Strathmore 4-3-37 P & O
Kaisar-i-Hind 11-3-37 P & O
Warfield 18-2-37 M M

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Macindoe 23-2-37 Finlay
City of Canterbury 27-2-37 Killick
City of Benares 13-2-37 Killick
Castalia 15-2-37 Grahams T
City of Christiania 16-2-37 Killick

FROM FALMOUTH

Manela 19-2-37 M M

FROM GERMANY

Ratenfels 17-2-37 Lionel E
Weissenfels 18-2-37 Lionel E
Aludra 19-2-37 Lionel E
Leibenfels 26-2-37 Lionel E

FROM OSLO

Tijuca 16-2-37 Lionel E

FROM NEW YORK

City of Hayville 12-2-37 Lionel E
City of Eastbourne 24-2-37 F F
Fairfield City 19-2-37 M M

FROM GENOA

Dondola 12-2-37 Triestino
Moncallieri 16-2-37 Triestino

FROM TRIESTE

Hilda 15-2 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Victoria 12-2-37 Triestino
Mayebashi Maru 15-2-37 N Y K
Calcutta Maru 19-2-37 N Y K
Bangalore 14-2-37 M M
Liverpool Maru 18-2-37 O S K
Shunko Maru 23-2-37 O S K
Hague Maru 26-2-37 O S K

FROM BASSEIN

Goalpara 18-2-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 20-2 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Gurha 19-2-37 M M

FROM RANGOON

Gazana 23-2 M M

FROM JEDDAH

Jehangir 16-2-37 T M
Alavi 18-2-37 T M
Golconda 20-2-37 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Mongolia 13-2-37 M M

FROM BASRA

Baroda 18-2-37 M M
Varsova 20-2 M M
Bamora 11-2-37 M M
Vasna 13-2 M M

### Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Kaiser-i-Hind 13-2-37 P & O
Nalgora 14-2-37 M M
Mongolia 13-2-37 P & O
Viceroy of India 20-2 P & O
Mooltan 27-2 P & O
Bangalore 16-2-37 M M
Strathmore 6-3-37 P & O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Castalia 27-2-37 Grahams
City of Benares 8-3-37 Killick

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 2-3 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 12-2 L Triestino

FOR NEW YORK

City of Ripon 3-2-37 F F
City of Khioa 10-2-37 F F
City of Eastbourne 26-2-37 F F

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Calcutta Maru 28-2-37 N Y K
Mantai Maru 28-2-37 O S K
Liverpool Maru 28-2-37 O S K
Kidderpore 8-2-37 P & O
Mantai Maru 23-2 O S K
Conte Verde 24-2 L Triestino
Thames Maru 14-2-37 O S K
Ranchi 19-2-37 P & O

FOR ABADAN

British Judge 9-2-37 Anglo I

FOR BASRA

Bandra 10-2-37 M M
Varela 11-2-37 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 20-2-37 T M
Bamora 17-2-37 M M

FOR SYDNEY

Strathnaver 11-2 P & O

FOR KARACHI

Nalgora 9-2-37 M M
Mayebashi Maru 17-2-37 N Y K
Weissenfels 23-2-37 Lionel E

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 17-2-37 M M
Takliwa 3-3-37 M M

FOR MOMBASA

Gandara 13-2 M M

FOR MAURITIUS

Jehangir 18-2-37 T M

FOR RANGOON

Gambada 9-2 M M
Subedar 13-2 T Morrison

FOR CALCUTTA

City of Khios 11-2 F F
Jalavijaya 10-2-37 Scindia

FOR MARMAGOA

Clan Alpine 13-2 Finlay

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Bandra 8-2-37
S S Varela 8-2-37
S S Ranpura (boats) 8-2-37
S S Naldera 8-2-37
S S Irrawadi 8-2-37
S S Parvati 8-2-37
S S Sonavati 8-2-37

### Exports

Bombay, Feb 9

S S City of Johannesburg for Liverpool: 1250 bales cotton Vol Bros; 2000 pkts myrabollams C Mehta; 2240 bags groundnut oil cake C Oil Exports; 1500 bags groundnut oil cake K Prasad; 200 bales cotton Vakharia; 186 bales cotton V Ladha.

For Bostan: 20 bales goat skins D Abraham

For Philadelphia: 54 bales goat skins D Abraham.

For New York: 139 bags plantago seed D Abraham; 59 bags s seed D Abraham; 23 bales skin D Abraham.

S S Nalgora for Antwerp: 110 bales cotton Vol Bros; 330 bales cotton S Karamshi.

For Havre: 300 bales cotton Vol Bros; 185 bags mustard seed Vol Bros.

For Dunkirk: 275 bales cotton B Mawji;

For London: 140 bales cotton rugs Oversea Cottonwaste; 883 bags groundnut kernels and apricot kernels S M Rajgor; 190 cases bristles B Phillip & Hayley; 296 pieces wood scantling McKenzies.

S S Thames Maru for Kobe: 100 bales cotton G Madhavni; 100 bales cotton S J David; 300 bales cotton K Devchand; 100 bales cotton Habib; 1500 bales cotton N Nagsee; 200 bales cotton The Nissho; 200 bales cotton R Kanji; 200 bales cotton P Madhavni; 500 bales cotton A Podar; 100 bales cotton A Clayton; 400 bales cotton V Ladha; 300 bales cotton G K K, 100 bales cotton K Poonja.

For Kobe/Osaka: 700 bales cotton M Kaisha.

For Osaka: 600 bales cotton R Kanji; 200 bales cotton The Patel Cotton; 300 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

For Kokohama: 100 bales cotton K Poonja.

S S Mantai Maru for Yokkaichi: 100 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

For Kobe/Osaka: 500 bales cotton Jap Cotton Trading;

For Kobe: 100 bales cotton P Madhavni; 400 bales cotton Langley; 600 bales cotton Kotak; 100 bales cotton K M Nathoo; 100 bales cotton P Madhavni; 500 bales cotton G K Kaisha; 200 bales cotton B Gangadhar.

For Yokkaichi: 800 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

S S Tosari for Portland: 185 bales cotton Vol Bros.

For Seattle: 240 bales cotton Vol Bros;

For Vancouver: 50 bales cotton Vol Bros.

For Los Angeles: 300 bales cotton Vol Bros.

S S Kaiser-i-Hind for Marseilles: 1400 bags castorseed K Dewchand.

S S Kidderpore for Kobe: 60 bales cotton V Ladha.

### Imports

Bombay, Feb 9

S S Viceroy of India, Agents M M and Co form London: 10 kegs soda carbonate; 20 drums calcium chloride; 50 cases gummed paper; 202 cases stationery and books; 120 cases castor oil; 262 reels paper; 130 cases cigarettes etc; 635 cases provision and stores; 20 cases sugar; 24 cases hosiery, drapery and apparel; 287 packages elect cable and other goods; 167 cases chocolate and confectionery; 58 cases epsom salt; 23 cases grape water; 100 cases wincarnis; 451 packages r tyres and tubes; 52 cases photo goods; 38 bundles glue case; 165 cases medicines; 276 cases distemper; 64 cases dry colour; 58 packages milk powder; 111 casks whiting; 165 bundles cycle rims; 887 pieces stoneware; 50 cases boiler compound; 50 cases cond milk; 200 pcks roofing felts; 68 cases ovaltine; 1140 cases paint; 77 cases plaster of paris; 79 cases electrodes; 25 cases bus tickets; 43 bags lead pipe; 35 cases crown cork; 36 cases wine; 780 cases whisky; 47 cases auto parts.

From Zurich, Genoa, Basle: 75 cases cotton art s emb; 40 cases cotton embroidery; 35 cases chemical raw material.

From Bordeaux: 96 cases brandy; 10 cases olive oil; 10 cases ess oil; 51 cases saffron.

From Rotterdam and Amsterdam: 540 cases beer; 210 cases maize starch; 240 bags pearl starch; 32 cases provision.

From Jaffa and Alexandritta: 265

Continued In Col. 8.

# Foreign Buying & Liquidation In New York Market

## SMALL BUSINESS IN LOAN COTTON

## German Barter Plan Nearing Completion

Bombay, Feb. 9.

An advance on the New York cotton market was tempered by negligible outside interest, pending Washington's agricultural plans. There was little evidence of business in loan cotton.

The New York cotton market opened very steady but March declined on local and foreign liquidation. Later months advanced on commission houses and foreign buying which met comparatively small hedging and liquidation.

The German barter plan is nearing completion promising fair sales. Finally hedge selling of old crop appeared with the session ending barely steady.

It is learnt that mills in U.S.A. are working unfilled orders and are not selling the present output. Fertilizer sales are reported 28 per cent above at this time last year giving an indication of increase in area under cotton cultivation.

### NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 6 points with March 12.65. Under buying commission houses and foreign support prices advanced 7 points from the opening level and March was quoted 12.72 which was the highest level. Later on there was some hedge selling and the market closed at a decline of 5 points for near months but distant months were 9 to 11 points up. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 13.16c.

### NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at a decline of 3 points but distant months were unchanged. Spot cotton prices were reduced 5 points at 13.21c. per lb.

### LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points with March 7.06. Outside interest was lacking. There was local buying and covering on proposal to sell from loan cotton one million untenderable grades for flood relief but the improvement induced some tired long liquidation. Later on the market was quiet with long liquidation. The market closed unchanged to 2 points up. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 7.30d. per lb.

### EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures section was quiet but steady with a restricted turnover. Sakels futures closed unchanged to 2 points up and uppers futures were one point up.

### ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

Under improved demand the Alexandria market ruled steady and Sakels futures gained 9 to 15 points while Ashmouni contracts closed 8 to 11 points up.

### TEXTILE ACTIVITY.

"M.G.C." states:—

Mill buying has been promoted by the great activity in textiles; sales are again running in excess of production, with business extending into the second quarter of the year. Spot demand is not active, in spite of the large consumption by domestic mills, which is estimated for December by the Cotton Exchange Service at 685,000 bales.

The export situation is discouraging, sales running farther behind last year's. The outlook is more promising, however, though the German barter project is still hanging fire. Efforts are being made by other Continental countries to establish credits, and these are expected to result in an increase in sales.

### SPECULATIVE INTEREST

Speculative interest is negligible, the action of the market discouraging operations, although there is some interest on declines in distant positions. Weather news is beginning to attract attention in connection with the new crop outlook. Rains over a large area are creating a good season in the ground, and low temperatures in the south-west will probably kill many weevil in hibernation. Texas rains, however, have been light; the past three months show a large deficiency as compared with normal. The foreign political situation and the labour troubles in the motor industry and in shipping are unfavourable factors. The spot basis for white cotton is firmly maintained.

### PRIVATE CABLES.—

N. Y. March Highest (10-21 a.m.) ..... 12.72 plus 01
N.Y. March Lowest 10 a.m.) ..... 12.65—66
Liverpool March Highest 7.07 plus 04
Liverpool March Lowest 7.03

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co. have received the following cable:—

United States mills working unfilled orders and not selling present output. Fertilizer sales 28 p.c. above last year

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends

Liverpool.—Market quiet. Short covering offset by Eastern selling. Trade calling small. Bearish Temporary.

Liverpool.—Market largely professional with little outside interest. "Long" interest appears to be small. Market held in check owing to hedge selling against loan cotton.

New York.—Market eased on spot house selling believed to be against Government loan cotton releases.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their foreign friends:—

New York.—"Absence of activity in March seems to indicate that trade short covering is about over. Foreign buying of distant months prefer buying on declines only."

### NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Feb. 8.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| March | 12.66 | —05 |
| May | 12.52 | —02 |
| July | 12.36 | —02 |
| October | 11.88 | plus 05 |
| December | 11.84 | plus 09 |
| January | 11.84 | plus 011 |
| Middling Spot | 13.16 | —05 |

### NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Feb. 8.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| March | 12.61 | —03 |
| May | 1.52 | —02 |
| July | 12.37 | |
| Middling Spot | 13.21 | —05 |
| 11-00 a.m. Ranges.— | | |
| March | 12.71 | 12.70 |
| May | 12.57 | 12.57 |
| July | 12.41 | 12.41 |
| Noon Call.— | | |
| March | 12.69 | |
| May | 12.57 | |
| July | 12.41 | |

### NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Feb. 8.

| | bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports | 11,000 |
| Day's Exports to Great Britain | 7,000 |
| Day's Exports to the Continent | 13,000 |
| Day's Exports to China and Japan | 17,000 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 8.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| February | 7.03 | |
| March | 7.03 | |
| April | 7.03 | plus 01 |
| May | 7.02 | plus 01 |
| June | 6.99 | plus 01 |
| July | 6.97 | plus 01 |
| August | 6.81 | plus 01 |
| September | 6.66 | plus 02 |
| October | 6.59 | plus 02 |
| November | 6.54 | plus 02 |
| December | 6.53 | plus 02 |
| January | 6.52 | plus 02 |
| Middling Spot | 7.30 | plus 03 |
| 10-12 a.m. quotations.— | | |
| March | 7.06 | |
| May | 7.04 | |

### EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS.— | |
| February | 9.53 |
| March | 9.53 |
| May | 9.80 |
| July | 9.82 |
| September | 9.82 |
| F.G.F. Spot | 10.14 |

### INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| BROACH.— | |
| Fully Good (Good staple) | 5.77 |
| Fine (Good staple) | 5.92 |
| Superfine (Good staple) | 6.07 |
| OOMRA— | |
| Fine (No 1 staple) | 5.79 |
| Superfine (No 1 staple) | 5.94 |
| Choice (No 1 staple) | 6.09 |
| BENGAL— | |
| Good | 4.68 |
| Fully Good | 4.78 |
| Fine | 4.90 |

## American Cotton Figures

| | 1936-37 | 1935-36 |
|---|---|---|
| F P Bales | | |
| Receipts to date 8-2-37 | 5592000 | 6091000 |
| Receipts yesterday 8-2-37 | 11000 | 13000 |
| Exports to date 8-2-37 | 3758000 | 4309000 |
| Stock at Ports 5-2-37 | 2392000 | 2512000 |
| Stock at Interior Towns 5-2-37 | 2000000 | 2196000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 5-2-37 | 906000 | 752000 |
| Visible Supply 5-2-37 | 5955000 | 6499000 |
| Quantity in sight 5-2-37 | 10627000 | 10361000 |
| Quantity out of sight 5-2-37 | 7924000 | 6968000 |

## Wheat Buyers Holding Off

Bombay, Feb. 9.

A private cable received here states: Winnipeg above usual parity of Liverpool. Buyers of actuals are holding off because the advance has been too rapid.

### LINSEED OIL

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. | 27/4 1/2 |
| Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. May-Aug. paid sellers | 27/6 |

### NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) | 8 7/8 |

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES.

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent | £72 1/2 |
| Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 | £81 1/4 |
| Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later | £95 1/4 |
| Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | £113 |
| Consols 2 1/2 per cent | £82 3/8 |
| Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 | £105 1/4 |
| Wa rLoan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 | £104 1/4 |
| Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 | £114 1/2 |
| Victory Bonds 4 per cent | £113 |
| Chartered Bank of I.A. and China | £16 3/8 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg. | £114 |
| National Bank of India | £47 1/2 |
| P and O Banking Corporation | £10 3/8 |

### LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| T.T. London on:— | |
| New York | 4.89 7/16 |
| Paris | 105.10 |
| Berlin | 12.16 1/2 |
| Madrid | 70.25 |
| Amsterdam | 8.93 3/4 |
| Brussels | £29.01 |
| Milan | 92.96 |
| Berns | 21.41 3/4 |
| Prague | 140.25 |

### LONDON RUBBER

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. sellers | 10 5/8 |

### LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, Feb. 8.

Interest day to day loan 1/2 to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent.

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb. 9.

Following irregular New York advices, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 227/2 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 226/8 on general selling by Bazar operators despite firm Sampin closing advices at a rise of 5 yen. Later on the market was steady and Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 226/12. The tone of the market was quiet. Later on there was slightly increased selling. Liverpool market opened quiet at decline of 2 points and Broach A/M delivery declined to Rs. 226/2. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Broach A/M | 226 | 4 | 0 |
| Broach J/A | 228 | 4 | 0 |
| Oomra March | 207 | 12 | 0 |
| Oomra May | 207 | 8 | 0 |
| Bengal March | 177 | 8 | 0 |
| Bengal May | 177 | 12 | 0 |

## Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Feb 9

| | Extra Sprfine | Sup | Fine | FG | Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M G— | | | | | |
| Bengal U P | ... | 185 | 182 | 179 | 176 |
| Punjab | ... | 185 | 182 | 179 | 176 |
| Oomra No. 3 | 218 | 215 | 212 | 209 | ... |
| C P No. 1 | 230 | 237 | 224 | 221 | ... |
| C P No. 2 | 222 | 219 | 216 | 213 | ... |
| Broach No. 2 | ... | 253 | 230 | 227 | 224 |
| Khandesh | 210 | 207 | 204 | 202 | .... |

## Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Feb 9

| | |
|---|---|
| Bengal Superfine | 183/85 |
| Bengal Fine | 180/82 |
| C P 1 | 221/23 |
| C P 2 | 213/15 |
| Arvi | 214/16 |
| Ellichpur | 213/15 |
| Berar | 211/13 |
| Khamgaon | 213/15 |
| Mulkapur | 210/11 |
| Khandesh | 205/07 |
| Jalna/Sailu | 206/08 |
| Burwah Sanavad | 211/13 |
| Broach Fine | 226/28 |
| Punjab/American | 227/32 |
| Sind N T | 267/77 |
| Punjab 289 F | 287/92 |
| Jagadia Ankleshwar | 259 |

## Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Feb 9

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

| In full-pressed bales | Yesterday. | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | 1,091 | 174,144 |
| Central India | 3,217 | 219,965 |
| Barsi and Nagar | 1,375 | 115,470 |
| Hyderabad Gaorani | 800 | 52,145 |
| Berar | 3,672 | 390,877 |
| Central Provinces | 496 | 86,614 |
| Total Oomras | 10,651 | 1,039,215 |
| Dholera | 123 | 19,448 |
| N W Provinces | ... | 4,728 |
| Rajputana | 268 | 36,441 |
| Sind-Punjab | 2,555 | 211,489 |
| Broach | 2,176 | 17,342 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | ... | 11,653 |
| Westerns Northerns | 5 | 13,290 |
| Cocoanada | ... | 124 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | 127 | 2,843 |
| Persian | ... | 10 |
| American | ... | 3,692 |
| Egyptian and African | 1,971 | 128,641 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | ... | 5 |
| Total | 17,876 | 1,488,921 |

## Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 4th Feb

| In full-pressed bales | Yesterday. | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 4,486 | 186,518 |
| Japan and China | 16,450 | 638,538 |
| Coast Ports | ... | 9,218 |
| Up-country by Rail | ... | 106,507 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan | ... | 74,266 |
| Total | 20,936 | 1,015,047 |

## Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Feb. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| March | 75.10 plus 30 |
| April | 75.30 plus 30 |

## Alexandria Cottton

Alexandria, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| SAKELS— | |
| March | 18.05 plus 10 |
| May | 17.96 plus 09 |
| ASH.— | |
| February | 14.35 plus 09 |
| June | 14.16 plus 11 |
| GIZA— | |
| March | 16.00 plus 10 |
| November | 15.93 plus 08 |

## Cotton Arrivals

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts into Bombay on 6th February | 15,471 |
| Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936 | 1,471,045 |
| Receipts into Bombay same time last season | 1,046,178 |
| Increase | 424,867 |

## Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—
March 163 May 175 at Cross Rate 4.89 13/32.

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1937 227—Liverpool May 7.00 Rs. 77 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1937 227—New York May 12.52 Rs. 57 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.89 13/32.

## High And Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Feb. 8.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 228 1/2; Highest 228 1/2; Lowest 227 3/4 Closing 228.

Broach July/Aug. Op. 229 3/4; Highest 230; Lowest 229 1/2; Closing 229 3/4

Oomra March Op. 210 1/4; Highest 210 1/4; Lowest 209 1/4; Closing 209 1/2.

Oomra May Op. 210 1/4; Highest 210 1/4; Lowest 209; Closing 209.

Bengal March Op. 180 1/4; Highest 180 1/4; Lowest 179 1/2; Closing 179 1/2.

Bengal May Op. 180; Highest 180; Lowest 179 1/4; Closing 179 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach A/M. Settlement (21-2-37) Rs. 3 3/4.

T/Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 3/4.

T/Mandi for Broach July/A. (30-6-37) Rs. 16.

## GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Feb. 9.

Yesterday London gold prices declined half a penny to £7-2-1 London-Paris Exchange was unchanged at 105.10. Dollar-Sterling cross rate was quoted at 4.89 13/32. London silver prices closed 1/16d. down at 20d. There was little general selling and the market was quietly steady but buyers predominated at fixed prices. New York silver prices were unchanged at 44 3/4 cents and Montreal prices were 5 to 10 points up. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1.2 19/32. The local silver market was quiet but steady with a small turnover and gold was steady on slightly better enquiry.

| GOLD.— | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready | 35 | 3 | 6 |
| Magh delivery | 35 | 3 | 6 |
| Magh Teji-mandi | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Fagan delivery | 35 | 3 | 6 |
| Fagan Teji-mandi | 0 | 5 | 3 |
| SILVER— | | | |
| Ready | 49 | 14 | 0 |
| Magh delivery | 49 | 2 | 0 |
| Magh Teji-mandi | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| Fagan delivery | 49 | 5 | 0 |
| Fagan Teji-mandi | 1 | 9 | 0 |

## Montreal Silver

Montreal, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| February | 44.60 plus 10 |
| March | 44.50 plus 05 |
| May | 44.40 plus 05 |

### LONDON SILVER

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot | 20 |
| Forward | 20 |

### LONDON GOLD.

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold Bars Fine per ounce | £7/2/1 |

## LONDON COPPER

Bombay, Feb. 9.

Yesterday London copper market closed at £55-10 despite continued realising. There was sustained continental buying.

## Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Feb. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| February | 254.50 plus 260 |
| April | 246.70 plus 230 |
| May | 246.00 plus 250 |
| June | 246.10 plus 500 |
| August | 246.80 plus 290 |

## Bombay Metals

Bombay, Feb 9

| | |
|---|---|
| London market— | |
| Standard copper cash (buyers) | £55-7-6 |
| Standard copper 3 months | £55-10-0 |
| Electrolytic copper | £60-15-0 |
| New York— | |
| Blue Eagle | 13.25 cents. |
| Non-Blue Eagle | 13.10 cents. |
| Bombay market— | |
| Yellow metal sheets | Rs. 41-8-0 |
| Copper sheets | Rs. 52-12-0 |
| Tone: Firm. | |

## LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Feb 9

Our market was quiet but steady and in the absence of any important business prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Chicago and London advices firm but demand for actual was limited. Quotations in the local market were as under:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Linseed May | 7 | 9 | 3 |
| Linseed September | 7 | 13 | 3 |
| Wheat May | 5 | 9 | 3 |
| Wheat September | 5 | 8 | 0 |

## LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Feb 8

Per 100 lbs—
March 104 3/4d.
May 104 5/8d.
July 106 1/4d.

## Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Feb 8

Per bushel—
May dol. 1.35 3/8
July dol. 1.17 3/8
September dol. 1.13 1/2

## Argentine Linseed

Buenos Aires, Feb 8

February 14.35
March 14.35

### LONDON SEEDS.

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. Feb sellers | £11/15/0 |
| Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. Feb-Mar. sellers | £14/1/3 |
| Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. Feb-Mar. sellers | 14/5/0 |
| Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. C. I. F. Feb-Mar. sellers | £13/15/0 |
| Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. Feb-Mar. sellers | £14/0/0 |

## Produce Receipts

Bombay, Feb 9

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 2,434 | cwts. |
| Linseed | 460 | cwts. |
| Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds | 149 | cwts. |
| Gingellyseed | 2,344 | cwts. |
| Groundnuts | 15,798 | cwts. |
| Castorseed | 5,076 | cwts. |
| Rice | 38,106 | cwts. |
| Myrabollams | 3,440 | cwts. |
| Cottonseed | 6,391 | cwts. |
| Gram | 1,533 | cwts. |
| Joowar | 1,114 | cwts. |
| Barley | 644 | cwts. |
| Bajree | 3 | cwts. |
| Indian sugar | 14,467 | cwts. |
| Coal | 1,881 | tons. |

## Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Feb 9

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Java ready | 13 | 3 | 0 |
| February March shipment | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| July September shipment | 4 | 7 | 6 |
| Kesar ready | 11 | 9 | 0 |
| Saraya ready | 11 | 1 | 0 |
| Spot Java | F. | 5.35 | |

## New York Sugar

New York, Feb 8

May 2.60 —04
July 2.60 —04
September 2.60 —04
November 2.60 —01

## GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Feb. 9.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 100/1
3 per cent 1951/54 102
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 103/14
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 97/11
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 106
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 110/2
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 113/14
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 119
3 per cent U P Bonds 98
5 per cent 1938/44 107/10
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 110/10
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan 106/2

TAX FREES

3 per cent 1945/55 120/2
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan 112
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 106
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 109/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 109
5 per cent M Deb 1959 118/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 130/8
6 per cent K P T 1956 130/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 102

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 97/9 and improved to Rs. 97/11. Tone steady.

In the afternoon there was increased selling on London opening being 5 shillings down. 3 1/2 per cent after declining to Rs. 97/1 improved to Rs. 97/2.

## MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Feb. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| B. C. RATES— | |
| T T D D | 1/6 1/16 |
| LONDON— | |
| Banks selling T T D D | 1/6 3/32 |
| Banks buying T T | 1/6 5/32 |
| Banks buying D D | 1/6 3/16 |
| Banks buying 3 mos. | 1/6 7/32 |
| NEW YORK | |
| B C Rate T T | 273 5/8 |
| Banks selling T T | 271 5/8 |
| Banks buying T T | 269 1/2 |
| PARIS— | |
| Banks selling T T | /88 |
| Banks buying T T | 803 |
| JAPAN— | |
| Banks selling T T (from Mar. 1/8 lower) | 77 3/8 |
| Banks buying T T (from Mar. 1/8 lower) | 76 5/8 |
| AMSTERDAM— | |
| Banks selling D D | 67 1/8 |
| JAVA— | |
| Banks selling D D | 66 3/4 |
| HONGKONG— | |
| Banks selling D D | 83 3/8 |
| SHANGHAI | |
| Banks selling D D | 81 1/2 |
| SINGAPORE— | |
| Banks selling D D | 156 1/4 |
| BERLIN— | |
| Banks selling D D | 90 5/8 |
| CROSS RATE— | |
| New York/London 8th instant | 4.89 3/8 |
| Japan/London— 9th instant | 1/2 |
| Java/London— 9th instant | 8.89 1/4 |
| Hongkong/London— 9th instant | 1/3 |
| Shanghai/London— 9th instant | 1/2 19/32 |
| London/Paris 8th instant | 105.10 |
| London/Belgium 8th instant | 29.01 |
| London/Switzerland 8th instant | 21.41 3/4 |
| London/Berlin 8th instant | 12.16 1/2 |
| London/Stockholm 8th instant | 19.39 1/2 |
| London/New York 8th instant | 4.89 7/16 |
| London/Amsterdam 8th instant | 8.93 3/4 |
| London/Italy 8th instant | 92.96 |
| Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet. | |
| Gold 6th instant | £7-2-1 1/2 |
| 8th instant | £7-2-1 |
| Silver London Ready 6th instant | 20 1/16 |
| 8th instant | 20 |
| Silver London Forward 6th instant | 20 1/16 |
| 8th instant | 20 |
| Silver New York Ready 6th instant | 45 |
| 8th instant | 45 |
| London Discounts 3 months 6th instant | 9/16 p.c. |
| 8th instant | 9/16 p.c. |
| London Discounts 6 months 6th instant | 11/16 p.c. |
| 8th instant | 11/16 p.c. |
| Reserve Bank Rate | 3 p.c. |
| Bank of England Rate | 2 p.c. |
| Money:— | |
| Call | 1 p.c. |
| 3 Months | 1 1/4 p.c. |
| 6 Months | 1 1/4 p.c. |
| Tone:—Steady. | |

## Indian Sterling Loans

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Call Loan London | 1/2 |
| 3 per cent | 81 1/4 |
| 3 1/2 per cent | 95 1/4 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1954/59 | 104 |
| 4 per cent 1948/53 | 108 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | 113 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 | 117 |
| 5 per cent 1942-47 | 113 |
| 3 per cent 1949/52 | 99 3/4 |
| 2 1/2 per cent British Consols | 82 3/8 |
| 3 1/2 per cent Conversion | 105 1/4 |
| 3 1/2 per cent War Loan | 104 1/4 |

## WALL-STREET CHEERFUL

### Steel Group Bright

Bombay, Feb. 9.

"Despite the prevailing uncertainties Wall St.'s cheerfulness was sustained with numerous gains touching 3 dollars under the bright domination of the steel group. On the other hand, general motors were heavy after the gloomy negotiational outlook.

Commodities were also, somewhat buoyant on the whole. Prices on the Chicago wheat market rallied on the apprehension that new crop prospects were encouraging broader buying, but an advance on the cotton market was tempered by negligible outside interest pending Washington's agricultural plans. There was very little evidence of business in loan cotton.

The Good Year strike has been settled and operations will be resumed. The Good Year has recommenced common stock dividends with doubled profit last year and has cleared up the arrears in 7 per cent preference stock".—Reuter.

# Sharp Fall In Steel Shares

## ACTIVE FLUCTUATIONS AND HEAVY REALISING

## Cement Section Steady

**BOMBAY: February 9.**

**Against expectations of firm opening, the local Share Bazar opened easy and prices declined on general long liquidation, but towards the close prices rallied on active support, but again eased off on heavy selling.**

**Reports of the breakdown of the Steel Merger and fall in Indian Iron shares in London influenced some nervous long liquidation. Steel shares in Wall Street displayed firm tone on Monday, but the local market remained uninfluenced.**

**The market was open for one hour only and there was a fairly good turnover.**

**Tata Steel shares displayed considerable activity while Cotton Mill shares ruled quiet. Cement shares were steady with a slightly better enquiry and the tone at the close was unsettled.**

**In view of expectations of budget the market is likely to be very sensitive with rapid and violent fluctuations. There will be various unfounded rumours which are likely to have effect on the general sentiment.**

**Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,400 and soon improved to Rs. 1,420. This was the highest level for the day, as there was heavy, tired, long liquidation, which depressed prices to Rs. 1,360. Towards the close there was general covering by jobbers and particularly those who sold at the opening were covering their sales. Prices rapidly improved to Rs. 1,400, but the rise attracted heavy selling and in about five minutes prices rapidly dropped and closed near about the lowest level of the day.**

**Tata Steel Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 304 and after advancing to Rs. 306 declined to Rs. 298-8.**

**Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 875 and after declining to Rs. 863 improved to Rs. 870. Century Mill shares closed at Rs. 206.**

**Indian Cement shares were steady at Rs. 541, while Shahabads changed hands at Rs. 515.**

**Bombay-Burma shares opened at Rs. 670 and after declining to Rs. 647 prices rallied to Rs. 652.**

**Tata Power shares opened at 1,526 and improved to Rs. 1,543, while Andhra shares were steady at Rs. 1,730.**

### TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, Feb. 9.

| | Rs | as |
|---|---|---|
| 100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 14) | 305 | 0 |
| 250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25) | 870 | 0 |
| 100 Century | 206 | 4 |
| 100 Central India (Rs. 4) | 271 | 4 |
| 100 Colaba (nil) | 157 | 8 |
| 100 Coorla | 110 | 0 |
| 250 David | 75 | 0 |
| 250 Dawn (Rs. 10) | 360 | 0 |
| I. E. D. Sassoon (nil) | 0 | 9 6 |
| 100 Finlay (Rs 2-8) | 117 | 8 |
| 100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8) | 208 | 12 |
| 1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75) | 1725 | 0 |
| 100 Indore | 48 | 12 |
| 100 Khatau (Rs 2) | 95 | 10 |
| 100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8) | 276 | 4 |
| 250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8) | 675 | 0 |
| 250 Madras United | 11 | 0 |
| 1,000 Morarji (nil) | 960 | 0 |
| 250 Model | 56 | 4 |
| 50 Mysore (Rs. 3) | 105 | 0 |
| 200 New Great (nil) | 168 | 12 |
| 100 Oosmanshahi (Re 1) | 50 | 0 |
| 100 Phoenix (10) | 318 | 12 |
| 25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2) | 62 | 8 |
| 1,000 Sholapur (Rs. 50) | 2300 | 0 |
| 50 Simplex (Rs. 1-2) | 82 | 8 |
| 100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4) | 232 | 8 |
| 100 Swan (nil) | 84 | 6 |
| 500 Vishnu (Rs. 50) | 1325 | 0 |
| 1000 Western | 805 | 0 |
| **BANKS.** | | |
| 50-100 Baroda (Rs 2-8) | 118 | 4 |
| 25-50 Central (As. 12.) | 35 | 6 |
| 500 Imperial (Rs. 30) | 1542 | 8 |
| 125-500 I. Conty (Rs 7-8) | 371 | 4 |
| 50-100 India (Rs. 2-8) | 140 | 8 |
| 100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4) | 138 | 12 |
| 5 Union (As. 4) | 5 | 11 |
| **CEMENTS.** | | |
| 10 Bundi (As 10) | 41 | 0 |
| 100 Coimbatore | 199 | 6 |
| 70 Gwalior (Rs. 5) | 137 | 8 |
| 160 Indian (Rs. 24) | 541 | 4 |
| 40 Katni Def. (Rs 83-8-9) | 2,343 | 12 |
| 100 Katni ord. (Rs. 10) | 390 | 0 |
| 75 Okha (Rs. 7) | 312 | 8 |
| 10 Punjab (As. 12) | 30 | 0 |
| 100 Shahabad (Rs. 13-8) | 515 | 0 |
| 70 United (Rs. 2-8) | 167 | 8 |
| **INSURANCE** | | |
| 80-500 Empire (Rs. 14) | 1025 | 0 |
| 15-100 Jupiter (As. 12) XD | 16 | 0 |
| 15-75 New India (Re. 1-4) | 45 | 12 |
| 20 Mercantile | 46 | 0 |
| 200 Oriental (125) | 5300 | 0 |
| 10-50 Vulcan (As. 8) | 7 | 12 |
| **ELECTRIC.** | | |
| 100 Ahmedabad Old (6) | 185 | 0 |
| 1,000 Andhra Valley (45) | 1730 | 0 |
| 10 Ajmer (As 4) | 14 | 0 |
| 50 B'bay Tram (Rs. 3-8) | 152 | 13 |
| 100 Bom Suburban (Rs. 6) | 210 | 0 |
| 10 Broach | 14 | 6 |
| 100 Calcutta (4) | 267 | 8 |
| 100 Poona (4) | 270 | 0 |
| 100 Surat (Rs 8) | 208 | 4 |
| 100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5) | 186 | 14 |
| 1,000 Tata Power (Rs. 40) | 1543 | 12 |
| **RAILWAYS** | | |
| 500 Ahmedabad Prantij | 922 | 8 |
| 100 C Province | 98 | 8 |
| 100 Dhond Baramati | 102 | 0 |
| 100 Gujarat | 93 | 12 |
| 100 Mandra Bhon | 102 | 0 |
| 100 Pachora Jamner | 98 | 0 |
| 100 Sara Sirajgunje | 102 | 8 |
| 500 Tapti Valley (17-8) | 776 | 4 |
| **MININGS.** | | |
| 10 Shivrajpur (As. 8). | 44 | 12 |
| 30 Tata Steel Def. (Rs. 7-8). | 1362 | 8 |
| 75 Tata Steel Ordi. (Rs. 6) | 298 | 8 |
| **MISCELLANEOUS** | | |
| 100 Alcock (Rs. 5). | 273 | 12 |
| 50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 7) | 166 | 14 |
| 200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40) | 900 | 0 |
| 250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15) | 285 | 0 |
| 125 B'bay Burma (Rs. 12-8) | 652 | 8 |
| 50 Dc. Conty. (Rs. 5) | 220 | 0 |
| 8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil) | 6 | 6 6 |
| 50 B'bay Telephone (Rs. 2-8) | 117 | 4 |
| 9 Burma Corp. (As. 8) | 11 | 9 |
| 2sh Indian Copper | 4 | 1 6 |
| 100 I Bleaching (Rs 4) | 148 | 12 |
| 100 Investment Trust (Rs. 2) | 54 | 0 |
| 100 I. Radio defd. (12) | 540 | 0 |
| 100 I. Radio Ord. (15) | 525 | 0 |

### ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Feb. 9.

Century (213/2) 210 207 210 203 207 206
Bom. Dyeing (883/12) 875 863 867 886 875 872 870
Kohinoor (275) 278 281 273 275 276
Central India (279/6) 271 272 267 272 271
New Great (175) 168
Simplex (84/6) 82 83 81 82
Swadeshi (238/12) 233 230 232
Bundi (41) 41 41/4
I Cement (543/12) 541 546 535 542 541
Punjab (30/8) 30/6
Shahabad (516/4) 515 518 513 515
Andhra (1732/8) 1725 1727 1718 1730
Tata Hydro (187/8) 187/4 186
Tata Power (1527/8) 1526 1540 1525 1540 1538 1543
Tram. Ord. (153/2) 153/2
T. Steel Dfd. (1425) 1400 1395 1415 1380 1357 1403 1382 1362
T. Steel Ord. (309) 304 306 302/8 298 304 297/8 298/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (177/8) 178/4
Bellapur (175/10) 171 167 166/14
B. Steam (287/8) 286 285
B. Burma (668/12) 670 660 665 647 656 658 653 652

## WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Feb. 8.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

| | Dol. |
|---|---|
| Amr. Water Works Com. | 26 |
| Ame. Power and Light Com. | 13 |
| Electric P and Light 7 p.c. Pfd. | 81 |
| Electric Bond Common | 25 |
| Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd. | 78 |
| United Corpn. | 7 |
| American Tel. and Tel. | 181 1/2 |
| Western Union Telg. | 75 3/4 |
| Baltimore and Ohio Rly. | 25 |
| Erie Rly. | 16 |
| Great North Pfd. Rly. | 48 |
| New York Central Rly | 43 3/4 |
| Northern Pacific Rly. | 30 |
| Central Foundry | 11 |
| Amr. Tob B. | 99 |
| Bethelehem Steel | 85 |
| Republican Steel | 36 |
| United States Steel | 101 3/4 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 55 3/4 |
| Int. Nickel of Canada | 64 3/4 |
| Chrysler | 129 |
| General Motors | 67 |
| General Electric | 62 3/4 |
| Radio Corp. | 12 |
| Sperry Corp. | 23 |
| Houston Oil | 15 1/2 |
| Socony | 19 |
| Skelley Oil | 45 |
| National Dairy | 25 |
| Chase Bank | 58 1/2 |
| National City Bank | 53 |
| Sun Life of Canada | 875 |
| Amr. Celenase | 29 |

Market strong; steels leading continued inflation sentiments. General Motors sales for this month 100,000 units.

### LONDON PRODUCE

London, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Feb-Mar. sellers | 40 |
| Wheat Barletta Russo | unquoted. |
| Wheat South Australian Feb. sellers | 45/6 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25) | 625 | 0 |
| 15 Scindia (Re. 1). | 21 | 15 |
| 30 Premier Const. (Re 1-1) | 99 | 4 |
| 25 Tata Oil (nil) | 21 | 8 |
| **PREFERENCE.** | | |
| 7 p.c. Andhra Valley | 1565 | 0 |
| 6 p.c Bombay Steam | 303 | 2 |
| 7 p.c. Bom Trams (T.F.) | 88 | 0 |
| 5 p.c Central India (T.F.) | 537 | 8 |
| 7 p.c. Katni 1st | 136 | 4 |
| 7 p.c. Katni 2nd. (T.F.) | 146 | 4 |
| 7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement | 13 | 10 |
| 6-1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st | 108 | 12 |
| 6½ p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd | 103 | 8 |
| 7 p.c. Tata Hydro | 160 | 0 |

JUPITER GENERAL
is a progressive Insurance Co.
J5

REGD. NO.. B. 1068

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
can be consulted by the Insuring public on all occasions and for all Insurances. J6

## Why Indian Railways Appear To Work At Loss

### "PAYING NOT ONLY THEIR WAY BUT ALSO OTHER PEOPLE'S WAY"

### Jamnadas Mehta Presents Memorandum To Rly. Enquiry Committee

BOMBAY: Feb. 9.

The All-India Railwaymen's Federation, whose President is Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mayor of Bombay, has submitted a lengthy memorandum to the Railway Enquiry Committee, New Delhi, presenting "from the point of view of the Railway workers, an earnest submission for the rehabilitation of Indian Railway Finance."

Making a pointed reference to the persistent plea made in responsible quarters that the Railways should be run as a commercial undertaking entirely immune from political influence, the memorandum observes that subject to the provision for him of an adequate living wage and fair conditions of work and subject further to reasonable protection against unemployment, illness and old age, the Indian Railway worker accepts the principle of working the railways on business lines. The Federation, however, continues the memorandum, wishes to warn the Committee against any belief that the Indian Railways have been hitherto run on such lines or that they either were or are intended so to be run.

**Reason of Loss.**

Seeking to explain the cause of frequent deficits in the Railway budgets, the memorandum suggests that those deficits are not the deficits of a commercial undertaking in the usual course of its business, but the inevitable losses of a political and military machine 'that wears the mask of a commercial undertaking.' The reason why the Railways appear to be working on a loss is that they are called upon to pay not only their way but also other peoples' way.

In elucidating further their point of view, the following observations are made in the memorandum:—

"Indian Railways were started as an instrument of the military and political exigencies of the Government of India and have been worked primarily to further the same end.

**Would Have Paid Their Way.**

The memorandum quotes railway statistics from 1921 to 1936 in support of its contention adding that despite the disabilities under which the Indian Railways are workng including military and political obligations which have acted as a blight on their finances, the railways would have paid their way but for the following among other reasons:—

1. Excessive contribution to general revenues from railways under the Separation Convention of 1924.

2. Subsiding of new lines and other capital works at the expense of revenue during construction, by the payment of interest thereon out of revenue.

3. Heavy and unjustifiable drafts mode on Railway revenues in the name of provision for depreciation.

**50 Crores In 12 Years.**

The basis of depreciation fund should have been scientifically calculated, but results have shown that this was not done; on the contrary so heavy has been the provision that after making all renewals and replacements the fund has got a saving of about fifty crores of rupees in 12 years.

4. The systematic under-capitalisation of railways by the repayment of Railway debt by way of sinking funds and annuities constitutes unnecessary charge on revenues.

**Building Railways.**

The amount spent in building the Railways is, however, greater than the capital at charge. The capital at charge must be supplemented by the amount of Railway debt that has been amortised to reach the correct total. About one crore of rupees per annum are being spent from revenues for payment of capital. In a productive enterprise this amount is an unnecessary drain in income As long as Railway assets are kept in substantial repairs and so long as renewals and replacements are met out of revenue the value of the railways remain cent per cent and their earning capacity should be tested on that larger amount.

**Other Causes.**

5. Extravagant working expenses.

6. Lack of attention to the customers of Railways. High fares and freights discouraging growth of traffic. Wasteful expenditure on 1st and 2nd class passengers who bring the bulk of passengers. revenue.

7. Corruption in Railways. 8. Competition of motor traffic 9. Stores policy. wasteage in coal. 10. Schemes of development thoughtlessly undertaken involving losses. 11. Duplication and waste. 12. The absence of a joint standing machinery for settlement of disputes and for minimising risk of railway strikes.

**Colossal Blunder.**

13. Colossal blunder in creating the Federal Railway Authority under the Government of India Act, 1935. If commercial working of Railways is really intended, the establishment of the Federal Railway Authority as contemplated in the Government of India Act must be avoided at any cost. The constitution of this authority which is laid down in Part VIII and Schedule VIII of that Act is a statutory reiteration of Lord Dalhousie policy of 1853 and is a sufficient guarantee that when the management of Railways is entrusted to that authority, no vestige of commercial management will be possible. Our reasons for this submission are several including one that the Indian Legislatures will have no voice.—United Press.

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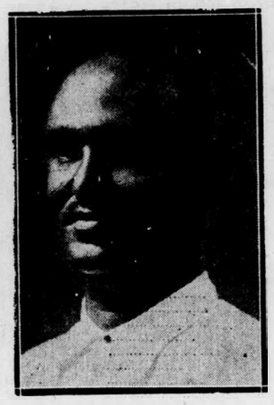
The "United Press" understands that the newly constituted Assam Legislative Assembly will meet on April 5 next to elect the Speaker and Deputy Speaker. It is learnt that Assam will have five Ministers including two Hindus, two Muslims and one European.

## VOTERS OF THE "G" WARD & SUBURBS

**These are the three Coniress candidates for whom you should vote on the 17th instant:—**

Sjt. B. G. Kher, Symbol—Hand

Sjt. D. N. Wandrekar Symbol—Tree



Sjt. S. G. Songaonkar Symbol—Ship

## No Accident Possible If Car Was At Crown Of Road

### Defence Counsel Emphasises Absence Of Evidence In Adams Case

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

**Counsel for Major Adams addressed Their Lordships the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia, to-day, at great length, on the evidence recorded in the Lower Court, of the prosecution witnesses, particularly of that of the Ayah and Quartermaster, Sergeant Levick.**

He pointed out several discrepancies in the evidence of the Ayah, and urged that she had made conflicting statements during the investigations and had clung to the story that she held the child only because she wanted to shift the blame from herself. It was on record, Counsel contended, that for over 20 minutes she was balancing two hats, two rain coats and had an umbrella slung on her arm—the left arm—and she was holding the child with her right hand. This statement, Counsel stated, was false and untenable.

**Contractor's Evidence.**

Discussing the evidence given by Bhimaji, the contractor, Mr. Vimadalal stated that this witness had definitely stated that he had not seen everything that had happened and, in fact, he only saw the child flung towards the trough. He was at a distance of over fifty feet away from the spot where the accident occured and was not wearing his eye-glasses at the time.

In the lower Court the witness was unable to see a wall clock hung only 30 feet away from him without the aid of his spectacles. and it was but natural that he was not in a position to testify as to the actual details of the incident. The most important factor in the prosecution case was the position of the child when the accident occurred and this had not been satisfactorily established by the prosecution witnesses.

**Medical Testimony**

The medical evidence led by the prosecution showed that the child must have had her head leaning towards the car at the time of the impact and if that was so, the impact was on the far side of the driver of the car and he could not possibly have noticed the incident, more so because he had his attention fixed to the crowd of the road ahead of the path on which he was travelling.

There was no evidence led to show that the accused had swerved the car to avoid an accident, urged Mr. Vimadalal, but on the contrary the evidence was in favour of the defence theory that the accused was driving along the crowd of the road and the child flung herself against the car.

The evidence of Sergeant Levick and that of Private Day lent considerable support to the contention put forward by the defence that the car was not being driven close to the left edge of the roadway.

Chief Justice:—If the car was on the crown of the road there should have been no accident. How did the accident occur? The car must have been travelling close to the edge of the left side of the road.

Mr. Vimadalal:—But there is no evidence to that effect. It is a mystery how the accident actually occurred.

Continuing Counsel said:

Sergeant Levick had stated that Major Adams overtook his car after sounding his hooter in a normal manner at a moderate speed. Private Day had stated that he rapidly got out of the way of the vehicle from the Crown of the road. The only reasonable conclusion, therefore, was that the car was travelling a little to the right of the crown of the road prior to the accident which occurred fifty feet away from where Private Day met the car.

**Rash Driving?**

The next point was whether the prosecution had established that the car was being driven in a rash and negligent manner.

Counsel stated that the prosecution had relied to some extent on the theory that because Major Adams was found drunk at 7 p.m. therefore he was drunk at 5 p.m. and was in a state of intoxication when he was in charge of the wheel.

Counsel submitted that this proposition was begging the question. It would have been a different case altogether if it had been suggested that because Major Adams was drunk at 5 p.m. therefore he was still in that state of alcoholic coma at 7 p.m.

**Gins And Punch.**

In this case the evidence was that the Major had only three pink gins and a milk punch from 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. and that in between they had lunch. It was not suggested by the prosecution that these drinks by themselves had brought about the condition in which Major Adams is stated to have been found at 7 p.m. This was an important factor in favour of the accused. and Counsel submitted that even if the medical evidence was to be disregarded it must be held that there was no evidence on record to show that Major Adams was drunk at the time the accident occurred.

**Condition Of Brakes.**

The next question was about the condition of the brakes of the car. This no doubt was a very important piece of evidence on which the prosecution could have relied. But after the Officer of the Police who had inspected the brakes and had found them to be defective according to him, the Magistrate had requested the defence Counsel not to pursue the matter in cross-examination as it was not material to the prosecution case.

Nowhere had it been contended

(Continued on page 3 Col. 5)

## *ALL-INDIA NATIONAL CONVENTION*

### *Will Be Extra-Parliamentary Demonstration Against New Constitution*

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 8.

The All-India National Convention to be held at Delhi in the third week of March next may be regarded as an extra parliamentary demonstration on the part of the Congress against the new Constitution "said a responsible member of the All-India Congress Secretariat in the course of talks with a "United Press" representative.

Explaining the implications of the proposed Convention he said:— "The Convention is intended to serve two practical needs which the Congress will have to look to as soon as the elections are over in all the provinces.

"These include the creation of an 'espirit-de-corps' in the ranks of the Congress Parliamentarians and the formulation of a uniform code of conduct for them to be observed within the legislatures." United Press.

## QUEER BALLOT ARRANGEMENT

### Confusing Methods Employed In Arranging Names Of Voters

(From "Chronicle" Correspondent.)

BAGALKOT, Feb. 9.

No uniform method is followed in printing ballot papers for Bijapur Northern Division, adopting Alphabetical Order, according to Christian names for candidates of Southern division and surnames in other quarters.

Agitation is afoot to express dissatisfaction at the official arrangement of ballot papers.

## *THREAT OF STRIKE*

### *Jubbulpore Sweepers Demand Removal Of Health Officer*

**JUBBULPORE, Feb. 9.**

**Jubbulpore Municipality is faced with a strike by sweepers of the Municipality. Six hundred and twenty-nine sweepers have served the Municipality with individual notices threatening to go on strike from March 1, 1937, unless their demands including the removal of the present Health Officer and some Sanitary Inspectors and Havildars are conceded before February, 28.**

It may be recalled that in October 1936 sweepers gave notice of a strike but withdrew the same some of their grievances having been redressed.

The present threat is a sequel to the failure of the Municipal Committee, it is alleged, to fulfil the promises given in October last and also refusal by Committee to grant certain concessions and facilities requested for by the sweepers.—United Press.

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Great impetus has been given to agriculture and village industries in Bhopal by the holding of annual fairs at important centres in the State. A cattle and industrial fair will be held at Chiklod, the country seat of the ruler, next week.

## STIPEND FOR POST-DOCTORATE STUDY

### Offer From Teachers' College, Columbia 'Varsity

BOMBAY, Feb. 9.

Mr. Mohan V. Raj, Chairman of the Publicity Committee of the Indo-American Union, Bombay, has issued the following statement:—

"The Indo-American Union of Bombay has received through its President, Dr. J. M. Kumarappa, the following information from Dr. William Russell, Dean of the Teachers College, Columbia University, New York, regarding fellowship and scholarships available for the year 1937-38:—

"Three fellowships of the Advanced School of Education for persons holding the Doctor's degree who desire to take advantage of the opportunities for study beyond the Doctor's degree offered in the Advanced School of Education of Teachers College.

**STIPEND FOR SINGLE PERSON**

The stipend for single person will vary from 1,200 dollars to 1,700 dollars, depending on the candidate's age and experience. For a married man accompanied by his family, the allotted minimum will be increased by 500 dollars to 700 dollars for his wife, and by 150 dollars to 200 dollars for each child. The maximum fellowship award will in most cases not exceed 3,000 dollars.

The amount of the award will be based on information filed in the record form at the time of application. Preference will be given to persons under thirty-five years of age.

Ten scholarships of the Advanced School of Education for persons who are now or expect to become candidates for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy or the degree of Doctor of Education in Teachers College, Columbia University.

The stipend for single person will range from 800 dollars to 1,200 dollars, depending on the age and experience of the successful applicants. For a married man accompanied by his family, the minimum will be increased in the amount of 500 dollars for his wife and 150 dollars for each child. In no case will the scholarship award exceed 2,000 dollars.

Fellowships and scholarships not limited to Advanced School students. There are five Teachers College Fellowships, each with a stipend of 1,000 dollars. In addition there are four fellowships varying in value from 250 dollars to 750 dollars. There are several Teachers College scholarships, varying in amount from 100 dollars to 400 dollars, available to both graduates and undergraduates.

Basis of Awards: The Fellowships of the Advanced School of Education will be awarded on the basis of information to be submitted by the candidate in his application. Persons who have only received the Doctor's degree may be asked to stand competitive examination. The Scholarships will be awarded on the basis of information submitted in the application form. personal interviews, and a competitive examination to be held on March 5 and 6, 1937, in convenient centres in the United States and foreign lands. For Teachers College Scholarships no competitive examination is required. Announcement of grants will be made on or about April 15, 1937. All Applications for Fellowships and Scholarships must be filed on special forms with the Secretary of Teachers College on or before March, 1, 1937. Application forms will be supplied on request. Write directly to the Secretary, Teachers College, Columbia University, New York City, U.S.A."—United Press.

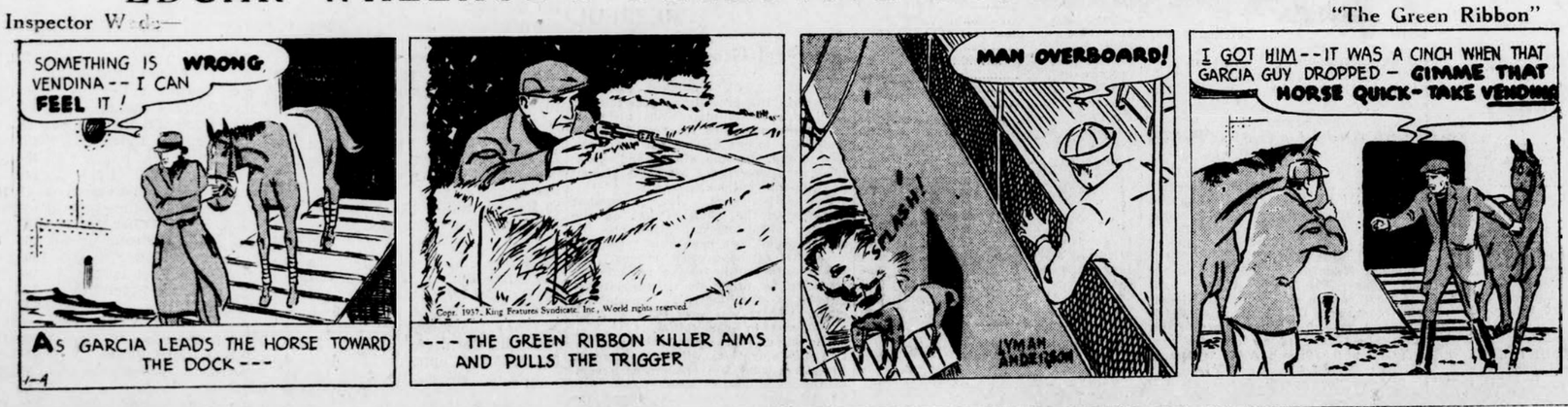
## CONGRESS LEADING IN MALKAPUR

MALKAPUR TALUK, (Buldana). February. 9.

Final reports from rural areas in Malkapur Taluq where polling began yesterday indicate that the Congress is leading and Congress quarters are confident of a clear majority. Nearly 60 per cent of the electorate in general exercised their franchise, and at Shelgaon in particular 87 per cent voted, large numbers of women flocking to the booths. Apart from the usual minor incidents the polling was accomplished peacefully.—A P.

## EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector W...de— "The Green Ribbon"


SOMETHING IS WRONG VENDINA -- I CAN FEEL IT !
AS GARCIA LEADS THE HORSE TOWARD THE DOCK---
Copr. 1937, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.
--- THE GREEN RIBBON KILLER AIMS AND PULLS THE TRIGGER
MAN OVERBOARD!
SPLASH!
I GOT HIM -- IT WAS A CINCH WHEN THAT GARCIA GUY DROPPED - GIMME THAT HORSE QUICK - TAKE VENDINA

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